

INSILCO LIMITED
(Under Voluntary Liquidation wef 25.06.2021)
CIN: L34102UP1988PLC010141
Regd. Office - B-23, Sector 63, Noida, Uttar Pradesh - 201301,
Phone: 09837923893, Email id: insilco2@gmail.com, Website: www.insilcoindia.com

Statement of Standalone Audited Financial Results for the year ended March 31, 2026

Sr. No.	Particulars	(INR In lakhs)				
		3 months ended (31/03/2026)	Previous 3 months ended (31/12/2025)	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year (31/03/2025)	Current year ended (31/03/2026)	Previous year ended (31/03/2025)
	(Refer notes below)	Audited**	Unaudited	Audited**	Audited	Audited
1	Income					
	(a) Revenue from operations	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Other income (Refer note 5)	9	10	33	37	224
	Total income	9	10	33	37	224
2	Expenses					
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Changes in inventories of work-in-progress and finished goods	-	-	-	-	-
	(c) Employee benefits expense (Refer note 7)	8	7	7	28	31
	(d) Depreciation and amortization expense (Refer note 3 (c))	-	-	-	-	-
	(e) Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets (Refer note 3(c))	-	-	-	-	-
	(f) Power and fuel expense	-	-	-	-	-
	(g) Other expenses (Refer note 4 & 6)	40	50	141	276	420
	(h) Finance costs (Refer note 4)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total expenses	48	57	148	304	451
3	(Loss)/Profit before exceptional items and tax (1 - 2)	(39)	(47)	(115)	(267)	(227)
4	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-	-
5	(Loss)/Profit before tax (3 - 4)	(39)	(47)	(115)	(267)	(227)
6	Tax expense					
	(a) Taxes relating to earlier years	-	-	-	-	-
	(b) Income tax for the year	2	2	8	9	56
	Total tax expense	2	2	8	9	56
7	(Loss)/Profit for the period (5 - 6)	(41)	(49)	(123)	(276)	(283)
8	Other comprehensive income, net of income tax					
	A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss - gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
	B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
	Total other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-
9	Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period (7 + 8)	(41)	(49)	(123)	(276)	(283)
10	Paid-up equity share capital (face value of the share @ Rs 10/- per share and paid up @ Rs. 5.42 per share)	3,399	3,399	6,272	3,399	3,399
11	Earnings per share (of Rs 10/- per share and paid up Rs. 5.42 per share) (not annualised)					
	(a) Basic	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.20)	(0.44)	(0.45)
	(b) Diluted	(0.07)	(0.08)	(0.20)	(0.44)	(0.45)
	See accompanying notes to the financial results					

* Amount below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

** Refer Note 11 below

Statement of Asset and Liabilities as at March 31, 2026

(INR In lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31/03/26	As at 31/03/25
	Unaudited	Audited
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 5)	-	-
Right-of-use assets (Refer Note 5)	-	-
Investment property (Refer Note 5)	-	-
Other intangible assets	-	-
Financial assets		
i. Loans	-	-
ii. Other financial assets	-	-
Other non-current assets	-	-
Total non-current assets	-	-
Current assets		
Inventories	-	-
Financial assets		
i. Trade receivables	-	-
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	31	321
iii. Bank balances other than (iii) above	490	660
v. Other financial assets	27	43
Income tax assets	-	4
Other current assets	-	-
Assets classified as held for sale (Refer Note 5)	-	-
Total current assets	548	1,028
Total assets	548	1,028
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Equity share capital	3,399	3,399
Other equity	(2,866)	(2,590)
Total equity	533	809
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
i. Lease liabilities	-	-
Employee benefit obligations	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	-	-
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
i. Lease liabilities	-	-
ii. Trade payables		
-Total outstanding dues of micro, medium and small enterprises	5	5
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro medium and small enterprises	4	59
iii. Other financial liabilities	-	137
Provisions	-	-
Employee benefit obligations	1	1
Income tax liabilities	3	-
Other current liabilities	2	17
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	-	-
Total current liabilities	15	219
Total liabilities	15	219
Total equity and liabilities	548	1,028

* Amount below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2026

(INR In lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31-Mar-26	31-Mar-25
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Cash flow from operating activities		
(Loss) before income tax	(267)	(226)
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and amortization expense	-	-
Net (Gain)/ Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment including Leasehold Rights (net)	-	-
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	(37)	(224)
Finance costs	-	-
Liabilities and provision no longer required written back	-	-
Loss allowance / (written back)	42	57
Balance Written off	-	-
Net exchange differences	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial asset	-	522
(Increase)/ decrease in other non-current assets	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in Assets classified as held for sale	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	(56)	35
Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit obligations	-	-
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	(55)	(258)
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	(373)	(94)
Income taxes paid/(refund received)	3	206
Net cash (used in)/ outflow from operating activities	(376)	(300)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Interest received	53	181
Fixed deposits with maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months	(60)	-
Deposits made with original maturity of more than twelve months	230	(660)
Net cash outflow from / (used in) investing activities	223	(479)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest paid	-	-
Distribution of liquidation proceeds to shareholders	(137)	(2,736)
Net cash (used in)/ outflow from financing activities	(137)	(2,736)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents	(290)	(3,515)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	321	3,836
Cash and cash equivalents at period end	31	321

* Amount below the rounding off norm adopted by the company.

Note: The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash flows".

Notes to the financial results:

1 This statement has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules issued thereunder and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable. These financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. Please refer to note 3 below.

2 As Insilco Limited's (Company) business activity falls within single primary business segment, viz. "Manufacturing of Precipitated Silica" the disclosure requirements of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 "Operating Segments" are not applicable.

3 A) Preparation of financial statements not on a going concern

The Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board ("UPPCB") had, in October 2019 denied the Company's application for renewal of Consent to Operate its plant at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 ("Consent to Operate") inter alia on the following ground:

"The unit is using fresh water for dilution of effluent to achieve the norms of Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR) 26. The study carried out by /IT Roorkee has not recommended any feasible method for treatment of the effluent to achieve the prescribed norms. The process of dilution with fresh water cannot be allowed. Keeping the facts in view the Consent to operate water/air application is hereby rejected. Unit may submit final report of IIT, Roorkee to Central Pollution Control Board, (CPCB) and seek suitable direction."

The Company thus suspended the operations of its plant located at Gajraula in October 2019. The Company filed fresh applications on November 21, 2019, for Consent to Operate, however, the same were dismissed by the UPPCB vide order dated February 4, 2020. The Company challenged the aforesaid order by separate appeals under Section 28 of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and Section 31 of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 respectively before the Special Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest and Climate, Uttar Pradesh against the orders of UPPCB. However, the Special Secretary vide its order dated December 4, 2020, dismissed the appeals filed by the Company. The operations at the plant located at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh, which is the only plant of the Company, has remained suspended since October 2019.

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Company had reviewed the legal options available and was of the view that there were no merits in pursuing the matter any further. The Board of the Company reviewed various options of the way forward for the Company. The Board was of the opinion that there is no availability of business prospects nor any long-term financial resources that presents a financially viable alternative to carry on the business activities of the Company or to resume the operations of the Company in the foreseeable future. The Board granted in principle approval for the voluntary liquidation of the Company in its meeting dated March 30, 2021. The Board further passed a resolution dated May 31, 2021 and accorded its consent to voluntarily liquidate the Company in accordance with Section 59 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 and the regulations made thereunder. The Board of Directors were of the view that there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate and the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 and the financial results for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 have not been prepared on a going concern.

B) Voluntary liquidation process:

(i) The Board of Directors of the Company ("Board") had in its meeting held on March 30, 2021, decided to initiate the voluntary liquidation process as envisaged under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code") read with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017 ("VL Regulations"). In this regard, the Board passed a resolution granting its in-principle approval to initiate the voluntary liquidation process of the Company in the said meeting.

(ii) Subsequently, on May 31, 2021, the Board accorded its formal consent by passing a resolution to initiate the voluntarily liquidation process of the Company in accordance with Section 59 of the Code and approved the appointment of Mr. Chandra Prakash, an Insolvency Professional registered with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India ("IBBI"), as the liquidator of the Company to conduct its liquidation process. In the said resolution, the liquidator was authorised to carry on all functions as per the Code and the VL Regulations, including the authority to value and sell the movable and immovable properties and actionable claims of the Company, by public auction or private contract, with power to transfer the properties to any person or body corporate as a whole, or in parts. Further, the shareholders of the Company approved the commencement of voluntary liquidation and appointment of the liquidator by passing a special resolution in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021, in accordance with Section 59(3)(c)(i) of the Code. This special resolution was also approved by the creditors of the Company representing two-thirds in value of the debt of the Company on June 29, 2021, as required under proviso of Section 59(3) of the Code.

(iii) Accordingly, with effect from June 25, 2021, the Company is under voluntary liquidation process and Mr. Chandra Prakash (having registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023) was appointed as the liquidator of the Company, who was discharging his functions and duties provided in the Code and the VL Regulations.

(iv) During the pendency of the liquidation process, the Board, vide resolution dated October 21, 2022, appointed Ms. Kapila Gupta, (having registration no. IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P-02564/2021-2022/13955) an Insolvency Professional duly registered with the IBBI, as the liquidator of the Company to replace Mr. Chandra Prakash. This was subsequently confirmed vide a shareholders' resolution dated November 22, 2022, and by the creditors representing two-thirds in value of the debt of the Company at a meeting held on November 28, 2022, in accordance with Section 59(3)(c) of the IBC.

(v) On June 30, 2021, the erstwhile liquidator had issued a public announcement calling upon all the stakeholders of the Company to submit their claims as on the liquidation commencement date in accordance with Regulation 14 of the VL Regulations. The last date for submission of claims as per the public announcement was July 25, 2021 (i.e. 30 days from the liquidation commencement date).

Based on the claims received and upon consequent verification of the same, the status of claims is as under:

INR in Lakhs

Particulars	Claims Received	Claims Admitted
Employees and workman	87.92	86.90
Operational creditors	55.91	10.28
Total	143.83	97.18

* Claims aggregating INR 97.18 lakhs were admitted as per the list of stakeholders which was published on the website of the Company on July 14, 2025. All the admitted claims of INR 97.18 lakhs have been settled.

(vi) In furtherance to its duties under the Code and the VL Regulations, the erstwhile liquidator sold the assets of the Company as below:

a) assets including the leasehold rights to the land pertaining to the plant situated at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh ("Gajraula Plant") to M/s. Dykes and Dunes Enterprises Private Limited ("Successful Bidder") in an auction process for INR 420 million (reserve price being INR 420 million). The Company surrendered the leasehold land to the Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority (UPSIDA) on November 04, 2023, and executed a sale deed on November 06, 2023 for transfer of the plant, built up area and structures on the leasehold land (excluding the leasehold land) in favour of the Successful Bidder. The sale was concluded after UPSIDA issued a 'Transfer Memorandum' dated November 18, 2023, to the Successful Bidder pursuant to which the Successful Bidder had executed a fresh lease deed with UPSIDA on December 16, 2023. Based on the above facts, the Company has booked the net gain from the aforementioned slump sale of assets of the Company during the quarter ended December 31, 2023.

b) non agriculture freehold land at Mehsana, Gujarat through a private sale for a consideration of INR 2.3 million. The transfer process and execution of definitive documents for the same was completed, and the sale was recognised in the books during the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

(vii) Due to circumstances beyond the control of the Company such as regulatory delays, the liquidation process was completed on July 18, 2025, and the prescribed timeline of 270 days from the liquidation commencement date as per Regulation 37 of the VL Regulations had ended on March, 2022. As the liquidation process had been running for more than 270 days, in accordance with Regulation 37(2)(a) of the VL Regulations, four meetings of contributors were held at regular intervals as below:

a) 1st contributories meeting on July 11, 2022;

b) 2nd contributories meeting July 06, 2023;

c) 3rd contributories meeting held on July 05, 2024; and

d) 4th contributories meeting on December 20, 2024

through video conferencing/other video visual means wherein the relevant status reports as required under the VL Regulations indicating progress in liquidation of the Company were presented to the contributories attending the meeting.

(viii) The Board vide resolution dated February 27, 2025 had authorised the record date for determination of beneficiaries of the distribution as per the Register of Members/List of Beneficial Owners received from the registrar and transfer agent (“RTA”), which was fixed as March 11, 2025. In accordance with Section 53 of the Code and VL Regulations, the liquidator of the Company has distributed the liquidation proceeds at the rate of INR 4.58 per equity share (subject to deduction of tax deducted at source, as applicable) amounting to INR 287,234,700 to the list of shareholders as on the record date received from the RTA in the following manner:

- a) For shareholders whose bank account details were available, amounts have been deposited electronically into the bank accounts through online bank transfer on March 28, 2025.
b) For shareholders whose bank account details were not available, proceeds were distributed by issuing banker’s cheques dated March 28, 2025, with a validity of 90 (ninety) days as per applicable law.

(ix) Pursuant to Regulation 39(2) of the VL Regulations, the liquidator deposited all the undistributed liquidation proceeds amounting to INR 1,06,45,709.79 with the IBBI in its Corporate Voluntary Liquidation Account on April 10, April 22, May 28, and July 11, 2025. A consolidated Form G relating to these deposits has been filed with the IBBI on July 16, 2025.

(x) The liquidator has filed the liquidation dissolution application bearing CP(IB) 87/ALD/2025 on July 21, 2025 along with Form-H and final report before the National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench (“NCLT”) in accordance with Section 59(7) of the Code read with Regulation 38(3) of the VL Regulations (“Dissolution Application”).

(xi) The Dissolution Application was listed before the NCLT for admission on August 14, 2025. On that date, the NCLT directed the Liquidator to file: (a) an application seeking condonation of delay in completing the voluntary liquidation of the Company (“Condonation of Delay Application”); and (b) a compliance affidavit stating: (i) that Liquidator has no conflict of interest with the Company; and (ii) that there are no claims pending before either the Company or the NCLT, along with certain documents.

(xii) The Liquidator complied with the NCLT’s order dated August 14, 2025, and on August 31, 2025, filed both the Condonation of Delay Application and the compliance affidavit.

(xiii) The Dissolution Application was next listed on September 09, 2025. However, since the Condonation of Delay Application was still not on record, the Dissolution Application was re-notified for hearing to September 29, 2025, and subsequently to October 07, 2025.

(xiv) On October 15, 2025, the NCLT issued notices to the IBBI, SEBI, Income Tax Department (Lucknow), and ROC Kanpur, requesting them to file reports, if any, in response to the Dissolution Application.

(xv) On December 04, 2025, ROC and SEBI entered appearance and sought time to file reply. The Hon’ble Tribunal granted three weeks to ROC and SEBI and two weeks to the Income Tax Department and the IBBI to file their replies and adjourned the matter to January 29, 2026.

(xvi) In the meantime, the Liquidator filed an application seeking expedited hearing of the Dissolution Application along with the Condonation of Delay Application, as Insilco Limited is incurring financial expenditure on account of pendency of the Dissolution Application. The said Application is under scrutiny before the Registry.

(xvii) On January 29, 2026, the Hon’ble Tribunal granted ten more days to positively file replies, if any, and re-notified the matter for February 12, 2026. On February 12, 2026, the matter could not be taken up due to paucity of time and was adjourned to March 19, 2026.

(xviii) On March 19, 2026, it was submitted that reports had been received from SEBI, ROC, and IBBI; however, the Income Tax Department had not yet filed its report. Accordingly, the matter was adjourned to April 06, 2026.

(xix) On April 06, 2026, the Hon’ble Tribunal granted the Income Tax Department the last opportunity to file its report within ten (10) days, failing which its right to file a reply would stand closed. The matter was last listed on May 11, 2026; however, due to paucity of time, it could not be taken up. The matter is next listed on June 12, 2026. ”

C. Adjustments to carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities

The Company’s management has assessed carrying value of assets and liabilities and based on current estimates, following adjustments have been made in the books of account:

Assets have been recognised at current realizable value as per the Management’s current estimate and loss allowance has been recognised during the period as mentioned below:

Particulars	(INR In lakhs)				
	3 months ended (31/03/2026)	Previous 3 months ended (31/12/2025)	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year (31/03/2025)	Current year ended (31/03/2026)	Previous year ended (31/03/2025)
	Audited**	Unaudited	Audited**	Audited	Audited
Loss allowance	5	9	12	42	57

4 Other income for the current and previous periods includes:

Particulars	(INR In lakhs)				
	3 months ended (31/03/2026)	Previous 3 months ended (31/12/2025)	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year (31/03/2025)	Current year ended (31/03/2026)	Previous year ended (31/03/2025)
	Audited**	Unaudited	Audited**	Audited	Audited
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost	9	10	33	37	224
Other Income	9	10	33	37	224

* Amount below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

5 Other expenses for the current and previous periods includes:

Particulars	(INR In lakhs)				
	3 months ended (31/03/2026)	Previous 3 months ended (31/12/2025)	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year (31/03/2025)	Current year ended (31/03/2026)	Previous year ended (31/03/2025)
	Audited**	Unaudited	Audited**	Audited	Audited
Loss allowance	5	9	12	42	57
Information technology expenses	-	-	-	-	23
Legal and professional expenses	32	37	112	202	299
Rates & Taxes	1	-	-	1	1
Travelling and conveyance	-	-	-	1	1
Directors Sitting Fee	2	3	4	10	11
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	1	13	20	28
Other Expenses	40	50	141	276	420

* Amount below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company.

6 Proceedings before the Labour Court, Rampur

Consequent to the failure of conciliation proceedings between the Company and certain former employees in relation to complaints of the former employees seeking their reinstatement in the Company along with certain other reliefs from the Company, claiming that their services were illegally terminated by paying the voluntary retirement scheme ("VRS") and that the VRS was not specifically asked for by the employees.

Thereafter, the Company has on October 21, 2022 received 35 (Thirty-five) summons in Hindi language, each dated October 17, 2022, from the Labour Court, Rampur, Uttar Pradesh ("Labour Court"), in relation to the applications filed by the ex-employees of the Company.

Thereafter, noting that all the complaints pertain to the same subject matter, Case No. 24 of 2022 being Bijender Singh v Insilco Ltd. was designated as the lead matter.

As on date, authority letters have been filed on behalf of the Company for all complaints. The local counsel has received the written statements on behalf of the Company for all the cases, which are to be exchanged with the former employees' own written statements. Further, we have been informed that the local counsel has filed the written statements on behalf of the Company and has received the written statements on behalf of the ex-employees for all the cases, except that of (a) Mr. Rohit Kumar Baliyan (Adj. Case No.28/2022), who has not yet filed a written statement; and that of (b) Mr. Zakir Hussain (Adj. Case No. 32/2022), who we understand to have died and in his stead, his wife has filed an application for being impleaded into the proceedings as his legal heir, and no written statement has been filed on behalf of Mr. Zakir Hussain.

As such, Local Counsel noted that the ex-employees have sought the following prayers, vide their respective written statements: (a) reinstatement to their old employment at the Company, on a continuous basis from the date of termination of employment, along with full salary and other allowances payable to them from the date of the termination; and (b) interest at a rate of 20% per annum on the salary pertaining to the period when the ex-employees were allegedly out of work.

Furthermore, the local counsel has received the rejoinders on behalf of the Company for all the cases, which are to be exchanged with the former employees' rejoinders to the written statements filed on behalf of the Company. It has been informed to us that while the local counsel has submitted the rejoinders on behalf of the Company in all the cases before the Labour Court, the rejoinders on behalf of the ex-employees are yet to be submitted to the Labour Court for exchange with the Company.

Local Counsel have received certain objection applications that have been filed on behalf of the workmen, objecting to the signing of the Company's written statement by the Liquidator, Ms. Kapila Gupta, and seeking rejection of the Company's written statement on such grounds. Local Counsel have filed individual replies to the aforementioned objection applications.

The Company has also filed applications before the Labour Court seeking that the Workmen be directed to refund the amounts deposited by them under the VRS 2021 in order to continue prosecution of their claims before the Labour Court, as well as applications seeking urgent hearing of the matter owing to the impending liquidation of the Company.

Pursuant to the hearing on March 14, 2024, the Ld. Labour Court was pleased to dismiss the objections raised by the workmen regarding the pleadings filed on behalf of Insilco being signed by the Liquidator of the Company, in favour of Insilco.

Additionally, the Case No. 34/2022 being Bijender Singh v. Insilco Ltd. was designated as the lead matter for all complaints given the commonality of the subject matter of the complaints. On May 30, 2024 the Workmen have filed a fresh set of objections to the aforementioned application seeking refund.

When the matter was called, Local Counsel insisted that the matter be heard due to the long pendency. Local Counsel thereafter took the Ld. Judge through the written submissions filed to demonstrate that the monies have been paid to the workmen, and as per authoritative rulings of various courts, the amounts must be refunded. While Local Counsel showed the relevant documents regarding the VRS 2021 to the Ld. Judge, the Ld. Judge directed the workmen to approach the bench and answer certain questions. The Ld. Judge inquired from the workmen if the signatures on the relevant documents were theirs, and the aforementioned questions was answered in the affirmative by the workmen. The Ld. Judge also inquired if the monies under the VRS 2021 were received by them and still remain in their bank accounts. In response, the workmen stated that the money was received by them, but it is no longer in their bank accounts since the monies were used to fulfil their day-to-day expenses. The Ld. Presiding Officer took note of our submissions and the answers to his queries from the workmen, and reserved the order, stating that it will be pronounced within 10 (ten) days. The Ld. Judge also informed the workmen that their representative has not filed any written submissions before the Ld. Labour Court despite directions passed on May 30, 2024. He directed the workmen to approach their representative and request him to file written submissions (if any) before the order is pronounced on the application for refund (approximately 10 days).

Local Counsel appeared before the Ld. Labour Court Rampur on July 25, 2024 for the pronouncement of orders in the application seeking refund of VRS amounts. However, the Ld. Judge was absent, and as such, the order could not be pronounced. The stenographer of the Ld. Labour Court informed us that the workmen have filed their written submissions as per the instructions of the Ld. Labour Court dated July 11, 2024.

On August 08, 2024 the Counsel for the workmen have filed another set of objections to the application seeking refund. As such, Local Counsel appeared before the Ld. Labour Court on September 05, 2024 and filed physical copies of our reply to the fresh objections. It was also intimated to us that a new Presiding Officer has been appointed for the Ld. Labour Court. Hence, hearing in all pending applications, including the Application seeking refund, shall be conducted again.

The Company's application for refund has been reserved for orders on July 03, 2025, and the date for pronouncement is yet to be notified.

7 Bombay stock exchange has suspended the trading in the share of company w.e.f., 07th October 2022.

8 The figures for the last quarter are balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published unaudited year to date figures upto the third quarters of the respective financial years.

9 The Board has accepted the resignation of Ms. Chaitali Talele from the position of Managing Director, as Member of the Board and all the Committee positions of the Company with effect from close of business hours of February 13, 2026 (appointed as Managing Director w.e.f. 10th October 2025).

10 The Board of Directors of the Company, in its meeting held on 13th February 2026, appointed Ms. Shivangi Negi (DIN: 10823339) as Managing Director, in the category of Executive Director, for a period of 5 (five) years with effect from 14th February 2026, subject to the approval of members of the Company.

11 Previous year/period figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary.

12 This statement has been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors and Liquidator in their meeting held on May 30, 2026.

For Insilco Limited
(Under voluntary liquidation wef 25.06.2021)

Shivangi Negi
Digitally signed
by Shivangi Negi
Date: 2026.05.30
10:32:50 +05'30'

Shivangi Negi
Managing Director
DIN: 10823339

Place: Noida

KAPILA GUPTA
Digitally signed
by KAPILA
GUPTA
Date: 2026.05.30
10:26:11 +05'30'

Kapila Gupta
Liquidator of Insilco Limited
[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-001/
IP-P-02564/2021-2022/13955]

Place: Noida

Date: May 30, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF INSILCO LIMITED (UNDER LIQUIDATION)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and the loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We draw your attention to the following matters:

a) Refer Note 23 (a) to the financial statement is regarding suspension of the Company's manufacturing operations due to rejection of the Company's applications for water and air consent approvals by the U.P. Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) vide its order dated October 22, 2019. The Company's appeals before the Special Secretary, Department of Environment, UP have been dismissed by the Special Secretary vide orders dated December 4, 2020. As stated in the said note, the Board of Directors recommended voluntary liquidation of the Company and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate as there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2026 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. Further, as stated in Note 23 (b), with effect from June 25, 2021 the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process subsequent to consent of the Board on May 31, 2021 and approval of the shareholders and creditors of the Company to voluntarily liquidate the Company and appointment of a Liquidator in accordance with Section 59 of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code"). Further, as described in notes 23 (c) to the financial statement, future course of action, during the voluntary liquidation process, being adopted for realisation of the Company's assets and settlement of its liabilities might affect the classification and consequential adjustment to the carrying values of liabilities of the Company, the impact of which on the financial Statement cannot be ascertained at this stage.

b) Refer Note 24 to the Statement regarding ongoing proceedings before the Office of Deputy Labour Commissioner / Assistant Labour Commissioner (DLC/ALC) in connection with claims of thirty-six ex-employees of the Company seeking their reinstatement in the Company along with certain other reliefs from the Company alleging that their services were illegally terminated by paying the amount as per the Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) and that the VRS was not specifically asked for by the employees.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (“SA”s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the financial statements

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we have determined that there are no other key matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor’s Report thereon

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board’s Report including Annexures to Board’s Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder’s Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon. The above reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company’s Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company’s financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

b) In our opinion, except for the indeterminate effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph section of our report, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

d) In our opinion, except for the indeterminate effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph section of our report, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e) The matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the company.

f) Based on the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report.

h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

i) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 24 to the financial statements;

ii. There is no such case for which the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor’s Report) Order, 2020 (“the Order”) issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in “Annexure B” a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Shiv & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 009989N

Manish
Gupta



Manish Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 095518

Place: New Delhi
Date : May 30, 2026

UDIN: 26095518SBJVFO3249

ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report to the Members of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)** (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the Assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, a material weakness in the Company's internal control system has been identified as at March 31, 2026 in the period end financial reporting process as we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence with respect to operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control for the evaluation and assessment of carrying value of certain assets and liabilities along with the classification, presently under litigation as described in note 23 of the financial statements, along with the related uncertainty over the future course of events in respect of realization of the assets and settlement of its liabilities as described in note 23 of the financial statements.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026, and the material weaknesses referred to in paragraph “Basis of qualified opinion” have affected our opinion on the financial statements of the Company and we have issued a qualified opinion on the financial statements. Refer Basis of Qualified Opinion section of the main audit report.

**For Shiv & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 009989N**

**Manish
Gupta**

Digitally signed by Manish Gupta
DN: cn=Manish Gupta, o=Shiv & Associates, ou=Chartered Accountants, email=manish.gupta@shivandassociates.com, c=IN
Date: 2026.05.30 10:31:00 +05'30'

**Manish Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 095518**

**Place: New Delhi
Date: May 30, 2026**

UDIN: 26095518SBJVFO3249

**ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements'
section of our report to the Members of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) of even date)**

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:

a) (A) During the year under audit, the Company has disposed of all its Property, Plant and Equipment and, accordingly, as at March 31, 2026, the Company does not hold any Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

(b) There is no property, plant and equipment held as on 31.03.2026, hence clause is not applicable.

(c) There was no immovable properties held as on 31.03.2026, hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.

(d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of- use assets) and intangible assets during the year.

(e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2026 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

ii. a) Company did not have any inventories as on 31.03.2026, hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.

b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

iii. The company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to the companies, firm, Limited Liability Partnership or any other firms, hence reporting under clause 3 (iii)(a),(b),(c),(d),(e) and (f) is not applicable.

iv. The company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered within the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act. Hence reporting under clause 3 (iv) is not applicable.

v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2026 and therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.

vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:

(a) In our opinion, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, duty of Custom, duty of Excise, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) there is no dues as mentioned in sub clause (a) which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2026 on account of dispute.

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ix. a) The company did not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during, hence the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) is not applicable.

b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

c) Based on the records examined by us the Company has not taken any term loan during the year.

d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we conclude that no funds have been raised during the year under audit. Hence reporting under 3(ix)(d) is not applicable.

e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause (ix) (e) & (f) of the order are not applicable to the company.

f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.

x. a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

xi. a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

c) Company has not received any whistle blower complaints during the year (and upto the date of this report), hence clause 3(xi)(c) is not applicable.

xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where ever applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.

b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

xvi. a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 27,635 ('000) during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs. Nil cash losses incurred in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

xix. The Company is in the Voluntary Liquidation Proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Act 2016 and accordingly use of going concern as basis of preparation of financial statements is not considered to be appropriate.

xx. The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xxi. As company do not have any subsidiary/associate/joint venture hence requirement of making consolidated financial statements is not there. Hence reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable.

For Shiv & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No. 009989N




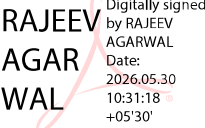

Manish
Gupta

Manish Gupta
Partner
Membership No. 095518

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 30, 2026
UDIN: 26095518SBJVFO3249

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results - (Standalone and Consolidated separately)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 [See Regulation 33 / 52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]				
Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) INR thousand	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)* INR thousand	
I.	1.	Turnover / Total income	3,657	3,657
	2.	Total Expenditure	30,371	30,371
	3.	Net Profit/(Loss)	(26,714)	(26,714)
	4.	Earnings Per Share	(0.44)	(0.44)
	5.	Total Assets	54,813	54,813
	6.	Total Liabilities	1,542	1,542
	7.	Net Worth	53,271	53,271
	8.	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	-	-
* Impact of qualifications cannot be quantified as of now.				
II. Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):				
A	Details of Audit Qualification: Refer "Basis for Qualified Opinion" of Independent auditor's report to the members of the Company on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2026, which are reproduced below:			
	a) Refer Note 23 (a) to the financial statement is regarding suspension of the Company's manufacturing operations due to rejection of the Company's applications for water and air consent approvals by the U.P. Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) vide its order dated October 22, 2019. The Company's appeals before the Special Secretary, Department of Environment, UP have been dismissed by the Special Secretary vide orders dated December 4, 2020. As stated in the said note, the Board of Directors recommended voluntary liquidation of the Company and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate as there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. Further, as stated in Note 28 (b), with effect from June 25, 2021 the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process subsequent to consent of the Board on May 31, 2021 and approval of the shareholders and creditors of the Company to voluntarily liquidate the Company and appointment of a Liquidator in accordance with Section 59 of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code"). Further, as described in notes 28 (c) to the financial statement, future course of action, during the voluntary liquidation process, being adopted for realisation of the Company's assets and settlement of its liabilities might affect the classification and consequential adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities of the Company, the impact of which on the financial Statement cannot be ascertained at this stage.			
	b) Refer Note 24 to the Statement regarding ongoing proceedings before the Office of Deputy Labour Commissioner/ Assistant Labour Commissioner (DLC/ALC) in connection with claims of thirty-six ex-employees of the Company seeking their reinstatement in the Company along with certain other reliefs from the Company alleging that their services were illegally terminated by paying the amount as per the Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) and that the VRS was not specifically asked for by the employees.			
B	Type of Audit Qualification : Qualified Opinion			
C	Frequency of qualification: All Qualifications are repetitive. Qualification (a) is repeating 5th year & (b) for 3rd year			
D	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: Not quantified by auditor, hence not applicable			
E	For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:			
	(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: The Management is not in a position to quantify the impact of audit qualification at the present point in time.			
	(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: Management is unable to estimate the impact due to following reasons: With respect to audit qualification in paragraph 3(a) of the audit report the impact depends upon the future course of events for the realisation of the assets and settlement of its liabilities as stated in note 28 of the financial statements; and matter referred to in audit qualification in paragraph 3(b) of the audit report is pending disposal by appropriate authorities as stated in note 29 of the financial statements.			

		(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: We agree with the view of management.
III. Signatories :		
<input type="checkbox"/> CEO/Managing Director		 <p>Digitally signed by Shivangi Negi Date: 2026.05.30 10:40:14 +05'30'</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Liquidator		 <p>Digitally signed by KAPILA GUPTA Date: 2026.05.30 10:31:45 +05'30'</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Audit Committee Chairman		 <p>Digitally signed by Sonia Prashar Date: 2026.05.30 11:23:02 +05'30'</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Chief Financial Officer		 <p>Digitally signed by RAJEEV AGARWAL Date: 2026.05.30 10:31:18 +05'30'</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> Statutory Auditor		 <p>Digitally signed by Manish Gupta Date: 2026.05.30 10:31:18 +05'30'</p>
	Date : May 30, 2026	