## **INSILCO LIMITED**

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

34th ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22

### **BRIEF PROFILE OF DIRECTORS**

### Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta (Chairman of the Board) (Independent Non-Executive Director)



Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta is a solicitor and advocate. He was admitted to the Bar as an Advocate of the Bombay High Court in 1955 and as a solicitor of the Bombay High Court in 1957. He holds a B.A. degree from Bombay University, an LL.B. degree from Poona University and an LL.M. degree from Harvard University.

He is still in active practice as a partner emeritus of Little & Co., Bombay. Mr. Mehta has vast experience in the fields of corporate law, intellectual property law, mergers and acquisitions and arbitration law. He is a director of many other companies.

### Mr. Vinod Paremal (Managing Director) (Executive Non-Independent Director)



Mr. Vinod Paremal has experience in Evonik at the Business Lines High Performance Polymers, Oil Additives, Care Solutions, Comfort and Insulation and at the Corporate Center. Mr. Vinod Paremal has previously led marketing, strategic projects, sales and production teams having worked in Germany,

Singapore, the UAE and the UK. Mr. Vinod Paremal joined Evonik as part of the PROOF program in 2011 following the completion of his MBA. Prior to that, he worked for five years at the National Aluminium Products Company (NAPCO) in Dubai following the completion of his engineering studies. Mr. Vinod Paremal assumed the role of head of Strategic Growth for the business line Oil Additives in Darmstadt in 2014, having responsibility for the strategic projects, business intelligence and marketing support teams. Mr. Vinod Paremal joined High Performance Polymers in Darmstadt in 2017 and developed with his team the project sales pipeline and new growth products for the Performance Foams business.

Mr. Vinod Paremal holds a Master's degree in Industrial Engineering from the University of Massachusetts – Amherst, USA and an MBA from INSEAD, France.

### Mr. Christian Schlossnikl (Non-executive Non-Independent Director)



Mr. Christian Schlossnikl is Master of Business Administration (University of Krems), Postgraduate course of Business Administration and Law (Technical University of Vienna) and has done a course of Plastics Technology (Montanistic University of Leoben).

Mr. Christian Schlossnikl has approx. 35 years of versatile experience with expertise in production and engineering. He is serving Evonik since 2001 in various important roles and currently designated as Senior Vice President Production and Technology Silica at Evonik Operations GmbH. Before Evonik, he has served various corporates with functional area including head of project for technological and market possibilities of new cellulosic

products, global search for cooperation partners and technical director for production of Polyester films and sheets.

### Ms. Sonia Prashar (Independent Non-Executive Director)



Ms. Sonia Prashar is Graduate in Science and Education from Delhi University. Also graduate in German Language from Goethe Institute and holder of MBA Essentials Certificate from LSE (London School of Economics and Political Science).

Ms. Prashar has more than 26 years of rich and versatile experience representing the Indo-German Chamber of Commerce at various national and international events. She plays a key role in promoting collaborations and constructive communication between Indian and German Companies. Developing effective partnership and successful networking channels for the access, sharing and dissemination of information with leading Indian and German Industry Associations as also Government Bodies. She is currently holding the position of Deputy Director General of Indo-German Chamber of Commerce.

### Ms. Meng Tang (Non-executive Non-Independent Director)



Ms. Meng Tang is having a Degree in International MBA and General Management from Rotterdam School of Management, the Netherlands and Master of Biochemical Engineering from East China University of Science and Technology, China. She is also Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering from

Xi'an Jiaotong University, China.

Ms. Tang has approx. 25 years of rich experience in the field of product development, sales and marketing, strategy development, etc. at senior positions.

### Mr. Gopalakrishnan A lyer\* (Non-executive Non-Independent Director)



Mr. Gopalakrishnan A lyer joined Evonik group as part of acquisition of global silica business of J M Huber Corporation, USA effective September 1, 2017. He has over 37 years of experience having lead the Finance, Legal, IT, HR, Sales, Marketing, Projects and Production teams in Chemicals and Pharmaceutical

industry.

Mr. Gopal lyer holds a Bachelor Degree in Commerce from the University of Bombay and is an Associate Member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, The Institute of Cost Accountants of India and The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

(\* Mr. Gopal lyer had resigned as Director of the Company w.e.f. 1st July 2021.)

### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta - Chairman

Mr. Vinod Paremal - Managing Director

Mr. Christian Schlossnikl - Director

Ms. Meng Tang - Director

Ms. Sonia Prashar - Director

Mr. Gopalakrishnan A Iyer\* - Director

(\*Resigned as Director of the Company w.e.f. 1st July 2021)

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Swati Surhatia\*

(\*Resigned as Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. close of business hours of 31st March 2022)

Ms. Geetika Varshney

(Appointed as Company Secretary of the Company

w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> April 2022)

### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Ms. Shivangi Negi\*

(Resigned as Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. close of business hours of 4th June 2021)

Mr. Rajeev Agarwal

(Appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the

Company w.e.f. 15<sup>th</sup> November 2021)

### STATUTORY AUDITOR

M/s. Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Chartered Accountants, Building No. 8, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower B, DLF Cyber City, Gurgaon – 122002, Haryana, India

### **INTERNAL AUDITOR**

M/s. APT and Co. LLP Chartered Accountants,

A2/36, Third Floor, Safdarjung Enclave,

New Delhi - 110029

### **BANKERS**

BNP Paribas State Bank of India ICICI Bank Ltd.

### **REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS**

A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram, Gajraula - 244223, District Amroha, Uttar Pradesh

Phone: (0) 98378 23893, 98379 23893

Fax : (05924) 252348

### REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

M/s. MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited F-65, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Okhla Industrial Area,

Phase-I, New Delhi-110020

Phone: (011) 41406149/41406151/41406152

Fax : (011) 41709881

Email: helpdeskdelhi@mcsregistrars.com

### **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

Visit Insilco at: www.insilcoindia.com

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(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

### INSILCO LIMITED (UNDER VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION)

Regd. Office & Works: A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram, Gajraula - 244223, Uttar Pradesh

Phone: 09837823893, 09837923893, Fax: (05924) 252348 E-mail: insilco2@gmail.com, Website: www.insilcoindia.com

CIN: L34102UP1988PLC010141

#### **NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

Notice is hereby given that 34<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members of Insilco Limited will be held on Wednesday, the 21<sup>st</sup> Day of September 2022 at 02.00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means, to transact the following business: -

### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 along with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To consider and appoint a Director in place of Ms. Meng Tang (DIN: 07012101), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.
- To appoint Statutory Auditors from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 39<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and to fix their remuneration:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution, with or without modification(s) as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT subject to provisions of Section 139, 141 and 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof) and pursuant to the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, M/s Shiv & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. with ICAI 009989N) be and are hereby appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company for their first term of 5(Five) consecutive years to hold the office from the conclusion of this 34th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 39th Annual General Meeting in place of M/s. Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI - 304026E/E300009), who have expressed their unwillingness to be re-appointed. The annual remuneration of Rs. 6,00,000/- will be paid for the financial year 2022-23 and Rs 6,75,000/- for remaining four financial years. Remuneration is exclusive of applicable taxes (such as GST) & out of pocket expenses and subject to tax deduction at source.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Mr. Chandra Prakash, Liquidator of the Company be and is hereby authorised to vary, or increase the remuneration or, alter, amend and modify the remuneration payable to the auditors of the Company from time to time as they deem fit for the remaining financial years.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Mr. Dara P Mehta - Chairman of the Company or Mr. Vinod Paremal - Managing Director or Mr. Chandra Prakash, Liquidator of the Company or Mr. Rajeev Agarwal - Chief Financial Officer of the Company be and is hereby severally authorized to finalise the terms and conditions of their appointment and issue appointment letter in this regard.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Chandra Prakash, Liquidator of the Company can engage any of the professional for furtherance of day-to-day affairs of the Company who are not his relative(s), or related party, or has served as an auditor of the Company at any time during five years preceding liquidation commencement date.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Vinod Paremal - Managing Director, Mr. Rajeev Agarwal - Chief Financial Officer, Ms. Geetika Varshney - Company Secretary and Mr. Chandra Prakash- Liquidator of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do necessary filings with Registrar of Companies and to do such other acts, deeds and things as may be required to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

For and on behalf of Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/-Geetika Varshney Company Secretary M.No. A53579

Date: 12th August 2022

### **NOTES:-**

Place: Palwal

Given the unprecedented current environment caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), Government of India pursuant to the General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020 and 20/2020 dated 8th April 2020, 13th April 2020 and 5th May 2020, respectively, clarification circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January 2021 and the latest circular No. 02/2022 dated 5th May 2022 ("MCA Circulars") and The Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') pursuant to its Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/ P/2020/79 dated 12th May 2020 (the validity of which had been extended till December 31, 2021 by SEBI, vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/ 11 dated January 15, 2021) and Circular No. SEBI/ HO/CFD/CMD2/CIRP/P/2022/62 dated 13th May 2022 ("SEBI Circulars"), and any other applicable circulars issued in this regard have permitted the companies to conduct their Annual General Meeting ('AGM') through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) till 31st December 2022 without physical presence of the Members at a common venue.

- 2. In accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act, the said circulars of MCA and SEBI and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company shall be conducted through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), which does not require physical presence of members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company. The detailed procedure for participation in the meeting through VC/OAVM is annexed hereto.
- 3. In terms of the MCA Circulars, since the physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with, there is no requirement of appointment of proxies. Accordingly, the facility of appointment of proxies by Members under Section 105 of the Act will not be available for the 34th AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Act, representatives of the Members may be appointed for the purpose of voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 34th AGM through Video Conferencing Facility and e-Voting during the 34th AGM.
- 4. Body Corporates whose Authorised Representatives are intending to attend the Meeting through VC/OAVM are requested to send to the Scrutinizer by email through registered email address to csajay01@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in and to the Company at insilco2@gmail.com, a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting through e-voting or through remote e-voting.
- National Securities Depositories Limited ("NSDL") will be providing facility for voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the 34th AGM through VC/OAVM Facility and e-Voting during the 34th AGM.
- The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 7. In line with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, the Notice of AGM along with Annual Report 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that Notice and Annual Report 2021-22 has been uploaded the website of the Company www.insilcoindia.com. The Notice can also be accessed on the website of BSE Limited and NSDL (Agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) at www.bseindia.com and www.evoting.nsdl.com respectively.

- Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM Facility, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- 9. The Members can join the AGM through the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before the time scheduled for the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. Members may note that the VC/OAVM Facility, provided by NSDL, allows participation of at least 1,000 Members on a first-comefirst-served basis. The large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. will be allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

### 10. Voting through Electronic means

I. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended), Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI") and Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations read with MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the Company is providing remote e-Voting facility to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the 34th AGM and facility for those Members participating in the 34th AGM to cast vote through e-Voting system during the 34th AGM.

### II. Instructions for Members for Remote e-Voting are as under:-

- i. The remote e-Voting period will commence on 16th September 2022 (9:00 AM IST) and end on 20th September 2022 (5:00 PM IST). During this period, Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 14th September 2022 may cast their vote by remote e-Voting. The remote e-Voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice of 34<sup>th</sup> AGM for information purpose only.
- iii. The details of the process and manner for remote e-Voting are explained herein below:

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

### A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

### Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a>
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.  NSDL Mobile App is available on  App Store  Google Play
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> and click on New System Myeasi.
	<ol> <li>After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</li> </ol>
	3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</a>
	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

### Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

### How to Login to NSDL e-Voting website?

- Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https:// www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
  - Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can login at https:// eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you login to NSDL eservices after using your login credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
- Your User ID details are given below:

	nner of holding shares i.e. mat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12******.
b)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12******** then your user ID is 12************************************
c)	For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are aiven below:
- If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.

If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and

the system will force you to change your password.

- c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
  - If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
  - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
- Click on "Forgot User Details/ Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- b) "Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- **9.** After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- After successful login at Step-1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- Select "EVEN" of company for which you
  wish to cast your vote during the remote eVoting period and casting your vote during
  the General Meeting. For joining virtual
  meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM"
  link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

### **General Guidelines for shareholders**

- Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by email to <a href="mailto:csajay01@gmail.com">csajay01@gmail.com</a> with a copy marked to <a href="mailto:evolugensdl.co.in">evolugensdl.co.in</a>. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Manager NSDL at <a href="https://www.evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a>.

- 11. Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e-mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:
  - In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to insilco2@gmail.com.
  - 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to insilco2@gmail.com If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at Step-1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
  - Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
  - 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

### 12. THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE 34<sup>TH</sup> AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the 34th AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the 34th AGM.

- Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM.
- The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

## 13. INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE 34<sup>™</sup> AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Member will be provided with a facility to attend the 34th AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- Further Members desirous of speaking at AGM, will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Members can submit questions in advance with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the 34th AGM, from their registered email address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number/folio number and mobile number, to the Company's email address at <a href="mailto:insulco2@gmail.com">insulco2@gmail.com</a> atleast 48 hours in advance before the start of the meeting. Such questions by the Members shall be taken up during the meeting and replied by the Company suitably.
- Members, who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM need to register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number/folio

number and mobile number, to the Company's email address <u>insilco2@gmail.com</u> atleast 48 hours in advance before the start of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM i.e. by 19<sup>th</sup> September 2022 by 02:00 p.m. IST. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate for smooth conduct of the AGM.

 Institutional Investors who are Members of the Company, are encouraged to attend and vote in the 34th AGM through VC/OAVM Facility.

#### 14. OTHER GUIDELINES FOR MEMBERS

- The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of 14th September 2022.
- Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is send through e-mail and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. 14th September 2022 may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request evoting@nsdl.co.in. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30. In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under "Access to NSDL e-Voting system."
- III. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting or casting vote through e-Voting system during the meeting.
- IV. Mr. Ajay Kumar Prajapati, Proprietor of M/s APK & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-Voting process and casting vote through the e-Voting system during the meeting in a fair and transparent manner.
- V. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of e-Voting at the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, invalid votes, if any, and whether the resolution has been carried or

- not, and such Report shall then be sent to the Chairman or a person authorized by him, within two working days from the conclusion of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM, who shall then countersign and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- VI. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company at <a href="www.insilcoindia.com">www.insilcoindia.com</a> and on the website of NSDL at <a href="www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a> immediately after the declaration of Results by the Chairman or a person authorized by him. The Company shall also simultaneously forward the results to the Bombay Stock Exchange where the equity shares of the Company are listed.
- 15. Pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, in view of the prevailing situation, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Notice of the 34th AGM and the Annual Report including therein the Audited Financial Statements, are being sent only by email to the Members. Therefore, those Members, whose email address is not registered with the Company or with their respective Depository Participant/s, and who wish to receive the Notice of the 34th AGM and the Annual Report and all other communication sent by the Company, from time to time, can get their email address registered by following the steps as given below:
  - I. For Members holding shares in physical form, please send scan copy of a signed request letter mentioning your name, folio number, complete address, email address to be registered along with scanned self-attested copy of the PAN and self-attested copy of any document (such as Driving Licence, Passport, Bank Statement, AADHAR) supporting the registered address of the Member, by email to the Company's email address.
  - II. For the Members holding shares in demat form, please update your email address through your respective Depository Participant/s.
  - III. If there is any change in the e-mail ID already registered with the Company/RTA, Members are requested to immediately notify such change to the Company at Company's email address insilco2@gmail.com in respect of shares held in physical form and to DPs in respect of shares held in electronic form.
- 16. The Register of Members and Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed for a period of 7 days from 15<sup>th</sup> September 2022 to 21<sup>st</sup> September 2022 (both days inclusive) in terms of Section 91 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 17. During the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM, Members may access the scanned copy of Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act and the Register of Contracts and Arrangements in which

Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, upon Login to NSDL e-Voting system at https://www.evoting.nsdl.com.

- 18. Under the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, shareholder(s) is/are entitled to nominate in the prescribed manner, a person to whom his/her/ their shares in the Company, shall vest in the event of his/her/their death. Members who are holding shares in physical form and are interested in availing this nomination facility are requested to write to the Company.
- 19. To prevent fraudulent transactions, Members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any Member as soon as possible. Members are also advised to not leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified from time to time.
- 20. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company.
- 21. In terms of the Listing Regulations, securities of listed companies can only be transferred in dematerialized form with effect from 1st April 2019. In view of the above, Members are advised to dematerialize shares held by them in physical form.
- 22. The Explanatory Statement setting out the material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the Item no. 3 set above is enclosed and it forms integral part of the Notice of the 34th AGM.
- 23. As required under sub-regulation (3) of Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2014 (hereinafter in this report referred as "Listing Regulations") and Secretarial Standard on General Meeting (SS-2) of ICSI, the particulars of the Director seeking appointment/re-appointment at the 34th AGM are given in the Annexure-A, and it forms integral part of the Notice of the 34th AGM.

For and on behalf of Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

> Sd/-**Geetika Varshney** Company Secretary

Place: Palwal Date: 12th August 2022 M.No. A53579

### **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

(Pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013)

#### Item No. 3

### Appointment of M/s. Shiv & Associates, Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditor

The members are hereby informed that M/s. Price Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants LLP, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI - 304026E/E300009), the existing Statutory Auditor was appointed for their 1st term of five years from the conclusion of 29th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company. However, M/s. Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, has now expressed its unwillingness for re-appointment as Statutory Auditor of the Company after the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meetina.

The members are further informed that the Company approached to M/s. Shiv & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI - 009989N), who has expressed its willingness to act as Statutory Auditor of the Company, if appointed, and has provided the requisite documents as required under the Act.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the appointment of M/s. Shiv & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI – 009989N) is proposed for its first term of five consecutive years from the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 39th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Audit Committee and the Board in their respective meetings held on 12th August 2022, have approved the appointment of M/s. Shiv & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI – 009989N) as Statutory Auditor of the Company, subject to approval from members of the Company, for their 1st term of 5(Five) consecutive years i.e. from the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 39th Annual General Meeting of the Company at a remuneration of Rs. 6,00,000 for the first financial year 2022-23 and Rs. 6,75,000/- for remaining four financial years till completion of their term exclusive of applicable taxes & out of pocket expenses and subject to tax deduction at source.

The Board recommends the resolution for approval by the Members. None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel & their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

### Annexure - A

### DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE $34^{\text{TH}}$ AGM (PURSUANT TO CLAUSE 36 OF LISTING REGULATIONS)

Name of the Director: Ms. Meng Tang

Date of Birth	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 1972
Date of appointment	13 <sup>th</sup> November 2014
Qualifications	Ms. Meng Tang is having a Degree in International MBA and General Management from Rotterdam School of Management, the Netherlands and Master of Biochemical Engineering from East China University of Science and Technology, China. She is also Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering from Xi'an Jiaotong University, China.
Expertise in specific functional area	Approx. 25 years of rich experience in the field of product development, sales and marketing, strategy development, etc. at senior positions.
Directorships in other listed companies	Nil
Memberships / Chairmanships of Committees in other listed Companies	Nil
Memberships / Chairmanships of Committees in the Company	Nil
Shareholding, if any, in the Company	Nil
Disclosure of relationship between Directors inter-se	Not related to any director of the Company

For and on behalf of Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/-Geetika Varshney Company Secretary M.No. A53579

Place: Palwal

Date: 12th August 2022

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Dear Members.

Your Directors are pleased to present the 34th Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022.

#### THE STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

### A. Financial Highlights

The audited financial statements of the Company as on March 31, 2022 are prepared in accordance relevant applicable IND AS and Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act").

The summarized results for the year, rounded off to Rupees in millions, are given below:

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
Gross Turnover	-	-
Less: Excise duty	-	-
Turnover (net of excise duty)	-	-
Other Income	17.62	47.11
Total Expenditure (excluding excise duty)	(125.24)	(603.50)
Profit/(Loss) before Depreciation & Exceptional Items	(107.62)	(556.39)
Depreciation	(0.18)	(20.04)
Profit/(Loss) for the year before exceptional items	(107.80)	(576.43)
Exceptional items	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(107.80)	(576.43)
(Provision for)/Release of Taxation	1.29	(0.76)
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(106.51)	(577.19)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	-	5.65
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(106.51)	(571.54)

#### B. Results of Operations

As you would be aware, the plant operations of your company continue to be suspended since October 26, 2019 due to refusal of "Consent to Operate" by Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) vide its orders dated October 22, 2019. The Company filed Fresh Applications dated November 21, 2019, for Consent to Operate, however, the same were dismissed by the UPPCB vide order dated February 4, 2020. The Board of your Company after due consideration unanimously agreed not to pursue the matter any further.

Sales of Precipitated Silica during the year were Nil (previous year Nil). The Production during the year was Nil (previous year Nil).

Your Company achieved a sales turnover of Rs. Nil during the year as compared to Nil in the previous year. The Company recorded a loss before depreciation and exceptional items of Rs. 107.62 million as compared to loss before depreciation and exceptional items of Rs. 556.39 million in the previous Financial Year. The Company had reserves of Rs. (356.91) Million as on 1st April 2021. The total comprehensive loss for the Financial Year 2021-22 was Rs.106 Million.

The Board had decided to initiate the Voluntary

Liquidation Process as envisaged under the provisions of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code"). In this regard, the Board granted its in-principle approval for initiating the voluntary liquidation process of the Company in its meeting dated March 30, 2021 and accordingly on May 31, 2021, the consent of the Board of Directors was accorded to initiate the voluntarily liquidation process of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 59 of the Code and appoint an Insolvency Professional duly registered with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India as the Liquidator to conduct the liquidation process. The decision of the Board was also followed by similar resolutions being approved by the shareholders of the Company in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021 in accordance with Section 59(3)(c)(i) of the Code. Furthermore, the said resolutions were also approved by the Creditors representing twothirds in value of the debt of the Company as required under the Section 59(3) of the Code on June 29, 2021.

Accordingly, with effect from June 25, 2021, the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process and Mr. Chandra Prakash (having registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023) has been appointed as the Liquidator of the Company, who is discharging his functions and duties

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

provided in the Code and the IBBI (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017 ("VL Regulations").

#### 2. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Company had reserves of Rs. (357) Million as on 1st April 2021. The total comprehensive loss for the Financial Year 2021-22 was Rs. 106 Million. Therefore, the closing balance of the Reserves and Surplus as on 31st March 2022 amounted to Rs. (463) Million.

### 3. DIVIDEND

No dividend is recommended considering the operational performance of the Company.

### 4. OPERATIONS AT PLANT

The operations of the plant of your Company at Gajraula continue to remain suspended as on the date of this report.

The plant, however, is regularly discharging its duties towards complying with legal requirements and compliances.

### 5. STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The plant operations have been permanently suspended. As a result, the risks pertaining to the efficiency of plant operations, plant costs and market share are no longer applicable.

The Risk Management Policy, is available on the website of the Company at the following path: <a href="https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/">https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/</a> Risk%20Management%20Policy.pdf

### 6. WRIT PETITION FILED BEFORE THE HON'BLE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT ALLAHABAD

The members are hereby informed that a Writ Petition being WP(C) No. 9669 of 2021 has been filed before the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Allahabad on March 1, 2021. The said Writ Petition has been preferred by the Company for quashing / setting aside Letter No. 489 dated July 1, 2020, Letter No. 940 dated July 24, 2020 and Letter No. 1865 dated December 22, 2020 (together called the Impugned Letters) issued by the Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority (UPSIDA / Authority) wherein UPSIDA, inter alia has imposed the following conditions for issuing the No Objection Certificate (NOC) for the purpose of establishment of a propane-mounted installation of 2 x 72 cubic metres water capacity (LPG Project) at the Company's factory at Gajraula:

- (i) Demand for a transfer levy of INR 8,09,00,103.70/-(Rupees Eight Crores Nine Lacs One Hundred and Three and Seventy Paisa Only) due to change in the shareholding pattern in the Company (Transfer Levy).
- (ii) Maintenance Charges up to May 29, 2020 amounting to INR 60,28,397.65/-(Rupees Sixty Lacs Twenty-Eight Thousand Three Hundred and Ninety-Seven and Sixty-Five Paisa Only) with

- interest of INR 8,895.15/- (Rupees Eight Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-Five and Fifteen Paisa Only) (Maintenance Charges).
- (iii) Lease rent upto March 31, 2021 of INR 10,097/-(Rupees Ten Thousand and Ninety-Seven Only) plus 18% GST of INR 1,817.50/- (Rupees One-Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventeen and Fifty Paisa Only) (Lease Rent).

The aforesaid Letters also imposed certain new terms and conditions on the Company, which *inter alia* include:

- Execution of a fresh lease deed with UPSIDC. Fresh lease deed will entail additional liability towards stamp duty & registration charges on the Company.
- (ii) Revision of lease rent for the next 60 (Sixty) years i.e. INR 6,82,223.05 (Rupees Six Lacs Eighty-Two Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty-Three and Five Paisa Only) per annum for the first 30 (Thirty) remaining years and then INR 13,64,445 (Rupees Thirteen Lacs Sixty-Four Thousand Four Hundred and Forty-Five Only) for the balance 30 years.
- (iii) Restriction on the Company from transferring controlling interest for a period of 5 (Five) years from July 1, 2020.

The said Writ Petition was listed before the Hon'ble Court on March 18, 2021 wherein UPSIDA has been granted 6 (Six) weeks-time to file its counter affidavit and the next date of hearing is in the week commencing May 24, 2021.

As on date, there is no visibility on listing of the writ petition as the respondent, UPSIDA, has not yet filed its counter affidavit.

### 7. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors' state that;

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with a proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- (c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) In view of matter described in note [33] of Financial statements, the Board of Directors are

of the view that there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate and the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have not been prepared on a going concern. The Company's management has assessed carrying value of assets and liabilities and based on current estimates adjustments have been made in the books of account year ended March 31, 2022 (refer note [33] of financial statements).

- (e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- (f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliances with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.
- 8. EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON QUALIFICATIONS, RESERVATIONS, ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY STATUTORY AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDITOR IN THEIR RESPECTIVE REPORTS

The Statutory Auditors in their reports on financial statements and internal financial controls for the financial year 2021-22 have given qualified opinion and the response of your directors with respect to it is as follows:

The matters mentioned in 3, 4 of the said Auditors Report, and in paragraph 8 and 10 of the Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements in Annexure A to the Auditors Report, have been explained in detail in clause no. 6 of Directors' report under the heading "Writ Petition Filed Before The Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Allahabad", note no. 33 note no. 35 and note no. 36 of the financial statements.

There was no fraud reported by the Auditor to the Audit Committee or to the Board pursuant to Section 143(12) of the Companies Act. 2013.

The report of Secretarial Auditor does not contain any qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers except an observation with regard to composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee which was not as per the requirement of regulation 19(1) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the period from 1st May, 2021 till 4th July, 2021. BSE Limited had imposed fine on the Company for the quarter ended 30.06.2021 and for further 4 days i.e. 1st July, 2021 to 4th July 2021.

Your Company at its board meeting held on 05th July 2021 reconstituted the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in compliance with regulation 19(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Company has also duly paid the fine amount imposed by BSE.

### 9. ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return as required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is available on the Company's website at the following link: www.insilcoindia.com —> Investors —> Annual Return. Investors are requested to please refer the same.

### 10. NUMBER AND DATES OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND ATTENDANCE OF THE DIRECTORS

The Board duly met 7 times in the Financial Year 2021-22 on 30<sup>th</sup> April 2021, 31<sup>st</sup> May 2021, 5<sup>th</sup> July 2021, 12<sup>th</sup> August 2021, 11<sup>th</sup> November 2021, 10<sup>th</sup> February 2022, and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. The attendance of the Directors in the Board meetings is given in clause no. 2.3(C) of Corporate Governance Report.

# 11. COMPANY'S POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION INCLUDING CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING QUALIFICATIONS, POSITIVE ATTRIBUTES, INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTORS ETC.

Pursuant to Section 178(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the "Listing Regulations"), the Board of Directors has constituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee. A Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company has also been laid down and approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board. The said policy lays down the criteria for the appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel. The said policy also specifies the remuneration criteria for Director, Senior Management Personnel and other employees including criteria for determining qualification, term/tenure, positive attributes, independence of Directors, criteria for performance evaluation of Executive and Non-executive Directors (including Independent Directors), removal, policy on Board diversity, Directors' and Officers' Insurance and other matters as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations.

Pursuant to Section 178(4) of the Companies Act, 2013, the said nomination and remuneration policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at the following link: http://www.insilcoindia.com -> Investors -> Policies -> Nomination and Remuneration Policy.

#### 12. SECRETARIAL AUDIT

As required under Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, M/s APK & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries having its address at 53-A, Shyam Vihar-II, Goyla Road, Najafgarh, New Delhi-110043 has conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report issued by the said firm is attached to this report as **Annexure-1**.

## 13. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

During the year under review, the Company had not entered into any transaction of loan, guarantee or investment under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 14. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During the financial year, the Company has entered into various transactions with related parties. All the related party transactions entered during the Financial Year 2021-22 were in ordinary course of the business and were on an arm's length basis. In terms of the Act, no material related party transactions were entered during the Financial Year by the Company. All related party transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. The quarterly disclosures of transactions with related parties are made to the Audit Committee for its review. As required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Audit Committee has granted Omnibus approval for appropriate related party transactions in accordance with the criteria laid down for the purpose. The disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC 2 is not applicable on the Company for the financial year under review. Members may refer to Note no. 25 to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures for the financial year ended 31st March 2022.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations, the Board has laid down a policy on dealing with related party transactions and the same is available on the website of the Company at the following link: http://www.insilcoindia.com —> Investors —> Policies —> Related Party Transaction Policy.

## 15. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL

### STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF REPORT

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

## 16. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

### A. Conservation of Energy

Since the operations of the Company have been suspended with effect from October 26, 2019 on account of refusal of Consent to Operate from the Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board and the Appeal preferred to the Appellate Authority has also been rejected, all projects pertaining to energy conservation have also been suspended including the "Propane-LPG" project to reduce energy cost which was envisaged to act as an alternate to High Speed Diesel (HSD) in the manufacturing process. The sanctioned electricity load of 1305 KW was no longer a requirement. As the electricity demand was for only office, plant lighting and Residential purposes, it was decided to reduce the plant load to 500 KW. This has resulted in reduction of fixed electricity charges Rs. 1.29 Lakhs/month.

### B. Technology Absorption

### The effort made towards technology absorption

The technology for manufacture of various grades of Precipitated Silica has been supplied by the parent Company, Evonik Operations GmbH (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmbH), Germany.

### 2. Benefits derived from the above efforts

Focus on value added products, technical support to customers, optimum utilization of resources for production and higher yield.

### 3. Technology imported during the last three years

The Company has not imported any technology during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the Financial Year.

### 4. Expenditure on Research and Development

The Company has not incurred any expenditure on Research and Development.

### C. Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo

The Foreign Exchange earnings in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows were as follows:

(Rs. in '000)

Total Foreign Exchange used and earned	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
a) Total Foreign Exchange earned	-	-
b) Total Foreign Exchange used	7,757	5,854

#### 17. POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

The Board of Directors of the Company has laid down a policy on prevention of sexual harassment at the workplace. An Internal Complaints Committee has also been formed by the Board of Directors to look into the complaints received, if any. During the year under review, the Company did not receive any complaint under the said policy. The said policy is available on the website of the Company at the following link: http:/ /www.insilcoindia.com -> Investors -> Policies -> Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy. The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

### 18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) OF THE COMPANY

The Company is not covered under the provisions of CSR i.e. Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly not required to comply with the requirements of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 19. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has established a "Whistle Blower Policy" for employees to report to the management instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The said mechanism is available to all the employees of the Company and is operating effectively. This Policy outlines the procedures for reporting, handling, investigating and deciding on the course of action to be taken in case inappropriate conduct is noticed or suspected.

This Policy also provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of director(s)/employee(s) who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. During the year, the Company has not received any complaint through such mechanism. A copy of the said policy is available on the website of the Company at the following path: http:// www.insilcoindia.com -> Investors -> Policies -> Whistle Blower Policy.

### 20. STATEMENT ON ANNUAL EVALUATION OF THE BOARD, COMMITTEES AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

The Board has laid down the manner and criteria of

evaluation of the Board of its own, Committees and Individual Directors in which annual evaluation of the Board, Committees of the Board and Individual Directors would be evaluated. The evaluation includes various criteria including performance, knowledge, roles and responsibilities etc.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has decided that the Board will evaluate its Committees and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee would evaluate the Board and Individual Directors. The evaluation as aforesaid has been done in the meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in the Board Meeting. After evaluation, the performances of the Board, its committees and Individual Directors were found upto the mark and was satisfactory.

The Independent Directors had met separately without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and the members of management and discussed, inter-alia, the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole and the performance of the Chairman of the Company after taking into consideration the views of Executive and Non-Executive Directors.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors have been done by the entire Board. excluding the Director being evaluated on the basis of performance and fulfilment of the independence criteria as specified under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations.

### 21. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

During the year, your Company has not changed the nature of its business.

### 22. DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

### Change in Directors and KMP

Mr. Gopalakrishnan Anantharaman Iyer had resigned as Director of the Company with effect from 1st July 2021 due to his other pre-occupations. The Board placed on records its deep appreciation for the valuable services rendered to the Company by Mr. Gopalakrishnan Anantharaman Iyer during his tenure as the Director of the Company.

Ms. Shivangi Negi resigned from the position of the Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from close of working hours of 4th June 2021. The Board placed on records its deep appreciation for the valuable services rendered to the Company by her during her tenure as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

Based on recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee of the Company and approval of the Board, Mr. Rajeev Agarwal was appointed as Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and was designated as Key Managerial Personnel with effect from 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2021.

Ms. Swati Surhatia had resigned from the position of the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from close of working hours of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. The Board placed on records its deep appreciation for the valuable services rendered to the Company by her during her tenure as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company.

Based on recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board, Ms. Geetika Varshney was appointed as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer and was designated as Key Managerial Personnel with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2022.

As required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a brief resume, details of experience and other Directorships / Committee memberships/ Chairmanships held by the Directors in other Companies, whose re-appointment is due in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company, forms part of the Notice convening the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM

### **Term of Independent Directors**

The date of commencement of term of Independent directors are given below along with date of approval by Shareholders:

			First term		Second term	
S. No.	Name of Independent Directors	Start date	Date of approval in AGM	Start Date	Date of approval in AGM	
1	Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	1 <sup>st</sup> Apr 2014	14 <sup>th</sup> Aug 2014	1 <sup>st</sup> Apr 2019	24 <sup>th</sup> Jul 2018	
2	Ms. Sonia Prashar	4 <sup>th</sup> Aug 2016	26 <sup>th</sup> Sept 2016	0	2 <sup>nd</sup> Aug 2021	

### Directors retiring by rotation

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Christian Schlossnikl was liable to retire by rotation in the last AGM held on 02<sup>nd</sup> August 2021. Being eligible, he offered himself for re-appointment and the members appointed him as a Director.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Meng Tang shall retire by rotation at the ensuing AGM of the Company and being eligible offers herself for re-appointment. The Board recommends her re-appointment to the members of the Company in the ensuing AGM.

### Statement on declaration given by Independent Directors

The members are informed that Independent Directors have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section 6 of the Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 as well as Regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

As required under Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have also confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence and are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

The Board of the Company also confirms that the

Independent Directors fulfill the criteria of being Independent Director as specified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience.

### Familiarization program for Independent Directors

The Company follows an induction programme for orientation and training of Directors at the time of their joining so as to provide them with an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the Company, its operations, business philosophy and model, roles, rights, responsibilities of Independent Directors in the Company and Policies/Rules and Regulations of the Company.

Thereafter, the Company continues with periodic familiarization process of Independent Directors to keep them upto date with the developments in the Company. The details of such familiarization programme is also displayed on the website of the Company at the following link: <a href="https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/PDF-2020/Details%20-%20Familiarization%20Programmes%20w.e.f.%201%20April%202015.pdf">https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/PDF-2020/Details%20-%20Familiarization%20Programmes%20w.e.f.%201%20April%202015.pdf</a>

### 23. DISCLOSURES RELATED TO REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KMPs

 a. Corporate Governance - Disclosures as per provisions of Schedule V, Part II, Section II (B)(iv)(IV)

NIL

Ratio of Remuneration of each Director to median remuneration of employees

#### Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director and KMP C.

The annual increment of remuneration of employees is done every year w.e.f. 1st April. The annual increment w.e.f. 1st April 2021 of KMPs are given below in % alongwith the designation as on the date of approval of this report.

Name	Director/KMP	% increase (w.e.f. 1st April 2021)	Remarks
Ms. Shivangi Negi	KMP (Director Finance & Chief Financial Officer)	NIL	Relieved on 4 <sup>th</sup> June 2021
Ms. Swati Surhatia	KMP (Company Secretary)	29.04%	Relieved on 31st March 2022
Mr. Rajeev Agarwal*	KMP (Chief Financial Officer)	3.90%	Appointed wef 15 <sup>th</sup> November 2021

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Rajeev Agarwal has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer with effect from 15th November 2021.

### Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees

The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year 2021-22 was 61.59%.

### No. of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company

As on 31st March 2022, Company had 11 permanent employees (excludes 5 permanent employees who resigned with effect from close of working hours of 31st March 2022) on the rolls of the Company.

Average percentage increase already made in the salaries of employees in the Financial Year 2021-22 in April 2021 and its comparison with the percentage increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration, if any

Particulars	Financial Year 2021-22
Average percentage increase in the salaries of employee other than Managerial Personnel	NIL
Average percentage increase in salary of Managerial Personnel	29.04 %

### Policy compliance affirmation

The remuneration of the Directors and KMP is as per the nomination and remuneration policy of the Company.

#### 24. STATEMENT PURSUANT TO CLAUSE 5(2) OF THE AND COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) **RULES, 2014**

During the year, there was no employee of the Company:

- who was employed throughout the Financial Year 2021-22 and was in receipt of remuneration for that financial year of not less than Rs. 10.200.000/ -; or
- who was employed for a part of the Financial Year 2021-22 and was in receipt of remuneration at a rate which was not less than Rs. 850,000/- per month; or
- who was employed throughout or part of the Financial Year 2021-22 and was in receipt of remuneration in that Financial Year, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole-time Director and holds by himself or along with its spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the Company.

### Top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the Financial Year 2021-22

SI. No.	Name (In Alphabetical Order)	Designation (As on 31st March 2022)
1	Anurag Srivastava	Head - Site HR & Facilities
2	Jaipal Singh Rawat	Sr. Manager - Procurement & Commercial
3	Madan Gopal Sinha *	Director (Works) & Plant Head
4	Pradeep Kumar	Head - Environment Safety Health Quality
5	Punya Kumar Pandey	Manager – Production

<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Geetika Varshney has been appointed as Company Secretary with effect from 1st April 2022.

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

6	Rajeev Agarwal	Chief Financial officer	
7	Sandeep Singh Negi	Deputy Manager - Electrical & Instrumentation	
8	Satpal Singh	Manager - Mechanical & Utilities	
9	Subhash Chand *	Manager - Mechanical & Utilities	
10	Swati Surhatia *	Company Secretary	

<sup>\*</sup> Resigned from close of working hours of 31st March 2022.

#### 25. AUDITORS

The members are hereby informed that Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, (Firm Registration No. with ICAI – 304026E/E300009) was appointed as Statutory Auditor for the first term of 5 years in the 29<sup>th</sup> AGM to hold the office from the conclusion of the 29<sup>th</sup> AGM until the conclusion of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company.

#### 26. COST AUDITOR/MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

### Maintenance of Cost Records for the Financial Year 2021-22

During the financial year 2021-22 there was no production and no Sales/Turnover due to discontinuation of business activities, therefore the Cost Audit & Maintenance of Cost Records are not applicable on the Company.

### 27. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, the Board has constituted an Audit Committee. The composition of the Audit Committee was as follows:

As on 31st March 2022				
S. No. Name of the Director Designation in Audit Committee				
1	Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	Chairman		
2	Ms. Sonia Prashar	Member		
3	Mr. Vinod Paremal	Member		

The Board of Directors of the Company has accepted all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee.

### 28. DISCLOSURE REGARDING SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any subsidiary, joint venture or associate company. During the year also there were no companies, which have become or ceased to be your Company's subsidiary, joint venture or associate company.

### 29. DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits during the year pursuant to the provisions of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 30. MATERIAL ORDERS BY GOVERNING AUTHORITIES

There were no significant or material orders passed by any governing authority of the Company including regulators, courts or tribunals, which could affect the going concern status.

### 31. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH RESPECT TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Company has laid down proper and adequate internal financial control for ensuring efficient and effective conduct of business, safeguarding of its assets and prevention and detection of fraud and errors with respect to internal financial statement. The

same is explained in management and discussions and analysis report under the heading "Internal Control System and their adequacy".

### 32. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Good governance demands adherence to social responsibility coupled with creation of value in the larger interest of the general public. We are committed to continuously improving our performance in the areas of environmental protection, health and safety as well as to the principles of sustainable development and responsible care. We continue to contribute to society by appropriate means. We aim to enhance the quality of life of the community in general and have a strong sense of social responsibility.

### 33. REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Pursuant to the provisions of the Listing Regulations, the following are furnished forming part of this Directors' Report:

 Report on Corporate Governance together with a Certificate from Practising Company Secretary on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as per provisions of Listing Regulations are attached as Annexure - 2 and 2.3 respectively.

der Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

- ii. Certificate by Managing Director regarding compliance of Code of Conduct by the members of Board and Senior Management as per provisions of Listing Regulations is attached as Annexure – 2.1.
- Certificate from Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer regarding correctness of the financial statements presented to the Board is attached as Annexure – 2.2.

### 34. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of the Listing Regulations, a Management Discussions and Analysis Report is enclosed as **Annexure - 3** forming part of Annual Report.

### 35. COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company is in compliance with the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

### 36. DISCLOSURE BY SENIOR MANAGEMENT OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST, IF ANY

Pursuant to the provisions of regulation 26(5) of the Listing Regulations, the Senior Management of the Company have made a disclosure to the Board of Director that they have no personal interest in relation to all material, financial and commercial transactions that may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

### 37. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Your Company continued to enjoy cordial relations with all its employees. No man day was lost due to any Industrial Dispute.

### 38. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Board of Directors wish to thank and place on record their appreciation for the co-operation and support extended to the Company by the Government of India, State Government of Uttar Pradesh, other local authorities, Bankers, Suppliers, Employees and other Stakeholders which have been a constant source of strength to the Company. The Board of Directors also expresses its sincere gratitude to all the shareholders for their continuous support and trust they have shown in the management. The dedication and sense of commitment shown by the employees at all levels during the year deserve special mention.

For & on behalf of the Board of Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-Sonia Prashar Vinod Paremal Director Managing Director

DIN: 06477222 DIN: 08803466

Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai Date: 30<sup>th</sup> May 2022 Date: 30<sup>th</sup> May 2022

### Annexure-1

### FORM No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31st MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
Insilco Limited,
(Under Voluntary Liquidation)
A 5 UPSIDC INDUSTRIAL AREA
PO BHARTIAGRAM, GAJRAULA
DISTT J P NAGAR, UTTAR PRADESH-244223

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by INSILCO LIMITED (Under Voluntary Liquidation) (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's relevant books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided to us by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representation made by the Management and considering the relaxation granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 has prima facie complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has prima facie proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956('SCRA') and the Rules notified thereunder;
- (iii) Depositories Act, 1996, and the Regulations and bye laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company:-

 The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (v) Other Laws to the extent applicable as identified by the management of the Company that is to say:-
  - The Factories Act 1948 and rules thereunder;
  - Indian Explosive Act, 1884;
  - Motor Vehicle Act, 1988;
  - Atomic Energy Act, 1962, and rules thereunder;
  - Indian Boiler Act, 1923 and Boiler Rules & Regulations thereunder;
  - Indian Petroleum Act, 1934 and rules thereunder;
  - Electrical Supply Act, 2003;
  - Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and rules thereunder;
  - Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and rules thereunder;
  - The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules thereunder;
  - Shop and Establishment Act;
  - Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code 2016 and other Voluntary liquidation Guidelines.
- (vi) Management has, in its Representation Letter, identified and confirmed the applicability and compliance of all laws as being specifically applicable to the company, relating to Voluntary liquidation / Labour / Pollution / Environment / Production process etc., apart from other general laws.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

Date: 24.05. 2022

Place: New Delhi

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

- Mandatory Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii) The Listing agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited

We further report that, the composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee was not as per the requirement of regulation 19(1) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the period from 1st May, 2021 to 4th July, 2021. Also BSE Limited had imposed fine on the Company for the quarter ended 30th June 2021 and for further 4 days i.e. 1st July, 2021 to 4th July, 2021. Nomination and Remuneration Committee was duly reconstituted by the board of directors of the company in the board meeting held on 05th July 2021 in compliance with regulation 19(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

We further report that, the Board of Directors of the Company was duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors including two women directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance other than those held at shorter notice.

Further a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that, based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Company and on the basis of compliance certificates taken on record by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee at their meetings, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that, with regard to events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

The Company has initiated voluntary liquidation w.e.f 25.06.2021 and Mr. Chandra Prakash, an Insolvency Professional having Registration Number IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023 has been appointed as the Liquidator of the Company pursuant to provisions of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (Code) read with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017.

For APK & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Ajay Kumar Prajapati (Prop.)

CP No.: 22365 ACS No.: 49295

UDIN: A049295D000372596

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure-A and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure-A

To,
The Members of **INSILCO LIMITED**,
(Under Voluntary Liquidation)
A 5 UPSIDC INDUSTRIAL AREA
PO BHARTIAGRAM, GAJRAULA
DISTT J P NAGAR, UTTAR PRADESH-244223

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- The compliance of provisions of all laws, rules, regulations, standards applicable to Insilco Limited (the 'Company') is the responsibility of the management of the Company and the liquidator of the Company. Our examination was limited to the verification of records and procedures on test check basis for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility
  of the management of the Company. Our responsibility
  is to express an opinion on these secretarial records
  based on our audit of relevant records maintained and
  furnished to us by the Company, along with the
  explanations where so required.
- 3. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial

- records. The verification was done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- We have obtained the Management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc., wherever required.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For APK & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Ajay Kumar Prajapati (Prop.) CP No.: 22365

Date: 24.05. 2022 CP No.: 22365
Place: New Delhi ACS No.: 49295

### Annexure-2

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22

#### 1. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is about commitment to values and about ethical business conduct. It is about how an organization is managed. This includes its corporate and other structure, its culture, policies and the manner to deal with various stakeholders. Accordingly, timely and accurate disclosure of information regarding the financial performance, future plans and material development affecting the Company, is an integral part of Corporate Governance. The Adoption of good Corporate Governance practices helps to develop a good image of the organization, keeps stakeholders satisfied and attracts best talent. The Company has professional Directors on its Board.

Your Company believes that sound Corporate Governance is critical to enhance and retain investors' trust and recognizes the importance of transparency and integrity in dealings at all levels. Accordingly, your Company is always keen to ensure that the business is carried on with integrity, honesty and fairness. The Company's philosophy is based on accountability, ethical conduct, compliance with statutes in true spirit, interest of all stakeholders, transparency and timely disclosure. The Company is in full compliance with all the mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred as "Listing Regulations").

### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### 2.1 Composition of Board

The Board of Insilco Limited as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, has 5 (five) Members. There are 4 (four) Non-Executive Directors and 1 (one) Executive Director. Out of 5 (five) Directors, 2 (two) are Independent Directors. There are 2 (two) Women Directors including 1 (one) Independent Woman Director. The Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive Independent Director. The Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in Listing Regulations and are independent of the management. The Composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations relating to the composition in terms of Non-Executive/Independent Directors.

None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 (ten) Committees or Chairman of more than 5 (five) Committees as specified in Regulation 26 of Listing Regulations. The Directors have made necessary disclosures regarding their directorships and Committee positions in other Companies as on 31st March 2022. None of the Directors is holding directorship in more than seven listed entity nor serve as an independent director in more than seven listed Companies.

None of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. A certificate from a Company secretary in practice has been attached herewith as **Annexure – 2.4.** 

2.2 The names and categories of the Directors on the Board and the number of directorships and committee memberships/ chairmanships held by them in other companies as on 31st March 2022 are given below:

Name of the Director	DIN	DIN Category		No. of Directorships <sup>1</sup> , Committee Chairmanships/ Memberships <sup>2</sup> in other Companies			
				Other Directorships	Committee Chairmanships	Committee Memberships	
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	00041164	Non-Executive, Independent	Chairman	4	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	07557639	Non-Executive, Non-Independent	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Ms. Meng Tang	07012101	Non-Executive, Non- Independent (Woman)	Director	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Ms. Sonia Prashar	06477222	Non-Executive, Independent (Woman)	Director	2	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Vinod Paremal	08803466	Executive, Non-Independent	Director	3	Nil	Nil	

Further, none of the directors of the Company belongs to the promoter and Promoter Group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This includes Public and Private Companies and excludes Section 8 and Foreign Companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In accordance with Regulation 26 of Listing Regulations, Chairmanships/Memberships of only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees of all Public Limited Companies have been considered.

The names of listed entities where the director is director:

Name of Director	Name of listed entity	Category of directorship	
Nil	Nil	Nil	

None of directors of the Company is director in any other listed entity as on March 31, 2022.

#### 2.3 BOARD MEETINGS AND PROCEDURE

#### A. BOARD PROCEDURE

The tentative date of next meetings is generally determined in advance in the preceding Board Meeting. The Board Meetings are governed by a structured agenda and agenda papers are supported by comprehensive background information to enable directors to take informed decisions. The Managing Director and Company Secretary in consultation with other directors and members of Senior Management, finalize the agenda papers for the Board Meetings.

Detailed Agenda and other explanatory statements in defined agenda format are circulated well in advance before the meeting amongst the board members for facilitating meaningful, informed and focused decisions at the meetings. In case of exigencies or urgency, resolutions are passed by circulation.

The required information as enumerated in Part-A of Schedule II of Listing Regulations is made available to the Board of Directors for discussions and consideration at Board Meetings. In addition to the above information, the Board is also kept informed of major events/items wherever necessary. The Managing Director at the Board Meetings keeps the Board apprised of the overall performance of the Company.

Minutes of proceedings of Board Meetings are properly recorded. The draft Minutes are circulated amongst

the members of Board for their comments in terms of applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The final minutes of proceedings of meetings are entered in Minutes Book and signed by the Chairman of the Board within the prescribed timelines. The Company fully complies with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on Meetings of the Board of Directors in this regard.

The Board periodically reviews compliance reports of laws applicable to the Company as well as steps taken by the Company to rectify the instances of noncompliances, if any.

### B. DETAILS OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-2022

Seven (7) Board Meetings were held during the Financial Year 2021-2022. The Board should meet at least 4 (four) times in a year, with maximum time gap of one hundred and twenty days between any two meetings as prescribed under Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations.

Mr. Gopalakrishnan Anantharaman Iyer had resigned as Director of the Board of the Company with effect from 1st July 2021. The Board accepted his resignation as Director of the Board of the Company with effect from 1st July 2021 in its meeting held on 5th July 2021.

The details of the Board Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022 are as under:

S.No.	Date	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1	30 <sup>th</sup> April 2021	6	6
2	31 <sup>st</sup> May 2021	6	6
3	05 <sup>th</sup> July 2021	5	5
4	12th August 2021	5	4
5	11th November 2021	5	4
6	10 <sup>th</sup> February 2022	5	5
7	31st March 2022	5	5

### C. ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS AT BOARD MEETINGS HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-2022 AND AT THE 33rd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (AGM)

Name of the Director	Attendanc	Whether Attended last AGM	
Traine of the Birdeler	No. of Board Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings Attended	held on 2 <sup>nd</sup> August 2021
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	7	7	Yes
Mr. Vinod Paremal	7	7	Yes
Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	7	6	No
Ms. Meng Tang	7	6	No
Ms. Sonia Prashar	7	7	Yes
Mr. Gopalakrishnan A Iyer *	2	2	N.A.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Gopalakrishnan A Iyer had resigned as Director of the Company with effect from 1st July 2021.

### D. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Code of Conduct of Insilco Limited is applicable to Directors, Senior Management Team and employees of the Company. The Code of Conduct is available on Company's website www.insilcoindia.com.

All the members of the Board and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance to the code as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. A Declaration of Managing Director regarding compliance with Code of Conduct by Directors and Senior Management Personnel is attached as **Annexure-2.1**.

### E. PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING CODE

In accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Company has adopted 'Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders' and 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information'. All the connected persons as per 'Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders' who could have access to the Unpublished Price Sensitive Information of the Company are governed by this code.

#### F. INTER-SE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DIRECTORS

The Directors are not related to each other and they are engaged in their professional capacity as Directors of the Company after compliance of prevalent regulations under Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

### G. HOLDING OF DIRECTORS

As on the date of this report, all the Directors of the

Company do not hold any shares or convertible instruments in the Company.

### H. SKILLS/EXPERTISE/COMPETENCE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS SPECIFYING THE FOLLOWING:

The list of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the board of directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively are as follows:

- Appropriate Educational background
- Good Communication
- Integrity
- Leadership skills
- Management skills
- Decision making ability
- Analytical Skills
- Strategic Thinking
- Vision
- Knowledge of German language
- Technical knowledge and/or technical experience
- Accounting or related financial management expertise

Even if anyone Director in the Board consists of given skills/ expertise/ competencies, such skills/ expertise/ competencies shall be deemed to be available with Board.

The Board has identified the names of the Directors, who possessed the identified core skills/expertise/competencies as on 31.03.2022 are given below:

	Name of Directors				
Key Skills/ expertise / competencies	Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	Christian Schlossnikl	Sonia Prashar	Meng Tang	Vinod Paremal
Appropriate Educational background	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Good Communication	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Integrity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Leadership skills	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Management skills	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Decision making ability	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Analytical Skill	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Strategic Thinking	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vision	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Knowledge of German Language	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Technical knowledge and/or technical experience	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Accounting or related financial management expertise	Yes	No	No	No	No

 It is hereby confirmed that in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, the independent directors of the Company fulfill the conditions specified in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and are independent of the management. Further, none of the independent directors resigned during the financial year.

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

### J. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company conducts familiarization program for Independent Directors at regular intervals. The details of the same are given at the following web link of the Company:

https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/PDF-2020/Details%20-%20Familiarization%20Programmes%20w.e.f.%201%20April%202015.pdf

### 3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors of the Company has 3 (three) Committees namely:

- 1. The Audit Committee
- 2. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

### **Other Committees**

Apart from above committees of the Board, the Board has also constituted 3 Committees which includes officers of the Company as its members. These Committees are as follows:

- Complaints Committee (under Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace)
- 2. Share Transfer Committee
- 3. Committee for determining materiality of an event or information

The terms of reference of the Committees are reviewed by the Board as and when required. Matters requiring Board's attention/approval are placed before the Board after approval/recommendation from the respective Committee, wherever required. The minutes of the meetings of all aforesaid Committees constituted by the Board are placed before the Board for discussions/ noting. The role and composition of these Committees along-with terms of reference of these Committees and etails of the Committee meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022 and other related information are provided below:

### 3.1 AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee assists the Board in its responsibility for overseeing the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing and reporting practices of the Company and its compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements. The Committee's purpose is to oversee the accounting and financial reporting process of the Company, the audits of the Company's financial statements, the appointment, independence and performance of the statutory auditors and the internal auditors and to meet out the requirements of Listing Regulations.

### A. Terms of reference as on 31st March 2022

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee covers all matters specified under Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the

Companies Act, 2013 which *inter-alia* includes the following:

### The Audit Committee has the following powers:

- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
- To seek information from any employee and from the records of the Company.
- To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- 4. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

### The role of the Audit Committee includes the following:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and, if required, the replacement or removal of Statutory Auditors and the fixation of Audit Fees.
- Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the Statutory Auditors.
- Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - Matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Directors' Report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
  - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
  - Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
  - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
  - Disclosure of any related party transactions.
  - Modified opinion(s) in draft audit report.
- Reviewing with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- Examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon.
- 8. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an

### (Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations

 Reviewing with the management, the performance of Statutory and Internal Auditors, adequacy of internal control systems & to ensure compliance of internal control systems.

to the Board to take up steps in this matter.

- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- Discussion with Internal Auditors, any significant findings and follow up thereon and scope of Internal Audit.
- 12. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the Internal Auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- Discussion with Statutory Auditor before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain areas of concern including observations of auditors.
- 14. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower Mechanism, if any.
- 16. Approval of Appointment of CFO (i.e. the whole time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background etc. of the candidate.
- Carrying out such other function(s) as may be specifically referred to the Committee by the Board of Directors and/or other Committee(s) of Directors of the Company.
- 18. To review the following information:
  - The management's discussion and analysis

- of financial condition and results of operations;
- Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
- All material individual transactions with related parties or others, which are not on an arm's length basis, together with management's justification for the same;
- Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the Statutory Auditors;
- Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses.
- 19. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- 20. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- 21. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- 22. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor if any shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
- To review and monitor management responsiveness to findings and recommendations of Internal Auditors.
- 24. Review the Company's Compliance with employee's benefits plans.
- 25. Oversee and review the Company policies regarding information technology and management information systems.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.

### B. Composition

As on 31st March 2022, the Audit Committee has 3 (three) Members comprising of 2 (two) Non-Executive Independent Directors and 1 (one) Executive Non-Independent Director. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is an Independent Director. The Composition of Audit Committee meets the requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations.

All the members of the Committee are financially literate and at least one member possesses accounting or related financial management expertise. The quorum of the Committee is two members or one-third of its members, whichever is higher with at least two Independent Directors.

The composition of the Audit Committee as on 31st March 2022 is given below:

Name of Members	Category	Designation
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	Non-Executive, Independent	Chairman
Ms. Sonia Prashar	Non-Executive, Independent	Member
Mr. Vinod Paremal	Executive, Non-Independent	Member

The Committee is headed by Mr. Dara P. Mehta, an Independent Director of the Company. The Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Dara P. Mehta was present at the 33<sup>rd</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2021 to answer the queries of shareholders. The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer are permanent invitees to the Audit Committee Meetings. The representatives of the Statutory Auditor are invited to attend the Audit Committee Meeting. The representatives of Internal Auditor are invited to attend the Audit Committee Meeting as and when required. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

### C. Meetings and Attendance

The tentative date of next meeting is generally determined in advance in the preceding Board Meeting.

### Details of Audit Committee Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022

6 (Six) Audit Committee Meetings were held during the Financial Year 2021-2022. The dates on which meetings were held including the details of presence of members are as follows:

S.No.	Date	Committee Strength	No. of Members Present
1	31st May 2021	3	3
2	05 <sup>th</sup> July 2021	3	3
3	12th August 2021	3	3
4	11 <sup>th</sup> November 2021	3	3
5	10 <sup>th</sup> February 2022	3	3
6	31st March 2022	3	3

The intervening period between two Audit Committee meetings was well within one hundred and twenty days as prescribed under Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations.

### Attendance of members of Audit Committee Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022:

	Atten	Attendance		
Name of Members	No. of Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings Attended		
Mr. Dara P. Mehta, Chairman	6	6		
Ms. Sonia Prashar	6	6		
Mr. Vinod Paremal	6	6		

### 3.2 NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

### A. Terms of Reference as on 31st March 2022

- It shall identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance.
- It shall formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- It shall, while formulating the remuneration policy ensure that –

- (a) the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully;
- (b) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- (c) remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

### B. Composition

As on 31st March 2022, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of 3 (three) Non-Executive Directors, out of which 2 (two) are Independent Directors. Ms. Sonia Prashar, Independent Director of the Company is the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee meets the requirements of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the

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Listing Regulations.

Mr. Vinod Paremal had been appointed as Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee in the Meeting held on 13th August 2020 in the place of Mr. Sanjeev Taneja. Mr. Vinod Paremal had been appointed as Managing Director of the Company with effect from 1st May 2021, in the Board Meeting held on 30th April 2021, subject to the approval of shareholders and Central Government. His appointment was duly approved by the Members at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021. Mr. Vinod Paremal was appointed Managing

Director of the Company in the category of Executive and Non-Independent Director. As per Regulation 19 (1) (b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulation 2015, the composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall consist of all Non-Executive Directors. Therefore, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was reconstituted in the Board Meeting held on 5<sup>th</sup> July 2021. Mr. Vinod Paremal ceased to be a Member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Mr. Christian Schlossnikl had been appointed as Member of the Committee in his place.

The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on 31st March 2022 is given below:

Name of Members	Category	Designation
Ms. Sonia Prashar	Non-Executive, Independent	Chairperson
Mr. Dara P. Mehta	Non-Executive, Independent	Member
Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	Non-Executive, Non-Independent	Member

The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

### C. Meetings and Attendance

5 (Five) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings were held during the Financial Year 2021-2022. The date of the meeting, Committee strength and number of members present in the meeting were as follows:

S.No.	Date	Committee Strength	No. of Members Present
1	30 <sup>th</sup> April 2021	4	4
2	31st May 2021	4	4
3	05 <sup>th</sup> July 2021	3	3
4	11 <sup>th</sup> November 2021	3	3
5	31st March 2022	3	3

### Attendance of members of Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022:

	Attendance		
Name of Members	No. of Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings Attended	
Ms. Sonia Prashar	5	5	
Mr. Dara P. Mehta	5	5	
Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	5	5	
Mr. Vinod Paremal	2	2	

### D. Nomination and Remuneration Policy

A Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company has been approved by Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors of the Company. Details of this policy have been given in the Directors' Report pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The remuneration is fixed keeping in view of the overall limit laid down under the Companies Act, 2013, qualification and experience of the appointee and overall financial performance of the Company.

### a. Executive Directors

Remuneration to Mr. Vinod Paremal (Managing Director)

Mr. Vinod Paremal has been appointed as Managing Director of the Company with effect from 1st May 2021 in the Board Meeting held on 30th April 2021 without any remuneration and on such terms and conditions as may be agreed to by Mr. Vinod Paremal and the Board. Therefore, no remuneration is paid to Mr. Vinod Paremal, Executive Director of the Company.

### Non-Executive Directors including criteria for making payments to them

The Company does not have any pecuniary relationship with any of its Non-Executive Directors. The Non-Executive Directors do not hold any shares or convertible instruments in the Company as on 31st March 2022.

The Non-Executive Independent Directors are not paid any remuneration other than the sitting fee for attending meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof as approved by the Board. The sitting fees as determined by the Board are presently Rs. 40,000/- (Rupees Forty Thousand only) per meeting for attending meeting of the Board and Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees Thirty Thousand only) per meeting for attending meeting of the Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which are within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

### The Details of Sitting Fees paid to Non-Executive Independent Directors during the Financial Year 2021-2022 are as under:

		Sitting Fees (Rs.)			
Name of Directors	Board Meeting	Audit Committee Meeting	Stakeholders' Relationship Committee Meeting	Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting	Total
Mr. Dara P. Mehta	2,80,000	1,80,000	30,000	1,50,000	6,40,000
Ms. Sonia Prashar	2,80,000	1,80,000	N.A.	1,50,000	6,10,000

The Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors do not receive any payment including remuneration and sitting fee from the Company.

Further, there is no notice period and severance fee for non-executive Directors. The provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and appointment letter issued with respect to their appointment govern their service contracts & other terms and conditions of appointment.

### **Employee Stock Option Scheme**

The Company does not have any employee stock option scheme for the employees and Directors.

#### F. Performance Evaluation Criteria for **Independent Directors**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(10) of the Listing Regulations, the performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board of Directors and in the evaluation, the directors, who are subject to evaluation had not participated. The evaluation of Independent Directors were based on criteria such as acting objectively and constructively while exercising their duties, exercise their responsibilities in a bona fide manner in the interest of the company etc.

#### 3.3 STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

### **Terms of Reference**

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee looks into redressal of the shareholders and investors complaints like transfer of shares, dematerialization, issue of duplicate shares and other matters relating to investors grievances and investors relations. It also considers and resolves the grievance of security holders of the Company.

### B. Composition

The Committee presently comprises of three directors. The Chairman of the Committee is a Non-Executive Independent Director.

Mr. Gopalakrishnan A Iyer had resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 1st July 2021. Since Mr. Gopalakrishnan A lyer was a Member of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of the Company, the Board had reconstituted the Committee in the Board Meeting held on 5th July 2021 and appointed Mr. Vinod Paremal as Member of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee in the place of Mr. Gopalakrishnan A lyer.

As on 31st March 2022, the composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was as follows:

Name	Category	Designation
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	Non-Executive, Independent Director	Chairperson
Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	Member
Mr. Vinod Paremal	Executive, Non-Independent Director	Member

### C. Meetings and Attendance

1 (One) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee Meeting was held during the Financial Year 20212022. The date of the meeting, Committee strength and no. of members present in the meeting were as follows:

S.No.	Date	Committee Strength	No. of Members Present
1	31st May 2021	3	3

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### D. Attendance at Stakeholders' Relationship Committee Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022:

Name of Members	Attendance	
	No. of Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings Attended
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	1	1
Mr. Vinod Paremal	1	1
Mr. Gopalakrishnan A Iyer	1	1

### E. Name and Designation of Compliance Officer

Ms. Swati Surhatia, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer of the Company as on 31st March 2022.

The Contact details of Compliance Officer are as follows:

Address	Telephone Number	Fax Number
A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram,	09837823893 &	(05924) 252348
Gajraula – 244223	09837923893	
Distt Amroha, Uttar Pradesh, India		

### Details of the Investor complaints received and redressed

The Company addresses all investor complaints and

grievances expeditiously and sends replies/ resolve issues within the prescribed time. The status of total number of complaints received, resolved/pending during the Financial Year 2021-2022 is as follows:

Opening	Received during the F.Y. 2021-2022	Resolved during the F.Y. 2021-2022	Closing
0	2	2	0

Further, it was also confirmed that all the complaints resolved during the Financial Year 2021-2022 are resolved to the satisfaction of the shareholders.

#### 3.4 OTHER COMMITTEES

## 3.4.1 COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE (UNDER POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE)

Pursuant to the Company's Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment at Workplace, a Complaints Committee has also been formed.

Ms. Shivangi Negi had resigned as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 4th June 2021 and she was a Presiding Officer (Chairman) of the Complaints Committee. Therefore, the Complaints Committee was reconstituted in the Board Meeting held on 11th November 2021 and Ms. Sonia Prashar

was appointed as a Presiding Officer (Chairman) of the Complaints Committee in the place of Ms Shivangi Negi.

Further Ms. Swati Surhatia had resigned as a Company Secretary of the Company with effect from close of working hours of 31st March 2022. Ms. Geetika Varshney had been appointed as a Company Secretary of the Company with effect from 1st April 2022 and Ms. Geetika Varshney had been appointed as Member of the Complaints Committee in the place of Ms. Swati Surhatia. Therefore, the Complaints Committee was again reconstituted in the Board Meeting held on 31st March 2022.

As on 31st March 2022, the Complaints Committee consists of the following members:

Name of Members	Designation
Ms. Sonia Prashar	Chairman
Mr. Vinod Paremal	Member
Ms. Swati Surhatia	Member

Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

- a. number of complaints filed during the financial year: Nil
- number of complaints disposed of during the financial year: N.A.
- number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year: Nil

As no complaint was received during the year under said policy, the Complaints Committee did not meet anytime during the Financial Year 2021-22.

### 3.4.2 SHARE TRANSFER COMMITTEE

### A. Terms of Reference

With a view to expedite the process of share transfer which are received in physical form, the Board had constituted a "Share Transfer Committee" which usually meets every fortnight to consider and approve the shares received for transfer, transmission, rematerialization etc. A summary of transfer/ transmission of securities so approved by the committee are placed periodically at the Board Meetings.

### B. Composition

As on 31st March 2022, the Committee was consisting the following members:

Name of Members	Designation
Managing Director	Chairman
Ms. Sonia Prashar, Director	Member
Chief Financial Officer	Member
Company Secretary	Member

### C. Meeting and attendance

The Committee met 1 (one) time during the Financial Year 2021-22. The details are as under:

S.No.	Date	Committee Strength	No. of Members Present
1	15th September 2021	4	3

### D. Attendance at Share Transfer Committee Meetings held during the Financial Year 2021-2022:

The Committee strength and number of members present in the meeting during the Financial Year 2021-22 were as follows:

Name of Members	Attendance	
	No. of Meetings held during the tenure	Meetings Attended
Mr. Vinod Paremal (Managing Director) Chairman	1	1
Ms. Sonia Prashar (Director) Member	1	1
Ms. Swati Surhatia (Company Secretary) Member	1	1
Mr. Rajeev Agarwal (Chief Financial Officer) Member*	=	-

\* Ms. Shivangi Negi had resigned as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 4th June 2021 and Mr. Rajeev Agarwal was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 15th November 2021 in the place of Ms Shivangi Negi.

Pursuant to Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations, certificate on yearly basis confirming due compliance of Share Transfer formalities by Registrar and Share Transfer Agent including sub-division, consolidation etc. is obtained from a Practicing Company Secretary within one month of the end of the Financial Year and the same is sent to stock exchange within prescribed time.

In addition, as stipulated by SEBI, a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report by a Practicing Company Secretary for reconciliation of the Share

Capital confirming that the total issued capital of the Company is in agreement with the total number of shares in physical form and total number of dematerialized shares held by NSDL and CDSL, is placed before the Board on a quarterly basis. A copy of the said Audit Report is also submitted to the Stock Exchange within prescribed time.

### 3.4.3 COMMITTEE FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF AN EVENT OR INFORMATION

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations, the Board has constituted a Committee for determining materiality of an event or information and a policy in this regard was also framed by the Board. Meeting of this Committee is event based and during the Financial Year 2021-22 no meeting was required to be held.

As on 31st March 2022, the committee was consisting the following members:

Name of Members	Designation
Managing Director	Chairman
Chief Financial Officer	Member
Company Secretary	Member

### 4. SUBSIDIARY

The Company does not have any subsidiary.

### 5. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Location, date and time of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held during the preceding three years and Special Resolution passed thereat are as follows:

General Meeting	Day & Date	Time	Location (Registered Office)	Particulars of Special Resolution passed
33 <sup>rd</sup> AGM	Monday, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Aug. 2021	02:30 p.m.	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)	Appointment of Mr. Vinod Paremal as a Director of the Company with effect from 13 <sup>th</sup> August, 2020 and liable to retire by rotation. He was also appointed as Managing Director by the members in their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021, however subject to the approval by the Central Government.
				Re-appointment of Ms. Sonia Prashar as an Independent Director of the Company to hold office for a 2 <sup>nd</sup> term of 5 (Five) consecutive years with effect from 4 <sup>th</sup> August 2021.
32 <sup>nd</sup> AGM	Thursday, 13 <sup>th</sup> Aug. 2020	02:30 p.m.	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)	There was no special resolution passed in the 32 <sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company.
31st AGM	Friday, 13 <sup>th</sup> Sept 2019	11:00 a.m.	A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Estate, Bhartiagram, Gajraula-244223, Uttar Pradesh	Approval of remuneration of Mr. Brijesh Arora- Managing Director (DIN: 00952523)

### 5.1 Disclosures related to Postal Ballot

During the Financial year ended 31st March 2022 the Company has not passed any Resolution through Postal Ballot.

Further, till the date of signing of this report, no Special Resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot.

#### Procedure of Postal ballot

Resolutions, if required, shall be passed by Postal Ballot during the year ending on 31st March 2023, as per the prescribed procedure under the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

### 6. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Quarterly Results: The quarterly results of the Company are announced within 45 (forty five) davs of completion of each quarter. Audited Annual Results are announced within 60 (sixty) days from the end of the Financial Year. The Company regularly intimates unaudited as well as audited financial results to the stock exchange, immediately after these are approved by the Board. The quarterly and annual financial results are normally published in "Business Standard" Newspaper - All India Edition (English Language) and "Business Standard" (Vernacular Language). The Company also ensures that financial results are promptly and prominently displayed on Company's Website www.insilcoindia.com for the information of all stakeholders. All the important events and official news releases of the Company including requirements of Regulation 46 of Listing Regulations are also disclosed on the website of the Company for ready reference of the Investors.

Annual Report: Annual Report containing inter-alia Audited Accounts, Directors' Report, Management Discussion and Analysis Report (MD&A), Auditor's Report, Corporate Governance Report including information for Shareholders and other important information is circulated to the members and others entitled thereto.

The Company also ensures that the details of its business, financial information, shareholding pattern, compliance with corporate governance, contact information of the designated officials of the Company who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances, details of agreements entered into with media companies and/or their associates including all other mandatory disclosures are promptly and prominently displayed at the following web link: <a href="http://www.insilcoindia.com/Investors.htm">http://www.insilcoindia.com/Investors.htm</a>.

The official news releases and presentation made to institutional investors/analysts, if any, whenever made by the Company, are also displayed at the following web link :http://www.insilcoindia.com/Investors.htm.

#### 7. MANAGEMENT

Management discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition is included in the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2021-2022 and this report contains all the applicable information specified under Listing Regulations. The disclosures have been made by all Senior Management

Personnel for the Financial Year 2021-2022 regarding all material, financial and commercial transactions where they have a personal interest, which may have a potential conflict with interest of the Company at large, if any.

### 8. SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

The brief resume of all the directors seeking appointment/re-appointment/fixation of term are available in this report in the notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Quarterly and Annual results of the Company are forwarded to Bombay Stock Exchange, where securities of the Company are listed. The quarterly financial statements as well as the annual financial statements are posted on the Company's website. Corporate announcements made by the Company from time to time are also posted on the Company's website.

#### 9. CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

The Certificate required under Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations duly signed by Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer has been placed before the Board in its meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> May 2022. Copy of the same is attached as **Annexure-2.2** to this report.

### 10. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

### 10.1 Particulars of ensuing Annual General Meeting

Date	21st September 2022		
Time	02:00 P.M.(IST)		
Day	Wednesday		
Venue	Through Video Conference		
Financial Year	The Company follows the period of 1st April to 31st March as the Financial Year.		
Book Closure dates	15 <sup>th</sup> September 2022 to 21 <sup>st</sup> September 2022		
Dividend Payment Dates	No dividend has been recommended for the Financial Year 2021-22.		

### 10.2 Listing on Stock Exchange (With Stock Code)

Name and address of Stock Exchange	Stock Code
BSE Limited (BSE)	500211
25th Floor, Phiroze JeeJeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400001	

### 10.3 Listing Fee

Annual Listing fee for the year 2021-2022 has been paid to BSE Limited.

#### 10.4 ISIN No. in NSDL & CDSL

INF901A01011

### 10.5 Stock Market Data

The Monthly High/Low stock prices of Company Equity Shares at BSE Sensex during Financial Year 2021-2022 are given below:

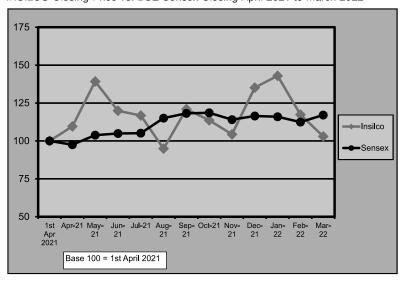
	BSE Limited						
Month	Insilco Sha	re Price	BSE Sensex				
	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	High	Low			
Apr 2021	8.50	5.73	50,375.77	47,204.50			
May 2021	10.95	6.75	52,013.22	48,028.07			
Jun 2021	10.10	7.50	53,126.73	51,450.58			
Jul 2021	8.50	7.50	53,290.81	51,802.73			
Aug 2021	8.15	6.01	57,625.26	52,804.08			
Sep 2021	8.50	6.02	60,412.32	57,263.90			
Oct 2021	8.60	7.05	62,245.43	58,551.14			
Nov 2021	8.11	6.90	61,036.56	56,382.93			
Dec 2021	9.21	6.83	59,203.37	55,132.68			
Jan 2022	11.06	8.61	61,475.15	56,409.63			
Feb 2022	11.11	7.01	59,618.51	54,383.20			
Mar 2022	8.10	6.71	58,890.92	52,260.82			

Source: www.bseindia.com

### 10.6 Stock Performance in comparison to BSE Sensex

The performance of the Company's Closing Share price relative to the BSE Sensex for the year 2021-2022 is given in the chart below :

INSILCO Closing Price vs. BSE Sensex Closing April 2021 to March 2022



### 10.7 Registrar and Transfer Agent

Address & E-mail ID	Telephone Number	Fax Number
MCS Share Transfer Agent Ltd., F-65, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase-I, New Delhi-110020 helpdeskdelhi@mcsregistrars.com	(011) 41406149-52	(011) 41709881

### 10.8 Share Transfer System

The application for Transfer, Transmission and issue of duplicate shares are received at the office of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited or by Company at its registered office. If the Transfers & Transmission documents are in order, the Transfers & Transmission of shares is processed within prescribed time from date of receipt of documents complete in all respect.

### 10.9 Dematerialization of Shares & Liquidity

The shares of the Company are in compulsory dematerialized segment and are available for trading system of both NSDL and CDSL. The details of the no. of shares held in Dematerialized form and physical mode as on 31st March 2022 are as follows:

	Physical		Dematerialized		Total	
Name	No. of Shares	% to Paid up capital	No. of Shares	% to Paid up capital		% to Paid up capital
Evonik Operations GmbH	-	-	45,853,315	73.11	45,853,315	73.11
Others	2,429,627	3.88	14,432,058	23.01	16,861,685	26.89
Total	2,429,627	3.88	60,285,373	96.12	62,715,000	100.00

# 10.10 As on 31st March 2022, the Distribution of Shareholding of the Company was as follows:

Range of No. of Equity Shares held	Total No. of Shares held	% to Total	No. of folios	% to Total
1 to 500	4499128	7.18	34625	90.40
501 to 1000	1556046	2.48	1849	4.83
1001 to 2000	1316072	2.10	846	2.21
2001 to 3000	800363	1.28	307	0.80
3001 to 4000	465636	0.74	129	0.34
4001 to 5000	706698	1.13	148	0.38
5001 to 10000	1575300	2.51	211	0.55
10001 to 50000	3532864	5.63	161	0.42
50001 to 100000	1017721	1.62	15	0.04
100001 and above	47245172	75.33	10	0.03
Total	62,715,000	100.00	38,301	100.00

# 10.11 Shareholding Pattern of the Company as on 31st March 2022:

Category	No. of Shares	% to total
Promoters - Evonik Operations GmbH	45,853,315	73.11
Residents (Individual)	15,429,272	24.60
Financial Institutions and Banks	23,680	0.04
Non-Resident Individuals/ OCBs	277,042	0.45
Indian Corporate Bodies/ Trusts	1,117,631	1.78
Mutual Funds/ Insurance Companies	14,060	0.02
Total	62,715,000	100.00

# 10.12 Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

No GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments has been issued by the Company.

# 10.13 Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

No hedging activities have been done as Commodity price risk and Foreign exchange risk are not material.

# 10.14 Plant Location

Gajraula	A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram, Gajraula-244223, Uttar Pradesh, India
aujiuulu	77 6, 61 6186 maderial 746a, Bhartagram, Gajrada 244226, Gitar Fradom, mala

# 10.15 Credit Rating

No credit ratings were obtained by the entity during the relevant financial year under review, since there were no debt instruments or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal of the listed entity involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad.

# 10.16 Address for Correspondence

 All correspondence regarding transfer and dematerialization of share certificates should be addressed to our Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited located at:

F-65, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area,

Phase-I, New Delhi - 110020

Following are the contact numbers:
Phone Numbers : (011) 41406149-52
Fax number : (011) 41709881

Email Address : <u>helpdeskdelhi@mcsregistrars.com</u>

ii. For any other information, the Shareholders may contact the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company situated at:

A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram,

Gajraula-244223, District Amroha, Uttar Pradesh, India Telephone : (0) 98378 23893 & 98379 23893

Fax No. : (05924) 252348
Email address : insilco2@gmail.com
Website : www.insilcoindia.com

# 11. DISCLOSURE OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN REGULATION 17 TO 27 AND REGULATION 46 OF LISTING REGULATIONS

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of Listing Regulations including Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46.

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of Listing Regulations including Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 except Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, for the period from 1st May, 2021 till 4th July, 2021, which was with respect to constitution of Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Bombay stock exchange limited had levied fine on the Company for the same. The said fine amount was duly paid by the company.

# 12. CERTIFICATE FROM PRACTICING COMPANY SECRETARY REGARDING COMPLIANCE OF CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

M/s. APK & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary, has audited the conditions of the Corporate Governance and after being satisfied with the compliance of the same, a certificate on compliance of the same has been issued to the Company, which is attached as **Annexure-2.3** to this report.

#### 13. OTHER DISCLOSURES

• There were no materially significant related party transactions of the Company, which have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Indian Accounting Standards, the related party transactions during the Financial Year 2021-2022 have been disclosed in Note no. 25 of Notes to Accounts to Financial Statements.

The Company is in the Compliance of the provisions of Regulation 23 of Listing regulations. The required disclosures with respect to the related party transactions were duly made to Audit Committee on a quarterly basis in terms of provisions of Listing Regulations.

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy through which vigil mechanism of the Company has been laid down. The Company affirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee on any issue. Such policy is available on

the website of the Company at the following link: https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/Whistle%20Blower%20Policy.pdf.

- The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations. The Company has not adopted discretionary requirement of the Listing Regulations.
- As the Company has no subsidiary, the Board has not framed any policy for determining material subsidiary.
- The policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is available at the following web link of the Company: <a href="https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/">https://www.insilcoindia.com/Pdf/</a>

RELATED%20PARTY%20TRANSACTION% 20POLICY.pdf

- The Company has not obtained any public funding during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022.
- There is no event where board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year.
- Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part.
- The Company don't have any demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account, as the same is not required.
- The Company don't have any Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested.
- There were no funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

# For & on behalf of the Board of Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/Sonia Prashar Vinod Paremal
Director Managing Director
DIN: 06477222 DIN: 08803466

Place : New Delhi Place : Mumbai Date : 30th May, 2022 Date : 30th May, 2022

# **Annexure 2.1**

# **DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT BY MANAGING DIRECTOR**

I, Vinod Paremal, Managing Director of Insilco Limited hereby confirm and declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2022.

For Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Place: Mumbai Date: 30th May, 2022 Sd/-Vinod Paremal Managing Director DIN: 08803466

# **Annexure 2.2**

# **CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION**

To, The Board of Directors Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

# CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO) & CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO) CERTIFICATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-2022

We hereby certify to the Board that:

- 1. We have reviewed financial statements and cash flow statement for the Financial Year 2021-2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - (a) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - (b) these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the listed entity during the said period which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.
- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- 4. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
  - (a) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the said period;
  - (b) significant changes in accounting policies during the said period and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (c) instances of significant fraud (if any) of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial reporting.

For Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/-Vinod Paremal Managing Director Sd/-Rajeev Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Place: Noida, UP Date: 30th May, 2022 Date: 30th May, 2022

# Annexure-2.3

# **Corporate Governance Certificate**

To The Members Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)("the Company"), for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to the Listing Regulations except, Regulation 19(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, for the period from 1st May, 2021 till 4th July, 2021, with respect to constitution of Nomination and Remuneration Committee. As a result of which BSE limited had levied fine on the Company for the quarter ended 30.06.2021 and for further 4 days i.e. 1st July, 2021 to 4th July 2021. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was duly reconstituted by the board of directors of the company on 05th July 2021 in compliance with regulation 19(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For APK & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Ajay Kumar Prajapati (Prop.) CP No.: 22365

ACS No. 49295 UDIN:A049295D000424901

Date: 30.05.2022 Place: New Delhi

# Annexure-2.4

# **CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members of
INSILCO LIMITED
(Under Voluntary Liquidation)
A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area,
PO Bhartiagram, Gajraula,
Dist Amroha, Uttar Pradesh-244 223

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **INSILCO LIMITED (Under Voluntary Liquidation)** having CIN L34102UP1988PLC010141 and having registered office at A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, P.O. Bhartiagram, Gajraula, Distt. Amroha, Uttar Pradesh-244223 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal <a href="www.mca.gov.in">www.mca.gov.in</a>) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ended 31st March 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or by any other such Statutory Authority.

S. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	DIN Date of appointment in the Company	
1.	Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta	00041164	31/12/2005	-
2.	Ms. Sonia Prashar	06477222	04/08/2016	-
3.	Ms. Meng Tang	07012101	13/11/2014	-
4.	Mr. Christian Schlossnikl	07557639	04/08/2016	-
5.	Mr. Paremal Narayanan Vinod	08803466	13/08/2020	-
6.	Mr. Gopalakrishnan Anantharaman Iyer	00388092	10/12/2020	01/07/2021

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Nityanand Singh & Co. Company Secretaries

Sd/-Nityanand Singh (Prop.) FCS No. 2668/ CP No. 2388 UDIN: F002668D000377834

Date: 24.05.2022 Place: New Delhi

# Annexure - 3

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### **Overall Review**

Due to refusal of "Consent to Operate" by Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) *vide* its orders dated October 22, 2019, the Company filed Fresh Applications dated November 21, 2019, for Consent to Operate, however, the same were dismissed by the UPPCB *vide* order dated February 4, 2020. The Board of your Company, after due consideration, unanimously agreed not to pursue the matter any further.

With effect from June 25, 2021, the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process and Mr. Chandra Prakash (having registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023) has been appointed as the Liquidator of the Company, who is discharging his functions and duties provided in the Code and the IBBI (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017 ("VL Regulations").

### Industry Structure and Developments

Sales of Precipitated Silica during the year were Nil (previous year Nil). The Production during the year was Nil (previous year Nil).

# Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance

The Board of Directors are of the view that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate and therefore, the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company management has assessed carrying value of assets and liabilities and based on current estimates, certain adjustments have been made in the books of account during the year ended March 31, 2022.

# A. Financial Position

#### 1. Non-Current Assets:

# (i) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) & Other Intangible Assets

The Property, plant and equipments aggregating to Rs. 0.30 Millions as compared to Rs. 46.89 Millions as on March 31, 2021 includes for IT and Lab assets, which is not part of sales list. Rest of the assets transferred to Assets classified as held for sale.

(ii) Other Non-current assets which mainly included Right-of-use assets, Investments properties & Financial assets as on March 31, 2021 have also been reclassified as held for sale. Other noncurrent assets and Income tax assets are regrouped with Current assets as at March 31, 2022.

# 2. Current Assets

#### (i) Inventories

Inventories amount to Rs. 2.64 Million as on

March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 4.96 Million as on March 31, 2021. Inventory consists of only H.S.D. inventory as at March 31, 2022. Further, inventory of INR 1.8 Million has been reclassified as asset held for sale.

# (ii) Financial Assets

#### Investments

As on March 31, 2022, there are no investments in Mutual Funds.

#### **Trade Receivables**

There are no trade receivables as on March 31, 2022.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances

As at March 31, 2022, the Company had a Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Bank Balances of Rs. 345.11 Million. This represents 80% of total assets. Cash and Cash equivalents includes Rs. 210.00 Million received as advance towards sales consideration of assets.

#### Loan and Other Financial Assets

Loan and Other Financial Assets amount to Rs. 3.94 Million as on March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 6.02 Million as on March 31, 2021. It includes Rs. 3.56 Million towards Interest accrued on fixed deposits.

### (iii) Other Current Assets

Other current assets amount to Rs. 13.91 Million as on March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 3.65 Million as on March 31, 2021. Increased due to regrouping of input credit Rs. 11.27 Million from other non-current asset.

# (iv) Assets classifies as held for sale

Assets amount to Rs. 67.24 Million as on March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. Nil as on March 31, 2021 includes the following:

Particulars	As of March 31, 2022 (Rs. in Million)
Property, plant and equipment	46.62
Right of use assets	11.64
Inventory	1.80
Security Deposits	7.08
Investment property	0.10
Total	67.24

#### 3. Equity Share Capital

The Company has one class of shares - equity shares of par value of Rs. 10/- each. The authorized share

capital of the Company is Rs. 657.15 Million divided into 65,715,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each. The issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital stood at Rs. 627.15 Million as on year ended March 31, 2022.

During the year, there is no change in share capital of the Company.

# 4. Other equity

# **Reserves and Surplus**

The balance retained in the Profit & Loss Account as on March 31, 2022 is Rs. (463.42) Million as compared to Rs. (356.91) Million as on March 31, 2021. The book value per share at the end of the year is Rs. 2.61 as compared to Rs.4.31 at the end of previous year.

#### 5. Non-Current Liabilities

# Financial Liabilities

# (i) Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities as at March 31, 2022 is Rs. Nil Million as compared to Rs. 0.09 Million as on March 31, 2021. This includes leasehold land of Gajraula.

# **Employee benefit obligations**

Employee benefit obligations as at March 31, 2022 is Rs. Nil Million as compared to Rs. 1.75 Million as on March 31, 2021. This represents liabilities towards payment of retention bonus and exgratia.

#### **Deferred Tax Liabilities**

Deferred tax liabilities as at March 31, 2022 is Nil.

# 6. Current Liabilities

The Company owes an amount of Rs. 270.15 Million (includes Rs 210.4 million advance towards sale consideration of assets) as on March 31, 2022 as compared to Rs. 99.46 Million as on March 31, 2021. This represents 215.39% of total expenditure for the year ended March 31, 2022 as compared to 15.95% of previous year mainly due to advance of Rs 210.4 million towards sale consideration of assets. These liabilities include the following:

Particulars	As of March 31, 2022 (Rs. in Million)
Lease liabilities	-
Trade Payables	8.78
Other Financial Liabilities	
Employee related liabilities	0.26
Liability towards employees voluntary retirement scheme	2.60
Security deposits from Vendors	0.01
Employee benefit obligations	
Compensated absences	1.52
Retention bonus/exgratia	10.71
Gratuity	1.01
Provisions	32.02
Other Current Liabilities:	
Advance towards sale consideration of assets	210.40
Statutory dues	2.74
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	0.10
Total	270.15

# B. Results of Operations

# 1. Turnover

The detail of turnover of the Company is as per table given below:

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Revenue from Operations	Nil	Nil

# 2. Net Profit/Loss After Tax

The total comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 is Rs. 106.51 Million as compared to loss of Rs. 571.54 Million in previous year.

# 3. Earnings Per Share

The basic EPS during the year is Rs. (1.70) per share as against Rs. (9.20) per share in the previous year.

# 4. Employee Benefits Expense

The employees' remuneration and benefits for the year ended March 31, 2022 are Rs. 40.14 Million as compared to Rs. 259.18 Million for the year ended March 31, 2021. This includes voluntary retirement scheme benefit of Rs. Nil Million and Rs. 16.28 Million for retention bonus/exgratia as compared to Rs. 167.34 Million and Rs. 13.52 Million respectively for year ended March 31, 2021.

# 5. Depreciation and impairment

There has been provided a sum of Rs. 0.18 Million towards depreciation for the year ended March 31, 2022. Further, impairment provision on Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets of Rs. Nil Million has been created.

#### 6. Other Expenses

Other expenses for the year ended March 31, 2022 are Rs. 84.68 Million as compared to Rs. 195.47 Million for the year ended March 31, 2021. The other expenses includes power and fuel, loss allowance on stores and spare parts, waste/ assets disposal, Transfer Levy etc.

# FINANCIAL DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

[Rs. in Million except per share data and other information]

Description	March 2022	March 2021	March 2020	March 2019	March 2018
Financial Performance					
Sales	-	-	577.47	951.47	888.04
Less: Excise duty	-	-	-	-	(22.17)
Turnover (net of excise duty)	-	-	577.47	951.47	865.87
(Loss)/Profit before Interest, Investment Income, Depreciation, Exceptional Items and Tax	(124.82)	(581.61)	(122.19)	(70.89)	(14.49)
Other Income					
(i) Income from Interest & Investment	16.18	31.63	47.81	37.61	34.25
(ii) Other income (other than income from interest and Investment)	1.44	15.48	5.70	2.87	5.52
Interest Expenses	(0.42)	(6.41)	(0.12)	(3.24)	(0.18)
Depreciation and Amortization	(0.18)	(20.04)	(28.28)	(24.64)	(19.16)
Exceptional Items	-	-	-	-	
(Loss)/Profit Before tax	(107.80)	(576.43)	(102.78)	(61.17)	0.42
Taxation charge / (Release)	(1.29)	0.76	1.95	(0.77)	(3.22)
(Loss)/Profit after Tax	(106.51)	(577.19)	(104.73)	(60.41)	3.64
Other comprehensive income	-	5.65	(2.86)	(2.41)	1.65
Total comprehensive income for the year	(106.51)	(571.54)	(107.59)	(62.82)	5.29
Balance Sheet					
Share Capital	627.15	627.15	627.15	627.15	627.15
Reserves and Surpluses (including other reserves)	(463.42)	(356.91)	214.63	322.22	385.03
Net Worth	163.73	270.24	841.78	949.37	1012.18
Non-Current Liabilities	-	1.85	4.71	1.09	1.67
Non-Current Assets	-	86.41	248.10	258.75	228.24
Net Current Assets	163.73	185.68	598.40	691.71	785.61
Total Assets	433.88	371.55	889.85	1050.53	1097.65

Description	March 2022	March 2021	March 2020	March 2019	March 2018
Per Share Data					
Basic EPS (Rs.)	(1.70)	(9.20)	(1.64)	(0.96)	0.06
Book Value per share (Rs.)	2.61	4.31	13.42	15.14	16.14
Other Information					
Number of Shareholders	38288	37151	37595	38124	39360

# **RATIO ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

Description	March 2022	March 2021	March 2020	March 2019	March 2018
Ratios-Financial Performance					
Gross Profit/ Total Sales [%]	-	-	16%	18%	23%
Profit /(Loss) Before Interest, Investment Income, Depreciation, Exceptional Item & Tax/ Total Sales [%]	-	-	-21%	-7%	-2%
Profit/(Loss) Before Interest, Investment Income, Depreciation & Tax/ Total Sales [%]	-	-	-21%	-7%	-2%
Ratios-Balance Sheet					
Debt Equity Ratio (Long Term Debt : Equity)	-	-	-	-	-
Current Ratio	1.60	2.87	14.80	7.91	10.37

For Insilco Limited (Under Voluntary Liquidation)

Sd/-Rajeev Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

# To the Members of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# **Qualified Opinion**

- We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and, except for the indeterminate effects of the matter referred to the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and total comprehensive loss (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

# 3. We draw your attention to the following:

Note 33(a) to the financial statement regarding suspension of the Company's manufacturing operations due to rejection of the Company's applications for water and air consent approvals by the U.P. Pollution Control Board (UPPCB) vide its order dated October 22, 2019. The Company's appeals before the Special Secretary. Department of Environment, UP have been dismissed by the Special Secretary vide orders dated December 4, 2020. As stated in the said note, the Board of Directors recommended voluntary liquidation of the Company and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate as there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. Further, as stated in Note 33(b), with effect from June 25, 2021 the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process subsequent to consent of the Board on May 31, 2021 and approval of the shareholders and creditors of the Company to voluntarily liquidate the Company and appointment of a Liquidator in accordance with Section 59 of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code"). Further, as described in notes 33(b) and 33(c) to the financial statement,

- any adjustments to the classification and carrying value of assets and liabilities of the Company as an outcome of future course of actions including completion of sale of assets being subject to execution of definitive documents upon receipt of UPSIDA approval for transfer of leasehold land, cannot be ascertained at this stage.
- Note 34 to the financial statement regarding letter dated July 1, 2020 of Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority (UPSIDA) granting conditional approval of the change in Shareholding and Directors in earlier years subject to payment of proportionate transfer levy amounting to Rs. 80,900 ('000), restriction on transfer of controlling interest for five years. execution of fresh lease deed with the Company, increase in lease rent during remaining period of lease of land and compliance with other conditions. As described in the said note, the company has deposited transfer levy of Rs. 80,900 ('000) along with interest of Rs. 5,710 ('000) under protest which was expensed off during the year ended March 31, 2021 and has UPSIDA contested before aforementioned other terms and conditions in respect of the lease are not applicable to the Company. As described in the said note, the Company has filed writ petition before the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court in this regard which is pending disposal.
- Note 36 to the financial statement regarding ongoing proceedings before the Office of Deputy Labour Commissioner/ Assistant Labour Commissioner (DLC/ALC) in connection with claims of thirty-six ex-employees of the Company seeking their reinstatement in the Company along with certain other reliefs from the Company alleging that their services were illegally terminated by paying the amount as per the Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) and that the VRS was not specifically asked for by the employees. Further, as stated in the Note 36 to the financial statement, suit before the Ld. Civil Judge (Senior Division) Amroha District Court ("Ld. Court"), instituted by the said thirty-six former employees of the Company praying for a permanent injunction on the alienation of the machinery at the Insilco factory at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh and revocation of the Voluntary Retirement Scheme offered to the employees is pending disposal. As described in the said notes, the Company is not in a position to comment on the likely outcome of the ongoing proceedings.

Pending resolution of these matters, we are unable to comment on the aggregate potential impact, if any, on the financial statement.

 We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

# Key audit matters

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we have determined that there are no other key matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Other Information

6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's report, Corporate Governance report and Management discussion and analysis report to be included in the Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

7. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

8. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act,

we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 13. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

14. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- 15. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, except for the indeterminate effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph section of our report, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, except for the indeterminate effect of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - (e) The matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
  - (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - (g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report.
  - (h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
  - (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 26 to the financial statements;
    - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at March 31, 2022.
    - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2022.

# INSILCO LIMITED

(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 40(a)(vii) to the financial statements);
  - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner

- whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 40(a)(vii) to the financial statements); and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- 16. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/ E-300009

Sd/-

# Charan S Gupta

Partner

Membership Number: 093044 UDIN: 22093044AJVRBY7280

Gurugram May 30, 2022

# Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 15(h) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

 We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for

ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to

financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Basis for Qualified opinion**

- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, a material weakness in the Company's internal control system has been identified as at March 31, 2022 in the period end financial reporting process as we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence with respect to operating effectiveness of the Company's internal control for the evaluation and assessment of carrying value of certain assets and liabilities along with the classification, presently under litigation as described in note 34 and 36 of the financial statements, along with the related uncertainty over the future course of events in respect of realisation of the assets and settlement of its liabilities as described in note 33 of the financial statements.
- 9. A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

- 10. In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the material weaknesses described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as of March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.
- 11. We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the material weaknesses referred to in paragraph 8 have affected our opinion on the financial statements of the Company and we have issued a qualified opinion on the financial statements. Refer Basis of Qualified Opinion section of the main audit report.

# For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 304026E/ E-300009

Sd/-

### Charan S Gupta

Partnei

Membership Number: 093044 UDIN: 22093044AJVRBY7280

Gurugram May 30, 2022

# **Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report**

Referred to in paragraph 14 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022

- i. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 3(a), 4 and 11 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets does not arise. Also refer Note 40(a)(x) to the financial statements.
  - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise. Also refer Note 40(a)(i) to the financial statements.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
  - (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.

- 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise. Also refer Note 40(a)(ii) to the financial statements.
- iii. (a) The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
  - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of Income tax and goods and service tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Also, refer note 26(c) to the financial statements regarding management's assessment on certain matters relating to provident fund.
    - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues of provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, goods and service tax, income tax and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The particulars of other statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at March 31, 2022 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the	statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs.'000)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Uttar Prades Added Tax, 2		Value added tax	546	2015-16	Assistant Commissioner of Commercial Tax(Appeals)	Net of payment under protest of Rs. 231 ('000)

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account. Also refer Note 40(a)(viii) to the financial statements.
- ix. (a) As the Company did not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority. Also refer Note 40(a)(iii) to the financial statements.
  - (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not obtained any term loans.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short term basis.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.
  - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing

- practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (xi) (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (xiv) (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India

- Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 106,333 ('000) in the financial year and of Rs 414,715 ('000) in the immediately preceding financial year. Also refer note 40(b)(iv) to the financial statements.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under

- clause (xviii) is not applicable.
- (xix) As described in detail in paragraph 3(a) of the Main Audit Report, the Company is in the Voluntary Liquidation Proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Act 2016 and accordingly use of going concern as basis of preparation of financial statements is not considered to be appropriate.
- (xx) The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/ E-300009

Sd/-

# Charan S Gupta

Partner

Membership Number: 093044 UDIN: 22093044AJVRBY7280

Gurugram May 30, 2022 INSILCO LIMITED
(Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

# Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022 (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

Dalatice Stieet as at March 31, 2022	All amounts	rks. In 1000" unles	s otnerwise stated)
PARTICULARS	Notes	As at 31-Mar-2022	As at 31-Mar-2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3(a)	303	46,890
Right-of-use assets	3(b)	-	11,822
Investment properties	4	-	104
Other intangible assets	5	-	-
Financial assets			
i. Loans	6 (a)	-	227
ii. Other financial assets	6 (b)	-	7,116
Other non-current assets	7 (a)	-	11,318
Income tax assets (net)	7 (b)		8,937
Total non-current assets		303	86,414
Current assets			
Inventories Financial assets	8	2,636	4,963
i. Trade receivables	9 (a)	-	-
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	9 (b)	20,614	20,303
iii. Bank balances other than (ii) above	9 (c)	324,500	250,197
iv. Loans	6 (a)	-	195
v. Other financial assets	6 (b)	3,940	5,825
Income tax assets (net)	7 (b)	737	-
Other current assets	10	13,907	3,649
Assets classified as held for sale	11(a)	67,241	
Total current assets		433,575	285,132
Total assets		433,878	371,546
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Equity share capital	12 (a)	627,150	627,150
	12 (a)	027,130	027,130
Other equity Reserves and surplus	12 (b)	(463,423)	(356,907)
Total equity	()	163,727	270,243
		=====	=======================================
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities  i. Lease liabilities	2/b)		94
Lease liabilities     Employee benefit obligations	3(b) 14 (a)	-	
	14 (a)		1,753
Total non-current liabilities			1,847
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	0/1.)		
i. Lease liabilities	3(b)	-	3
ii. Trade payables	40 /b\	4 507	
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises  (b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii) (a) above	13 (b)	1,567	3 8 8 5 6
<ul><li>(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii) (a) above</li><li>iii. Other financial liabilities</li></ul>		7,219 2,866	8,856 26,199
III. Other illianda liabilities	13 (c)	۷,000	20,199

# **INSILCO LIMITED**

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Notes	As at 31-Mar-2022	As at 31-Mar-2021
Provisions	13 (d)	32,018	35,343
Employee benefit obligations	14 (b)	13,239	5,388
Other current liabilities	16	213,143	23,664
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	11(b)	99	-
Total current liabilities		270,151	99,456
Total liabilities		270,151	101,303
Total equity and liabilities		433,878	371,546

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No.: 304026E/E-300009

Sd/-

Charan S. Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 093044

Place: Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sonia Prashar Paremal Narayanan Vinod

Director Managing Director
DIN: 06477222 DIN: 08803466
Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai

Sd/- Sd/-

Rajeev Agarwal
Chief Financial officer
Place: Noida

Geetika Varshney
Company Secretary
Place: Palwal

Sd/-

Chandra Prakash

Liquidator of Insilco Limited[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/

IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023]

Place: New Delhi

Date: May 30, 2022

# Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

	(All alliounts	na. iii ooo unica	3 Other wise stated)
PARTICULARS	Notes	Year ended 31-Mar-2022	Year ended 31-Mar-2021
Other income	17 (a)	16,305	34,171
Other gains/(losses) (net)	17 (b)	1,312	12,938
Total income		17,617	47,109
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	18	-	-
Employee benefit expense	19	40,135	259,182
Depreciation and amortisation expense	20 (a)	183	20,039
Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets	20 (b)	-	142,436
Other expenses	21	84,683	195,469
Finance costs	23	423	6,409
Total expenses		125,424	623,535
Loss before tax		(107,807)	(576,426)
Income tax expense	24		
- Taxes relating to earlier years		(5,727)	2,718
- Income Tax for the year		4,436	-
- Deferred tax			(1,954)
Total tax expense		(1,291)	764
Loss for the year		(106,516)	(577,190)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans (net of tax)		_	5,653
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			5,653
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(106,516)	(571,537)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings per equity share (Rs.)	28	(1.70)	(9.20)
Diluted earnings per equity share (Rs.)	28	(1.70)	(9.20)
Nominal value per equity share (Rs.)		10	10
			l

The above statement of profit and loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No.: 304026E/E-300009

Charan S. Gupta

Partner

Sd/-

Membership No. 093044

Place : Gurugram Date : May 30, 2022

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sonia Prashar
Director
DIN: 06477222
Place: New Delhi
Paremal Narayanan Vinod
Managing Director
DIN: 08803466
Place: Mumbai

Sd/- Sd/

Rajeev AgarwalGeetika VarshneyChief Financial officerCompany SecretaryPlace: NoidaPlace: Palwal

Sd/-

Chandra Prakash

Liquidator of Insilco Limited[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/

IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023]

Place: New Delhi

Date: May 30, 2022

# Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

# A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Notes	Amount
At 01 April 2020	12 (a)	627,150
Change in equity share capital		-
At 31 March 2021		627,150
Change in equity share capital		-
At 31 March 2022		627,150

# B. Other Equity

		Attributable to owners of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)	
Particulars		Reserves & surplus	
	Notes	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2020		214,630	214,630
Loss for the year	12 (b)	(577,190)	(577,190)
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	12 (b)	5,653	5,653
Balance as at 31 March 2021		(356,907)	(356,907)
Loss for the year	12 (b)	(106,516)	(106,516)
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	12 (b)	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022		(463,423)	(463,423)

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No.: 304026E/E-300009

Sd/-

Charan S. Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 093044

Place: Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sonia Prashar Paremal Narayanan Vinod

Director Managing Director
DIN: 06477222 DIN: 08803466
Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai

Sd/- Sd/-

Rajeev Agarwal
Chief Financial officer
Place: Noida

Geetika Varshney
Company Secretary
Place: Palwal

Sd/-

**Chandra Prakash** 

Liquidator of Insilco Limited[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/

IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023]

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 30, 2022

# Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS         Notes         Year ended 31-Mar-2022         Year ended 31-Mar-2021           Cash flow from operating activities         (107,807)         (576,426)           (Loss) before income tax         (107,807)         (576,426)           Adjustments for         20 (a)         183         20,039           Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets         20 (b)         -         142,436           Net (Gain)/ Loss on disposal of property, plant and and intangible assets         17 (b)         -         (10,745)           Net (Gain)/ loss on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss         17 (b)         -         (10,745)           Net use through profit and loss         17 (b)         -         (10,745)           Gain on termination of lease         17 (b)         -         (101)           Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost         17 (a)         (16,173)         (20,889)           Finance costs         23         375         6,409           Capital work in progress (LPG Project) written off         21         -         3,133           Provision for obsolete stores & spares and packing material/ (written back)         17 (b)         (875)         (6)           Loss allowance / (written back)         17 (b)         (875)
(Loss) before income tax
Adjustments for  Depreciation and amortisation expense 20 (a) 183 20,039 Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment 20 (b) - 142,436 and intangible assets  Net (Gaini)/ Loss on disposal of property, plant and 17(b), 21 (421) (2,052) equipment (net)  Net (gaini)/loss on financial assets measured at fair 17 (b) - (10,745) value through profit and loss  Gain on termination of lease 17 (b) - (101) Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost 17 (a) (16,173) (20,889) Finance costs 23 375 6,409 Capital work in progress (LPG Project) written off 21 - 3,133 Provision for obsolete stores & spares and packing material/ 21 (written back) Liabilities and provision no longer required written back 17 (b) (875) (6) Loss allowance / (written back) 17 (b) 16 34  Changes in operating assets and liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in inventories 528 9,034 (Increase)/ decrease in other financial asset (40) 96 (Increase)/ decrease in other ron-current assets 1,293 (12,319) (Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables 786 (9,136) Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities (23,333) 20,796 Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities (23,333) 32,0796 Increase/ (decrease) in provisions (3,325) 35,186 Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit obligations 6,098 (1,979)
Depreciation and amortisation expense 20 (a) 183 20,039 Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment 20 (b) 142,436 and intangible assets  Net (Gain)/ Loss on disposal of property, plant and 17(b), 21 (421) (2,052) equipment (net)  Net (gain)/loss on financial assets measured at fair 17 (b) 15 (10,745) value through profit and loss  Gain on termination of lease 17 (b) 17 (a) (16,173) (20,889) Finance costs 23 375 6,409 (16,173) Provision for obsolete stores & spares and packing material/ 21 1 13,950 (written back) 17 (b) (17(b), 21 10,620 2,147 Net exchange differences 17 (b) 16 34 (16,173) (20,889) (10,crease)/ decrease in other financial assets (10,257) (12,319) (10,257) (10,257) (10,257) (10,257) (10,257) Increase/ (decrease) in other current assets (10,257) (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (10,257) (10,260 (
Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets  Net (Gain)/ Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)  Net (gain)/loss on financial assets measured at fair 17 (b) - (10,745)  Value through profit and loss  Gain on termination of lease 17 (b) - (101)  Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost 17 (a) (16,173) (20,889)  Finance costs 23 375 6,409  Capital work in progress (LPG Project) written off 21 - 3,133  Provision for obsolete stores & spares and packing material/ 21 - 13,950  (written back)  Liabilities and provision no longer required written back 17 (b) (875) (6)  Loss allowance / (written back) 17 (b) 16 34  Changes in operating assets and liabilities  (Increase)/ decrease in inventories 528 9,034  (Increase)/ decrease in other financial asset (40) 96  (Increase)/ decrease in other non-current assets (10,257) 15,234  Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables 786 (9,136)  Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities (10,257) 15,234  Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities (23,333) 20,796  Increase/ (decrease) in provisions (3,325) 35,186  Increase/ (decrease) in employee benefit obligations 6,098 (1,979)
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Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities(23,333)20,796Increase/ (decrease) in provisions(3,325)35,186Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit obligations6,098(1,979)
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions (3,325) 35,186 Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit obligations 6,098 (1,979)
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit obligations 6,098 (1,979)
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities (21,465) 21,088
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations (163,797) (340,991)
Income taxes paid/(refund received) (9,491) 1,181
Net cash (used in)/ outflow from operating activities (154,306) (342,172)
Cash flow from investing activities
Payments for property, plant and equipment - (205)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 389 281
Proceeds from sale of investments - 193,312
Repayment of loans by employees and security deposits refunded 456 1,496
Interest received 18,098 24,152
Fixed deposits with maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months 39,197 140,803
Deposits made with original maturity of more than twelve months (113,500)
Advance towards sale consideration of assets classified as held for sale 210,400 -
Net cash outflow from / (used in) investing activities 155,040 359,839

# **INSILCO LIMITED**

der Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Notes	Year ended 31-Mar-2022	Year ended 31-Mar-2021
Cash flow from financing activities			
Principal elements of lease payment		-	(589)
Interest paid		(423)	(6,034)
Net cash (used in)/ outflow from financing activities		(423)	(6,623)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		311	11,044
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		20,303	9,259
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year [Refer No	ote 9 (c)]	20,614	20,303
Non-cash financing and investing activities			
- Acquisition of right-of-use assets	3(b)	-	-

<sup>1.</sup> The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash flows".

The above cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No.: 304026E/E-300009

Sd/-

Charan S. Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 093044

Place : Gurugram Date : May 30, 2022

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sonia Prashar Paremal Narayanan Vinod

Director Managing Director
DIN: 06477222 DIN: 08803466
Place: New Delhi Place: Mumbai

Sd/- Sd/-

Rajeev Agarwal Geetika Varshney
Chief Financial officer Company Secretary
Place: Noida Place: Palwal

Sd/-

**Chandra Prakash** 

Liquidator of Insilco Limited[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/

IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023]

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 30, 2022

<sup>2.</sup> Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.

# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### Company Background

Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation) (the 'Company') is a subsidiary of Evonik Operations GmbH, Germany (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmbH). The Company is domiciled in India and its registered office is located at A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Estate, Bhartiagram, Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh. The Company is a public company and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange. The Company is engaged in the manufacturing and selling of precipitated silica. Insilco produces different grades of precipitated silica, catering to the requirements of customers in different industries. Also refer Note 33.

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue with a resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2022.

# Note 1: Significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# (a) Basis of preparation

# (i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

In view of matter described in note 33, the Board of Directors are of the view that the use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate and therefore, the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have not been prepared on a going concern basis. The Company management has assessed carrying value of assets and liabilities and based on current estimates, certain adjustments have been made in the books of account which are described in Note 33.

#### (ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- · Certain financial assets and liabilities that is measured at fair value;
- Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value.

# (iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company has applied the following amendments to Ind AS for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 April 2021:

Extension of COVID-19 related concessions – amendments to Ind AS 116

Interest rate benchmark reform – amendments to Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, Ind AS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, and Ind AS 116, Leases.

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

# (iv) New amendments issued but not effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has vide notification dated 23 March 2022 notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 which amends certain accounting standards, and are effective 1 April 2022. These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

# (v) Reclassifications consequent to amendments to Schedule III

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs amended the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on 24 March 2021 to increase the transparency and provide additional disclosures to users of financial statements. These amendments are effective from 1 April 2021.

Consequent to above, the Company has changed the classification/presentation of (i) security deposits, in the current year.

Security deposits (which meet the definition of a financial asset as per Ind AS 32) have been included in 'other financial assets' line item. Previously, these deposits were included in 'loans' line item.

The Company has reclassified comparative amounts to conform with current year presentation as per the requirements of Ind AS 1. The impact of such classifications is summarised below:

Balance Sheet (extract)	March 31, 2021 (as per previously reported)	Increase/(Decrease)	March 31, 2021 (restated)
Loans - Current [Note 6(a)]	210	(15)	195
Other financial assets – Current [Note 6(b)]	5,810	15	5,825
Loans - Non-Current (Note 6(a))	7,343	(7,116)	227
Other financial assets – Non Current [Note 6(b)]	-	7,116	7,116

# (b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle, or
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve
  after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle, or
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- · It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The Operating cycle is the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months.

# (c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. Refer note 31.

# (d) Foreign currency translation

# (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is Insilco Limited's (Under Liquidation) functional and presentation currency.

# (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in the statement of profit and loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Transaction differences on assets and liabilities carried at

fair value are reported as part of the fair value again or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as FVOCI are recognized in other comprehensive income.

# (e) Revenue recognition

# Sale of goods

- Timing of recognition: The Company manufactures and sells precipitated silica. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- Measurement of revenue: Revenue from sales is based on the price specified in the sales contracts, net of
  estimated volume discounts, rebates, cash discounts, and value added taxes, Goods and Service Tax and
  returns at the time of sale. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term
  of 30 to 90 days, which is consistent with market practice.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### Sale of services

 The Company provides freight services for export transactions after transferring the control of goods. Revenue from providing services is recognized over the period of services rendered.

# (f) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period necessary to match them with costs that they are intended to compensate and presented with other income.

# (g) Income Taxes

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it related to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

# (h) Leases

# As a lessee

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Company is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of following lease payments:

- · fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- · amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a built-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for lease held by the Company, which does not have recent third party financing, and
- · makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- · restoration costs

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Payments associated short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low value assets are recognized on a straightline basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

# (i) Impairment of assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Company's cash-generating units to which the individual assets are allocated.

Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Refer Note 33(c)

# (j) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

#### (k) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

#### (I) Inventories

Raw materials, stores and spares and packing materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, stores and spares and packing materials is determined on a weighted average basis.

Work-in-progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.

Cost of inventories include all other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# (m) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets (or disposal group) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

An impairment loss is recognized for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognized for any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell of an asset asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognized. A gain or loss not previously recognized by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognized at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortized while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognized.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the balance sheet.

# (n) Investments and other financial assets

# (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- Those measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in the statement of profit and loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

# (ii) Recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade-date, the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sale the financial asset.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt Instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the statement of profit and loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gain and losses are presented in other gains and losses and impairment expenses in other expenses.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

#### Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the statement of profit and loss. Dividends from such investments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in other gain/

(losses) in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

# (iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 30 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company assesses the credit risk characteristics on instrument-by-instrument basis. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. The amount of expected credit loss (or reversal) for the period is recognized as expense/income in the statement of profit and loss.

# (v) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual
  obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where an asset has been transferred, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

### (vi) Income recognition

Interest is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, as income for the period in which it occurs. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.

# (o) Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated.

The Company designates their derivatives as hedges of foreign exchange risk associated with the cash flows of firm commitments (cash flow hedges).

The Company documents at the inception of the hedging transaction the economic relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items including whether the hedging instrument is expected to offset changes in cash flows of hedged items. The Company documents its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions at the inception of each hedge relationship.

The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months. Trading derivatives are classified as a current asset or liability.

# (i) Cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in the other comprehensive income in cash flow hedging reserve within equity, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item on a present value basis from the inception of the hedge. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss, within other gains/(losses).

The entity designates the full change in fair value of the forward contract (including forward points) as the hedging instrument. In such cases, the gains and losses relating to the effective portion of the change in fair value of the entire forward contract are recognized in the cash flow hedging reserve within equity.

When a hedging instrument expires, or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative deferred gain or loss of hedging in equity at that time remains in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. When the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss of hedging that were reported in equity are immediately reclassified to the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses).

If the hedge ratio for risk management purposes is no longer optimal but the risk management objective remains unchanged and the hedge continues to qualify for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship will be rebalanced by adjusting either the volume of the hedging instrument or the volume of the hedged item so that the hedge ratio aligns with the ratio used for risk management purposes. Any hedge ineffectiveness is calculated and accounted for in the statement of profit and loss at the time of the hedge relationship rebalancing.

# (ii) Embedded derivatives

Derivatives embedded in a host contact that is an asset within the scope of Ind AS 109 are not separated. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Derivatives embedded in all other host contract are separated only if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives closely related to the host contracts are not separated.

Embedded foreign currency derivatives

Embedded foreign currency derivatives are not separated from the host contract if they are closely related. Such embedded derivatives are closely related to the host contract, if the host contract is not leveraged, does not contain any option feature and requires payments in one of the following currencies.

- · the functional currency of any substantial party to that contract.
- the currency in which the price of the related good or service that is acquired or delivered is routinely denominated in commercial transactions around the world.
- a currency that is commonly used in contracts to purchase or sell non-financial items in the economic
  environment in which the transaction takes place (i.e. relatively liquid and stable currency).

Foreign currency embedded derivatives which do not meet the above criteria are separated and the derivative is accounted for at fair value through profit and loss.

#### (p) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

### (q) Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is

derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognized as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, which are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life as estimated by management (Years)	Useful life as per Schedule II (Years)
Factory building	30	30
Non-Factory Building:		
- RCC frame*	37	60
- Other than RCC frame	30	30
- Tube well	5	5
- Carpet road-other than RCC	5	5
Electrical Installation and Fittings*	5	10
Air conditioner*	5	10
Computers:		
- Server/Network*	4	6
- End user devices, desktop, laptop etc.	3	3
Office Equipment*	5	10
Furniture and Fixture	10	10
Vehicles*	5	8
Plant and Machinery :		
- Shift base	7.5-15	7.5-15
- Continuous process	25	25
- Reactors/storage tanks/vessels etc.	20	20
- Workshop equipment	15	15
- Laboratory equipments	7.5	7.5
- Components of Plant & machinery	1-25	(As estimated by the management)

Leasehold land is amortized on straight line basis over the period of lease i.e. 90 years.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/losses).

Refer Notes 3a and 33(c)

# (r) Investment properties

On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its investment properties

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has, based on a technical review and re-assessment by the management, decided to adopt the existing useful life for certain asset blocks which is lower as against the useful life recommended in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, since the Company believes that the estimates followed are reasonable and appropriate, considering current usage and geographical location of such assets.

recognized as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of investment properties.

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the company is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowings costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

Transfers to or from investment property is made when and only when there is a change in use.

# (s) Intangible assets

On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognized as at April 1, 2016 measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Software (not being an integral part of the related hardware) acquired for internal use, is stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment losses if any.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation methods and periods

The Company amortises intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over the following period:

Computer software: 3 vears

Refer Notes 5 and 33(c)

# Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

# (u) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

# (v) Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### (w) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the
  occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company,
  or
- a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets: Contingent assets are disclosed when the inflow of economic benefit is probable.

#### (x) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

However, when the Company determines that transaction price does not represent the fair value, it uses inter-alia valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement
  is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

# (y) Employee benefits

# (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

# (ii) Other long-term employee benefits obligations

The liabilities for earned leave, sick leave and long term service award are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional

right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

# (iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- Defined benefit plans such as gratuity
- Defined contribution plans such as provident fund, superannuation and national pension scheme

# Defined benefit plans

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss as past service cost.

#### Defined contribution plans

#### Provident Fund:

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service, in the statement of profit and loss.

# Superannuation:

The Company has taken group policy with Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) to fund its liability towards employee's superannuation. Superannuation fund is administered by LIC and contributions made to the fund are recognized as expenditure in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

### National Pension Scheme:

The Company has registered under the National Pension Scheme to provide postretirement benefit to employees. This is an optional scheme available to employees. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions, which is recognized as expenditure when made, in the statement of profit and loss.

# Bonus Plan

The Company recognizes a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognize a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation. Also refer Note 14.

# Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the company before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognize termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and (b) when the entity recognizes costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of Ind AS 37 and involves the payment of terminations benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer.

### (z) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

# (aa) Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- The net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

# (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# (bb) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

# Note 2: Critical estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

#### Critical estimates and judgements

The areas involving critical estimates and judgements are:

- Estimation of useful life and residual values of property, plant and equipment Note 3(a)
- Classification of property, plant and equipment as non-current assets Note 3(a)
- Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets—Notes 3(a), 5 and 33
- Determination of lease term Note 3(b)
- Impairment of Right of Use asset Notes 3(b) and 33
- Fair value of investment properties Note 4
- · Classification of non-current assets as held for sale- Note 33
- Impairment of trade receivables Note 9(a)
- Estimation of defined benefit obligation Note 14(a) and 14(b)
- Estimation of provision for waste disposal Note 13(d)
- Provision for litigations and contingent liabilities Notes 13 (d) and 26
- Recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities and tax expense Notes 15 and 24
- Preparation of financial statements not on a going concern Note 33
- Estimation of amount payable to employees under retention agreement Note 14
- Recognition of transfer levy charges and interest thereon Note 34

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 Note 3(a): Property, Plant and Equipment

(All amounts "Rs. '000" unless otherwise stated)

Capital work in progress 472 | 316 1,250 3.133 5,171 291,198 494 4,186 1,153 940 233,216 287,506 82,706 Total 3,457 142,320 287,506 5.308 240,616 46,890 2,061 279,834 240,616 303 19,047 5,611 610 47 967 49 4.103 Computers 5,150 51 5,099 1.911 188 5,099 1,267 282 164 Electrical Installation & Fittings (including AC) 126 6,066 86 134 3,149 6,428 6,688 260 722 220 150 2,798 3,590 2,838 6,428 236 3,590 22 Office Equipments 176 190 2,010 3,773 146 487 3,432 . 172 172 176 2,210 ,953 3,256 3,432 931 3,256 880 743 5,004 5,004 3,542 389 4,482 522 5,004 4,482 669 3,783 Vehicles 551 Furniture & Fixtures 25 624 4 39 40 ,810 ,733 226 171 46 224 ,575 158 84 .575 80 Plant & Machinery 12,810 | 2,865 | 84,480 37 98 146,256 182,434 348 3,311 146,415 33,056 167 179,211 24 69 51,990 83 46,415 179,471 179,471 86,339 86,339 19,892 52,290 86,339 660 85,679 75,814 4,205 76,387 76,387 Building 9,952 456 Impairment loss adjustment for assets disposed off during the year Assets included in a disposal group classified as held for sale (refer note 11) Disposals Assets included in a disposal group classified as held for sale(refer note 11) Accumulated depreciation and impairment Opening accumulated depreciation and impairment Closing accumulated depreciation and impairment Closing accumulated depreciation and impairment Accumulated depreciation and impairment Opening accumulated depreciation Year ended 31 March 2021 Gross carrying amount Opening gross carrying amount Additions Gross carrying amount Opening gross carrying amount Additions Closing gross carrying amount Closing gross carrying amount Depreciation charge for the year Depreciation charge for the year Impairment loss during the yea Year ended 31 March 2022 Write off during the year Net carrying amount Net carrying amount ransfer to Inventory and impairment ransfer to PPE **Particulars** Disposals Disposals Disposals

Estimation of useful life and residual values of property, plant and equipment, Classification and Impairment of property, plant and equipment

of assets are sold on a piecemeal basis that is without consideration of benefits (or detriments) associated with a going-concern business. A forced sale basis transaction with a shortened marketing period is considered for this valuation where the tangible assets are sold quickly, often for an extremely low percentage of their original cost. The aggregated Impairment loss (including on intangible assets) recognised has been disclosed as a separate line item in statement of profit and loss, refer note 21(b). The valuation is considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to unobservable inputs used in the valuation. Refer note 36 for assumptions used in In view of shut down of Company's operations and proposed voluntary liquidation of the Company as described in Note 33, in the previous year, the Company's management estimated the Property plant and equipment do not have value from its use in the Company's operations. Accordingly, Management estimated the recoverable amount of assets by assessing the fair value less cost of disposal. The Company engaged an external valuation expert to evaluate amount of the Property, plant and equipment and considered recoverable amount of the Property, plant and equipment and considered recoverable amount of the Property, plant and equipment and considered recoverable amount of assets based on valuation as of December 31, 2020 as per the valuation report dated February 8, 2021. The carrying amount of the Property, plant and equipment of the Company had been reduced to its recoverable amount by recognition of an impairment loss aggregating to Rs. 142,320 (1000) in the previous year. The Company's management obtained a further valuation report as of March 31, 2021 from the external valuation expert which did not indicate any significant deviation from its earlier estimate. The valuer in its report considered the liquidation value approach appropriate in the circumstances to estimate the recoverable amount of the assets. The basis for liquidation value approach considers the amount that would be realized when an asset or groups estimating recoverable amounts of the Property, plant and equipment.

The carrying value of assets has been reduced to its recoverable amounts and residual value of assets are equal to or greater than the asset's revised carrying values after impairment loss based on the Company's management depreciation on the assets is not expected to be material and hence no depreciation has been provided for subsequent to recognision of impairment In accordance with Ind AS 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", certain items of property, plant and equipment have been included in a disposal group classified as held for sale as at March 31, 2022 as the Company is committed to and expects to recover the carrying value principally through a highly probable sale transaction within one year. Also refer Note 11 and 33(b) for details. oss. However, any further impairment loss that arise on account of change in estimates is recognised based on evaluation of recoverable amounts of assets on a periodic basis.

# Contractual obligation

Refer to Note 27 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment €

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 3 (b): Leases

This note provides information for leases where the Company is a lessee. The Company had taken land on lease from Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Corporation(UPSIDC) for a period of 90 years. The office lease taken from November 1, 2019 for a period of 3 years had been terminated during the previous year.

#### (i) Amount recognised in balance sheet

#### Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Lease hold land	Building	Total
Year ended 31 March 2021			
Gross carrying amount			
Opening gross carrying amount	12,776	2,908	15,684
Additions	=	=	-
Disposal		2,908	2,908
Closing gross carrying amount	12,776		12,776
Accumulated amortisation			
Opening accumulated amortisation	771	403	1,174
Amortisation charge for the year	183	624	807
Disposals	-	1,027	1,027
Closing accumulated depreciation	954	-	954
Net carrying amount	11,822	-	11,822
Year ended 31 March 2022			
Gross carrying amount			
Opening gross carrying amount	12,776	-	12,776
Additions	-	-	-
Disposal	-	-	-
Assets included in a disposal group classified as held for sale (refer note 11)	12,776	-	12,776
Closing gross carrying amount			
Accumulated amortisation			
Opening accumulated amortisation	954	-	954
Amortisation charge for the year	183	-	183
Disposals	=	-	-
Assets included in a disposal group classified as held for sale (refer note 11)	1,137	-	1,137
Closing accumulated depreciation	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	-	-	
· · · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Lease Liabilities			
Current		-	3
Non Current		99	94
Total	13 (a)	99	97
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale, refer Note 11(b)	11(b)	(99)	-
Total			97

1 (Olider Voluntary Elquidation W.e.i. 25.00.2021)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (ii) Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss

Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Depreciation charge of lease			
Land		183	183
Building		-	624
Total	20 (a)	183	807

Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest expenses (included in finance cost)			
Land		12	3
Building		-	13
Total	23	12	16

The total cash outflow for the leases for the year ended March 31, 2022 was Rs. 10 (March 31, 2021 Rs. 589).

#### Residual value guarantees

No residual guarantees have been provided in respect of any lease.

#### Critical judgements in evaluating impairment loss on Right of use assets and classification as asset held for sale.

Right of use assets (ROU) relating to leasehold land have been carried at cost as no loss is expected based on valuation report of an external independent valuer.

In accordance with Ind AS 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", Right of Use Asset has been included in a disposal group classified as held for sale as at March 31, 2022 as the Company is committed to and expects to recover the carrying value principally through a highly probable sale transaction within one year. Further, lease liability directly associated with assets classified as held for sale is seperately disclosed. Also refer Note 11 and 33(b) for details.

#### Note 4: Investment properties

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Gross carrying amount		
Opening gross carrying amount	104	104
Assets included in a disposal group classified as held for sale (refer note 11)	104	-
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening accumulated depreciation	-	-
Closing accumulated depreciation	-	-
Net carrying amount		104

#### (i) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss for investment properties

The Company has not recognised any amount related to investment properties in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 and the year ended March 31, 2021.

#### (ii) Fair Value

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Investment property	-	1,604

The Company obtains independent valuation for its investment property at least annually. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the Company consider information from a variety of sources including:

- current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences
- · discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows

 capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence

The fair values of investment properties have been determined based on valuation report of an external independent valuer.

Sales Comparison Method/ Market Survey Method under Market Approach is used to estimate the market value of the land. The prevailing market rates for similar size plots in the same locality is considered after enquiries being done from local property dealers and real estate agents. The rates adopted are based on the geographical location, land size & availability of similar size of land in that vicinity. Further, due consideration has also been given to the various factors, e.g. market rates/ marketability of the Land in the vicinity, recent property deals/transactions, negotiation skills of the buyer/seller, demand and supply of properties, locality, neighborhood, civic amenities, its connectivity to major centers etc., shape, size, prominence, plot area and topography etc., Need/ Urgency of the seller to sell the said property, subject to suitability, accuracy, requirement and professional judgement.

In view of shut down of Company's operations and proposed voluntary liquidation of the Company as described in Note 33 and 36, the liquidation values of the assets have been considered while making the fair value estimates, applying liquidation discount as per market norms and expertise. Valuation assumes that the Company will not be a going concern. The valuation is considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to unobservable inputs used in the valuation.

In accordance with Ind AS 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", investment property has been classified as held for sale as at March 31, 2022 as the Company is committed to and expects to recover the carrying value principally through a highly probable sale transaction within one year. Refer note 11.

Note 5: Other intangible assets

Particulars	Software	Total
Year ended 31 March 2021 Gross carrying amount Opening gross carrying amount Additions Disposal	2,091 - -	2,091 - -
Closing gross carrying amount	2,091	2,091
Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening accumulated amortisation and impairment Amortisation charge for the year Disposals Impairment loss	1,790 185 - 116	1,790 185 - 116
Closing accumulated depreciation and impairment	2,091	2,091
Net carrying amount	-	-
Year ended 31 March 2022 Gross carrying amount Opening gross carrying amount Additions Disposal	2,091 - -	2,091 - -
Closing gross carrying amount	2,091	2,091
Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening accumulated amortisation and impairment Amortisation charge for the year Disposals Impairment loss	2,091 - - -	2,091 - - -
Closing accumulated depreciation and impairment	2,091	2,091
Net carrying amount	<u>.</u>	-

The Company's management has estimated that the intangible assets do not have value from its use in the Company's operations. The carrying amount of the intangible assets has been reduced to its recoverable amount, i.e. Nil by recognition of an impairment loss aggegating to Rs.116 ('000) in the previous year. This loss has been disclosed in note 20(b) in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Note 6: Financial assets

Note 6(a): Loans

Particulars		31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	Current	Non- current	Current	Non- current	
Loan to employees	-	-	195	227	
Total loans	_		195	227	

#### Break-up of security details

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loans considered good - unsecured	-	422
Less: Loss allowance	-	-
Total loans		422

#### Note 6(b): Other financial assets

Particulars		31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	Current	Non- current	Current	Non- current	
Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks	3,556	-	5,350	-	
Interest accrued on security deposits	329	-	460	-	
Government grant receivable *	-	-	84	-	
Less : Loss allowance *	-	-	(84)	-	
Security deposits **	55	-	15	7,263	
Less: Loss allowance *	-		-	(147)	
Total other financial assets	3,940		5,825	7,116	

<sup>\*</sup> Write off during the year

#### Note 7 (a): Other non-current assets

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Deferred employee cost	-	11
Balance with government authorities	-	12,717
Less: Loss allowance	-	(1,452)
Prepayment	-	42
Total other non-current assets		11,318

#### Note 7 (b): Income tax assets (net)

Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21		
	Current	Non- current	Current	Non- current	
Advance income taxes paid #		737	-	-	8,937
Total income tax assets (net)		737	-	-	8,937
# Net of provision		4,460	-	-	10,280

<sup>\*\*</sup> Classified on held for sale during the year Rs. 7,081 ('000), (March 31, 2021 : Nil).

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 8: Inventories

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Raw materials	-	-
Stores and spares	2,636	4,963
Total inventories	2,636	4,963

#### Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss

Inventories are net of provision for obsolete inventory amounting to Rs. Nil ('000) [March 31, 2021- Rs. 23,065 ('000)] including Rs. Nil ('000) [March 31, 2021- Rs. 12,988 ('000)] provided based on independent valuer report, refer note 33(c). This has been recognized as an Expense during the year and included in 'other expense' Rs. Nil ('000) [March 31, 2021 - 13,950] in statement of profit and loss.

#### Note 9 (a): Trade receivables

31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
-	1,698
-	(1,698)
	-
	-
	31-Mar-22

<sup>\*</sup> Written off during the curent year.

#### Break-up of security details

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Trade receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured	-	1,698
Total		1,698
Less : Loss allowance	-	(1,698)
Total trade receivables		

#### Ageing of trade receivable as at March 31, 2022

	Outs	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates					
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years		Total
Undisputed trade receivables :							
considered good	-	-	-	178	-	-	178
which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	-	-	-	(178)	-	-	(178)
Disputed trade receivables :	-						
considered good	-	-	-	-	1,487	33	1,520
which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	(1,487)	(33)	(1,520)
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Note 9 (b): Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts*	20,609	20,272
Cash on hand	5	31
Total cash and cash equivalents	20,614	20,303

<sup>\*</sup> including sweep fixed deposit with banks.

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the reporting period and prior periods.

#### Note 9 (c): Other bank balances

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months	210,000	249,197
Deposits with original maturity of more than twelve months*	114,500	1,000
Total other bank balances	324,500	250,197

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has given a fixed deposit of Rs. Nil [March 31, 2021: Rs.1,000 ('000)] against a bank guarantee of Rs. Nil [March 31, 2021: Rs. 1,000 ('000)] to UP Pollution Control Board. Therefore, there was a restriction to use these funds in the previous year.

#### Note 10: Other current assets

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated		
Advances to suppliers - considered good	2,210	51
Advances to suppliers - considered doubtful *	-	978
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances *	-	(978)
Prepayments	416	3,566
Advance to employee **	15	586
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances **	-	(571)
Deferred employee cost	-	17
Balance with government authorities	23,287	-
Less: Loss allowance	(12,021)	-
Total other current assets	13,907	3,649

<sup>\*</sup> Write off during the year

#### Note 11(a): Assets classified as held for sale

As at March 31, 2022, the Company is committed to dispose-off the assets and in view of LOIs to the successful bidders, as explained in note 33, the Company expects to recover the carrying value principally through a highly probable sale transaction within one year. Accordingly, in accordance with Ind AS 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", following non-current assets have been classified as 'Held for Sale' as at March 31, 2022:

<sup>\*</sup> Write off during the year - Rs.571('000)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

Pai	ticulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
a)	Disposal group of assets:		
	Property, plant and equipment (Gross Block - Rs 279,834 Less : Accumulated depreciation - Rs 233,216), refer note 3(a)	46,618	-
	Right of use asset (lease hold land) (Gross Block - Rs 12,776 Less : Accumulated amortisation - Rs 1,137), refer note 3(b)	11,639	-
	Inventory	1,799	-
	Security deposit	7,081	-
		67,137	
	Investment property, refer note 4.	104	-
		67,241	

Also refer Note 33.

#### Note 11(b): Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Lease liabilities, refer note 3(b)	99	-
	99	
Also refer Note 33(b)		

#### Note 12: Equity share capital and other equity

#### 12 (a) Equity share capital

Authorised equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1 April 2020 Increase during the year	65,715,000 -	657,150
As at 31 March 2021	65,715,000	657,150
Increase during the year		-
As at 31 March 2022	65,715,000	657,150
(i) Movement in equity share capital (issued, subscribed and paid up) As at 1 April 2020 Increase during the year	62,715,000	627,150
As at 31 March 2021	62,715,000	627,150
Increase during the year		-
As at 31 March 2022	62,715,000	627,150

#### (ii) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to vote. Dividend if declared, then paid in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (iii) Shares of the Company held by Holding Company

Particulars	Number of shares	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Evonik Operations GmBH (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmBH), the Holding Company	45,853,315	45,853,315

#### (iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-22 31-Ma		-21
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding	
Evonik Operations GmBH (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmBH), the Holding Company	45,853,315	73.11%	45,853,315	73.11%	

#### (v) Details of shareholding of promotors

Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mai	r-21
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Evonik Operations GmBH (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmBH), the Holding Company	45,853,315	73.11%	45,853,315	73.11%

#### 12(b): Reserves and surplus

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Retained earnings	(463,423)	(356,907)
Total reserves and surplus	(463,423)	(356,907)

#### Retained Earnings

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Opening balance	(356,907)	214,630
Net (loss) for the year	(106,516)	(577,190)
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings:		
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	-	5,653
Closing balance	(463,423)	(356,907)

#### Note 13: Financial liabilities

#### 13(a) Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the periods presented.

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Lease liabilities, refer notes 3(b) and 11(b)	99	97
Net debt	99	97

Particulars	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Lease obligation	Non-current borrowings	Total
Opening Balance as on 1 April 2020	2,652	-	2,652
Deletion - Leases	(1,881)	-	(1,881)
Cash flows	(589)	-	(589)
Interest Paid	16	-	16
Gain on termination of lease	(101)	-	(101)
Net Debts as at 31 March 2021	97	-	97
Opening Balance as on 1 April 2021	97	-	97
Cash flow	(10)		(10)
Interest Paid	12		12
Net Debts as at 31 March 2022	99	-	99

#### 13(b) Trade payables

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	1,567	3
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	6,289	7,495
Trade payables to related parties (note 25 (f))	930	1,361
Total trade payables	8,786	8,859

#### Aging of trade payables as at March 31, 2022

	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates						
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
- Micro enterproses and small enterprises	532	1,035	-	-	-	-	1,567
- Others	6,228	991	-	-	-	-	7,219
Disputed trade payables							
- Micro enterproses and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,760	2,026	-	1	1	-	8,786

#### Aging of trade payables as at March 31, 2021

	Outstanding for the following periods from the due dates						
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
- Micro enterproses and small enterprises	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
- Others	8,115	329	412	-	-	-	8,856
Disputed trade payables							
- Micro enterproses and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8,118	329	412	-	-	-	8,859

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

Disclosures under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) based on the information available with the Company:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at period end	1,567	-
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at period end	-	3
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period	-	1,249
Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period	-	-
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period	3	7
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	3
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

#### 13(c) Other financial liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current		
Employee related liabilities	85	3,165
Director's sitting fees (note 25 (f))	180	-
Liability towards employees voluntary retirement scheme (Refer note 35)	2,596	22,939
Security deposits from vendors	5	95
Total other current financial liabilities	2,866	26,199

#### 13 (d) Provisions

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current		
Provision for sales tax matters	-	157
Provision for waste/ Assets disposal	32,018	35,186
Total provisions	32,018	35,343

#### Movements in provisions

Particulars	Waste disposal	Sales Tax cases	Total
As at 1 April 2020	-	157	157
Reclassified from trade payable during the year	2,785	-	2,785
Additional provision recognised	32,401	-	32,401
As at 31 March 2021	35,186	157	35,343
As at 1 April 2021	35,186	157	35,343
Additional provision recognised	-	-	-
Amount used during the year	(3,168)	(157)	(3,325)
As at 31 March 2022	32,018	-	32,018

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Provision for waste disposal

The Company's Effluent Treatment System generate suspended silica particles which is required to be disposed as per Hazardous and other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) rules, 2016. Due to stoppage of plant since October 26, 2019, accumulated suspended silica particles in terms of sludge in the lagoon of plant is required to be disposed at an estimated cost of Rs. 32,018 ['000] which has been provided for the the books. The provision for waste disposal is based on current estimate of volume of sludge and expected costs of disposal. The Company has not yet received any direction from any authority but expect future cash outflow withing one year from the balance sheet. Actual cost of disposal may differ from the current estimates and depends on completion of sales of disposal group of assets referred to in the note 11.

#### Provision for sales tax matters

Provision is made with respect to sales tax matter under dispute which are pending resolution. These are expected to be settled in the next financial year. There is no outstanding sales tax matter as at March 31, 2022.

#### Note 14: Employee benefit obligations

#### 14 (a) Employee benefit obligations - Non-current

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Retention bonus/exgratia [refer note 14(b)(iv)(a)]	-	1,753
Total non-current employee benefit obligations		1,753

#### 14 (b): Employee benefit obligations - Current

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Compensated absences (i)	1,523	2,883
Retention bonus/exgratia [refer note 14(b)(iv)(a)]	10,705	1,681
Gratuity (ii)	1,011	824
Total current employee benefit obligations	13,239	5,388

#### (i) Compensated absences

The amount of the provision of Rs. 1,523 ('000) [(March 31, 2021 – Rs. 2,883 ('000)], is presented as current, since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these obligations. However, based on past experience, the Company does not expect all employees to take the full amount of accrued leave or require payment within the next 12 months. The following amounts reflect leave that is not expected to be taken or paid within the next 12 months.

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Leave obligation not expected to be settled within the next 12 months		1,545

For year ended March 31, 2022, since the Company is in voluntary liquidation, it is expected to settle all the compensated absences obligation within next 1 year.

#### (ii) Post-employment obligations

#### Gratuity

Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The completion of continuous service of 5 years shall not be applicable for an employee who attains the age of superannuation or normal age of retirement before completion of the continuous service of 5 years. The Company has funded the gratuity liability with Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) except in case of certain new employees, whose gratuity liability is unfunded. Rate of return is as given by the insurance Company. The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

The reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations are as below:

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#### (a) Present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Obligations at year beginning	11,094	42,985
Interest expense	-	2,835
Current service cost	337	668
Past service cost	-	-
(Gains) and losses on curtailment and settlement	-	-
Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	337	668
Remeasurements		
Actuarial (gain) / loss from change in demographic assumption	-	(227)
Actuarial loss/ (gain) from change in financial assumption	-	(785)
Experience losses/ (gains)	-	(4,641)
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain)/loss arising because of change in effect of asset ceiling	-	-
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income	-	(5,653)
Payment from plan:		
Benefit payments	(3,233)	(29,741)
Settlements	-	-
Obligations at year end	8,198	11,094

#### (b) Fair value of plan assets

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Plan assets at year beginning, at fair value	14,463	36,733
Interest income	966	2,423
Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	966	2,423
Employer's contribution	-	4,813
Benefits paid	(3,233)	(29,506)
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense	-	-
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets as at the end	12,196	14,463

#### (c) Assets and liabilities recognised in Balance Sheet

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	8,198	11,094
Fair value of plan assets	12,196	14,463
Net amount recognised as below	3,998	3,369
Amount recognised as (liability)/ asset*	(1,011)	(824)
Net balance of fair value of plan assets not recognised**	5,009	4,193
	3,998	3,369

<sup>\*</sup> Current year amount represents obligation with respect to employees not funded with LIC.

<sup>\*\*</sup> As per the Gratuity Trust Deed there is restriction on transfer of any excess balance in the LIC Fund to the company and such excess balance is required to be utilised by the Trust for the benefits of its members. Therefore, the Company has not recognised the excess of plan assets over obligations amounting to Rs. 5,009('000) [March 31, 2021 : Rs 4,193 ('000)] as asset in its books of accounts as on March 31, 2022. Corresponding adjustment has been made in amounts recognised in profit and loss.

#### (d) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year recognised in profit and loss

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current service cost	337	668
Interest Cost	-	2,835
Interest income	(966)	(2,423)
Excess of plan assets over obligations not recognised as asset [refer (c) above]	816	4,193
Net defined benefit obligations cost for the year recognised in the statement of profit and loss	187	5,273

#### (e) Defined benefit obligations cost for the year recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Actuarial (gain) / loss from change in demographic assumption	-	(227)
Actuarial loss/ (gain) from change in financial assumption	-	(785)
Experience losses/ (gains)	-	(4,641)
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense	-	-
Net defined benefit obligations cost for the year recognised in other comprehensive income	-	(5,653)

#### (f) Investment details of plans assets:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
LIC of India	100%	100%
Total	100%	100%

In respect of Employees Gratuity Fund, composition of plan assets is not readily available from LIC of India. The expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the assessment made at the beginning of the year on the return expected on its existing portfolio, along with the estimated increment to the plan assets and expected yield on the respective assets in the portfolio during the year.

#### (g) Actuarial assumptions

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Discount rate	N.A.	4.25%
Salary growth rate	N.A.	5.00%
Attrition rate:	N.A.	
Staff	N.A.	2.00%
Technicians	N.A.	0.00%
Mortality rate	N.A.	IALM 12-14
Retirement age	Contracted date*	Contracted date*

<sup>\*</sup> The Company has entered into retention agreement with certain employees and expect that employees will retire on or before December 31, 2022.

The discount rate indicated above reflects the estimated timing and currency of benefit payments. It is based on the yields / rates available on applicable bonds as on the current valuation date.

The salary growth rate indicated above is the Company's best estimate of an increase in salary of the employees in future years, determined considering the general trend in inflation, senority, promotions, past experience and other relevant factors such as demand and supply in employment market, etc.

All the actuarial assumptions has been mentioned as N.A. in the current year as no actuarial valuation has been performed considering the Company is in voluntary liquidation and all employees will retire on December 31, 2022. Accordingly, provision has been captured based on actual liability payable.

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (h) Expected contribution to the fund in the next year

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Gratuity	-	-

#### (i) Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate (- / + 1%)	N.A.	N.A.	11,275	10,917
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	N.A.	N.A.	1.6%	-1.6%
Salary growth rate (- / + 1%)	N.A.	N.A.	10,917	11,272
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	N.A.	N.A.	-1.6%	1.6%
Attrition rate (- / + 50% of attrition rate)	N.A.	N.A.	11,095	11,093
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	N.A.	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%
Mortality rate (- / + 10% of mortality rates)	N.A.	N.A.	11,094	11,094
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	N.A.	N.A.	0.0%	0.0%

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analyses have changed as compared to the prior period. All the actuarial assumptions has been mentioned as N.A. in the current year as no actuarial valuation has been performed considering the Company is in voluntary liquidation and all employees will retire on December 31, 2022. Accordingly, sensitivity analysis has been disclosed as N.A. as none of the above assumptions are used in computing the liability.

#### (j) Risk exposure

Valuations are performed on certain basic set of pre-determined assumptions and other regulatory frame work which may vary over time. Thus, the Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratuity benefit which are as follows:

**Interest rate risk:** The plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).

**Liquidity risk**: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non availability of enough cash / cash equivalents to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.

**Salary escalation risk:** The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.

**Demographic risk:** The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse as compared to the assumptions.

**Asset liability mismatching or market risk:** The duration of the liability is longer compared to duration of assets, exposing the Company to market risk for volatilities/ fall in interest rate.

**Investment risk**: The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

#### Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows)

1 Year

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### The expected maturity analysis of gratuity (undiscounted) is as follows:

Particulars		1 year	Between 2 - 5 years	l .	Over 10 years	Total
Defined benefit obligation	31-Mar-22	8,198	-	-	1	8,198
Total		8,198	-	-	•	8,198
Defined benefit obligation	31-Mar-21	3,532	8,228	-	-	11,760
Total		3,532	8,228	-	-	11,760

#### (iii) Defined contribution plans

- Provident Fund: Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company
  has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution
  payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.
- Superannuation: The Company has taken group policy with Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) to fund its liability towards employee's superannuation. Superannuation fund is administered by LIC and contributions made to the fund are charged to revenue. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.
- National Pension Scheme: The Company has registered under the National Pension Scheme to provide post retirement benefit to employees. This is an optional scheme available to employees. The Company has no further obligations under the plan beyond its monthly contributions.

#### During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Provident Fund	1,194	4,435
Superannuation	840	4,031
National pension scheme	201	523
Total	2,235	8,989

#### (iv) Other long term employee benefits

a) Retention bonus/exgratia arrangements

The Company has entered into retention agreements with certain employees whose services are required in certain specific areas. These retention agreements entitles employees retention bonus and exgratia payments in three trenches over the retention period specified in the agreements which is generally for a period from February 1, 2021 to December 31, 2022. The terms of the retention bonus/exgratia arrangement require the employees to remain in employment during the relevant retention period for each installment. In case an employee leaves during the retention period, unpaid installments are not paid to such employees. Further, the Company may, if so require, may reduce the retention period in which case entire amount becomes due to such employee. The Company management considers this retention bonus/exgratia arrangement as multiple awards with different service periods where the plan's benefit formula is based on each award's individual service period. Further, the Company management consider that these arrangements are long-term in nature.

Accordingly, the expense is recognized for each instalment over the respective service periods where the period of service is the period for which the employee is required to be employed before being unconditionally entitled to the retention bonus/exgratia payments. The liability accrued reflects the present value of expected cash outflows, with any unwind in the discount reflected in the income statement, which is not considered to be material for adjustment. The liability will be assessed and trued up at each reporting date for any changes in expected cash flows or reduction in retention period. During the year Rs. 18,550 ('000) [March 31, 2021 Rs 13,518 ('000)] has been accrued and expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Details are as below:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
As at 1 April 2021	3,434	-
Provided during the year	18,550	13,518
Unused amounts reversed	(2,273)	-
Amount used during the year	(9,006)	(10,084)
As at 31 March 2022	10,705	3,434

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 15 : Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) (net)

As it is not probable that the Company will have future taxable profit against which deferred tax assets can be realized, deferred tax asset has not been recognized in relation to carry forward unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, Deductible temporary differences and MAT credit entitlement. The details of such items on which deferred tax assets has not been recognised is as below:

#### Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Particulars	3	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	
	Gross amount	Unrecognized tax effect	Gross amount	Unrecognized tax effect
Tax losses @	231,178	64,314	288,106	80,151
Unabsorbed depreciation @	67,225	18,702	96,003	26,708
Deductible temporary differences	139,288	35,056	376,822	104,832
MAT credit	-	27,966	-	27,966
		146,038		239,657

Tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, MAT credit and deductible temporary differences for which deferred tax asset was not recognized, expires as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	Expiry date	31-Mar-21	Expiry date
MAT credit	27,966	*	27,966	*
Tax losses	231,178	**	288,106	**
Unabsorbed depreciation	67,225	***	96,003	***
Deductible temporary differences	139,288	****	376,822	****

\*

Assessment Year	Available up to A.Y.	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
AY 2010-11	AY 2025-26	10,217	10,217
AY 2011-12	AY 2026-27	5,938	5,938
AY 2012-13	AY 2027-28	1,530	1,530
AY 2016-17	AY 2031-32	2,684	2,684
AY 2017-18	AY 2032-33	6,483	6,483
AY 2018-19	AY 2033-34	1,114	1,114
		27,966	27,966

\*\*

Assessment Year	Available up to A.Y.	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
AY 2014-15	2022-23	18,413	18,413
AY 2019-20	2027-28	35,232	35,232
AY 2020-21	2028-29	114,498	85,720
AY 2021-22	2029-30	63,035	148,741
		231,178	288,106

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Under Income Tax Act, 1961, unabsorbed depreciation can be carried forward indefinitely and has no expiry date.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation.

<sup>@</sup> The above balances of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as per return of income filed upto AY 2021-22 (previous year: upto AY 2020-21) and return of income proposed to be be filed by the Company which are pending assessment by the revenue authorities.

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(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Movement in deferred tax liabilities (Net)

Particulars	Employee benefits	Depreciation/ amortisation on Property, plant and equipment/ Intangible assets	Employee Loan	Carry forward capital losses		Others	Total
At 1 April 2020 (Charged)/credited:	2,949	(4,991)	(13)	7,277	(9,231)	2,055	(1,954)
- to profit or loss	(2,949)	4,991	13	(7,277)	9,231	(2,055)	1,954
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Charged)/credited: - to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Note 16: Other current liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Advances from customers	-	37
Statutory dues	2,743	23,627
Advance towards sale consideration of assets (Refer note 33(b))	210,400	-
Total other current liabilities	213,143	23,664

#### Note 17 (a): Other income

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost		
- Income tax refund	6,959	-
- Fixed deposits	9,011	20,332
- Others (Security deposit etc.)	203	557
Sales of Raw Materials, Stores and Spares	132	13,276
Total other income	16,305	34,171

Government grants are related to export incentives on Duty Drawback Scheme and Merchandise Export from India Scheme. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to these grants.

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	421	2,052
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss*	-	10,745
Gain on termination of lease	-	101
Liabilities and provision no longer required written back	875	6
Net foreign exchange differences	16	34
Total other gains/(losses)	1,312	12,938
* Includes net gain/(loss) on sale of investments in Mutual Funds		10.745

#### Note 18: Cost of material consumed

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Raw and packing materials at the beginning of the year	-	7,129
Add: Purchases/ (Sales)*	-	(7,129)
Total cost of material consumed		

<sup>\*</sup> Cost of raw material sold during the year disclosed under Note 21 "Other Expenses"

#### Note 19: Employee benefit expense

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Salaries, wages and bonus	17,888	56,931
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 14)	2,235	8,989
Voluntary retirement scheme benefit (Refer note 35)	-	167,338
Retention bonus/exgratia (Refer note 14(iv))	16,277	13,518
Gratuity (Refer note 14)	187	5,273
Compensated absences *	(26)	671
Staff welfare expenses	3,574	6,462
Total employee benefit expense	40,135	259,182

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Rs. Nil '(000)[Previous year: Rs. 1,404('000)] being expenses on encashment of sick leave to employees under Voluntary Retirement Scheme, refer note 35.

#### Note 20 (a): Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	3(a)	-	19,047
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	3(b)	183	807
Amortisation of other intangible assets	5	-	185
Total depreciation and amortisation expense		183	20,039

#### Note 20 (b): Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets

Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Property, plant and equipment (Refer note 33)	3(a)	-	142,320
Other intangible assets (Refer note 33)	5	-	116
Total Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and	I intangible assets		142,436

#### Note 21: Other expenses

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Consumption of stores and spare parts	70	138
Power and fuel	3,870	4,559
Rent	90	38
Repairs to buildings	6	260
Repairs to machinery	616	907
Repairs to others	649	311
Provision for obsolete stores & spares and packing material (Refer note 8)	-	13,950
Cost of Raw matetial, stores and spares sold	-	8,213

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 21: Other expenses (Contd.)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loss allowance	10,620	2,147
Information technologies support service charges	5,361	5,854
Rates and taxes	4,968	6,222
Legal and professional expenses (Refer note 22 below)	35,863	14,357
Maintenance charges to UPSIDC	481	1,087
Insurance	3,948	6,430
Waste/ Assets disposal [Refer note 13 (d)]	3,479	33,406
Transfer Levy (Refer note 34)	-	80,900
Security expenses	7,399	5,324
Travelling	88	117
Premises Upkeep	2,272	2,220
Directors Sitting Fee	1,250	1,660
Recruitment, Training and Relocation expense	26	1,128
Capital work in progress (LPG Project) written off	-	3,133
Miscellaneous Expenses	3,627	3,108
Total other expenses	84,683	195,469

#### Note 22: Details of payments to auditors

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
As auditor :		
Statutory audit	1,250	1,250
Limited review	750	750
Tax audit	-	261
Re-imbursement of expenses	-	29
Total	2,000	2,290

#### Note 23: Finance costs

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest and finance charges on lease liabilities Interest - Others	12 411	16 683
Interest on Transfer Levy (Refer note 34)  Total finance costs	423	5,710 <b>6,409</b>

Subsequent to introduction of Ind AS 116 'Leases' in the previous year, the Company has recognized Long Term leases as Right-of-use assets and created Lease Obligation representing Present Value of future minimum lease payment. The unwinding of such obligation is recognized as Interest Expenses.

#### Note 24: Income tax expense

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Taxes relating to earlier years	(5,727)	2718
Income tax for the year	4,436	-
Deferred tax		
Decrease / (increase) in deferred tax assets	-	-
(Decrease) / increase in deferred tax liabilities	-	(1,954)
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	-	(1,954)
Income tax expense	(1,291)	764
		=======================================

#### (a) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Profit before income tax expense	(107,807)	(576,426)
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.168% (2020-2021 – 27.82%)	(27,133)	(160,362)
Other adjustments	25,842	112,772
Deferred tax not recognised on business losses of current year	-	48,354
Income tax expense	(1,291)	764

#### (b) Transfer Pricing Note

The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance of information and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under sections 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. For this purpose, the Company has appointed an independent consultant for conducting a Transfer Pricing study (the 'study') for the Assessment Year 2021-22. In the unlikely event that any adjustment is required consequent to completion of the study for the year ended March 31, 2022, the same would be made in the subsequent year. However, management is of the opinion that its international transactions are at arm's length so that the aforesaid legislation will not have any material impact on the financial statements, particularly on the amount of tax expense and that of provision for taxation.

#### Note 25: Related party transactions

Naı	me of entity		Ownersl	nip interest
	Place	e of business	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
(a)	Parent Entities The Company is controlled by following entity: Ultimate Holding Company - RAG-Stiftung Intermediate Holding Company - Evonik Industries AG Holding Company - Evonik Operations GmBH (formerly known as Evonik Degussa GmBH),	Germany Germany Germany	73.11%	73.11%
(b)	Fellow Subsidiaries with whom the Company had transaction during the year:  Evonik India Pvt. Ltd.	India		

#### (c) Key management personnel and relative

#### Key management personnel:

- Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta, Independent Director, Chairman
- Mr. Brijesh Arora, Managing Director (Till December 10, 2020)
- Mr. Christian Schlossnikl, Director
- Ms. Sonia Prashar, Independent Director
- Mr. Sanjeev Taneja, Director (Till August 13, 2020)
- Mr. Vinod Paremal Naraynan (Director, w.e.f. August 13, 2020 and Managing Director w.e.f June 25, 2021), also refer note 37
- Mr. Gopal Iyer (w.e.f. December 10, 2020 till July 5, 2021)
- Ms. Meng Tang, Director
- Ms. Shivangi Negi, Chief Financial Officer (Till June 4, 2021)
- Mr. Rajeev Agarwal (w.e.f. Novembr 15, 2021)
- Ms. Swati Surhatia, Company Secretary (Till March 31, 2022)
- Ms. Geetika Varshney (w.e.f. April 1, 2022)

#### Proprietorship firm in which proprietor is relative of key management personnel

Nityanand Singh & Co. (Relative of Ms. Swati Surhatia, Company Secretary)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (d) Key management personnel compensation

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Short-term employee benefits	1,635	6,667
Post-employment benefits	32	(85)
Long-term employee benefits	1,015	3,980
Directors sitting fees	1,250	1,660
Total compensation	3,932	12,222

#### (e) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

	& Intern	Holding Company & Intermediate S Holding Company		Fellow Subsidiary		hip firm in prietor is of key t personnel
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
SAP license, Lotus Notes and Microsoft license fee paid:						
- Evonik Industries AG	5,148	5,854	-	-	-	-
Reimbursement of expenses received: - Evonik India Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	-	26	-	-
Fees (Secretarial audit): Nityanand Singh & Co.	-	-	-	-	119	131

#### (f) Outstanding balances arising from sales/purchases of goods and services

The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with related parties:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Trade payables		
Intermediate holding company		
Evonik Industries AG	930	1,361
Key management personnel:		
Mr. Dara Phirozeshaw Mehta, Independent Director, Chairman	90	-
Ms. Sonia Prashar, Independent Director	90	-
Total payables to related parties	1,110	1,361

Transactions relating to SAP license, Lotus Notes, Microsoft license fee, reimbursement of training expenses were on the basis of arm's length.

All other transaction were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. All outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

#### Note 26: Contingent liabilities

(All amounts	"Rs. in '	000" uni	ess otnerw	rise stated)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
House tax matter		
Case pertaining to demand for payment of House Tax including penalty	16,875	16,250
Sales tax matters		
Cases pending before Appellate authorities in respect of which the Company/department has filed appeals.	1,147	3,999
Liability for bonus		
Liability for bonus for Financial Year 2014-15 due to retrospective applicability of "The Payment of Bonus (Amendment) Act, 2015"	1,584	1,584
Others		
Other claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	4,896	4,105
Total	24,502	25,938

- (a) It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.
- (b) The Company does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.
- (c) "The Supreme Court of India has passed an order dated February 28, 2019 in the matter of The Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (II) West Bengal vs. Vivekananda Vidyamandir & Ors in Civil Appeal No. 6221 of 2011 and few other linked cases. In the said order, the Supreme Court has clarified the definition of the Basic Wage under the Employees' Provident Funds & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The Company has evaluated the impact of this Judgement and in the assessment of management, the aforesaid matter is not likely to have a significant financial impact and accordingly, no provision has been made in these Financial Statements. "
- (d) Refer note 34 for ongoing litigation with respect to leasehold land from Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority (UPSIDA) pending before the Hon'able High Court at Allahabad.
- (e) Refer note 36 for ongoing litigations with respect to VRS matter.

#### **Note 27: Capital Commitments**

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Property, plant and equipment *	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Net of advances March 31, 2022 Rs. Nil ('000), March 31, 2021 Rs. Nil ('000).

#### Note 28: Earnings/(loss) per share

Par	ticulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
(a)	Basic earnings/(loss) per share Basic earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company (Rs.)	(1.70)	(9.20)
(b)	Diluted earnings/(loss) per share Diluted earnings/(loss) per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company (Rs.)	(1.70)	(9.20)
(c)	Reconciliation of earnings/(loss) used in calculating earnings/ (loss) per share  Basic earnings/(loss) per share  Profit/(loss) attributable to equity share holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(106,516)	(577,190)
	Diluted earnings per share Profit attributable to equity share holders of the company used in calculating earnings per share	(106,516)	(577,190)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 28 : Earnings/(loss) per share (Contd.)

Par	ticulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
(d)	Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
	Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings/(loss) per share (number of shares)	62,715,000	62,715,000
	Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings/(loss) per share (number of shares)	62,715,000	62,715,000

Note: There are no dilutive instruments.

#### Note 29 : Fair value measurements Financial instruments by category

Particulars	;	31-Mar-22	2	31-Mar-21		
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost
Financial assets						
Loans						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	20,614	-	-	20,303
Other Bank Balances	-	-	324,500	-	-	250,197
Other Financial Assets	-	-	3,940	-	-	12,941
Total financial assets	-	-	349,054	-	-	283,863
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	-	-	8,786	-	-	8,859
Other Financial Liabilities:						
- Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	2,866	-	-	26,199
Total financial liabilities	-	-	11,652	-	-	35,058

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 March 2022					
Financial Assets					
- Loans to Employees	6 (a)	-	-	-	-
Total Financial Assets		-	-	-	-

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Notes	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 March 2021					
Financial Assets					
- Loans to Employees	6 (a)	-	-	422	422
Total Financial Assets		-	-	422	422

**Level 1:** Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices (in active market) the closing Net Asset Value (NAV) of which the Company can access as on measurement date. The mutual funds are measured using the closing NAV.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Valuation technique used to determine fair value

There are no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of trade payables, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, other financial assets and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Majorly, the security deposits are redeemable on demand and hence the fair values of security deposits are approximately equivalent to the carrying amount.

The fair values of loan to employees are based on discounted cash flows using a current perquisite valuation tax rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy since significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are not observable. There is no material difference between carrying amount and fair value of loan to employees as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

#### Note 30: Financial risk management

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's risk management objectives and policies. The Company's overall risk management policy during the suspension of operations and the ongoing voluntary liquidation process of the Company, as described in notes 33, focusses on conservation of cash, management of other financial assets and liabilities; and regulatory and governmental processes.

The Company's historic activities exposed it to liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk (foreign exchange and price). The Company's financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, deposits with bank and other items such as prepayments and other receivable, accruals and other payables which arose from its operations. This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Board's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk and management of capital. Further quantitiative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements. The Company held no derivative financial instruments as at March 31, 2022 (Previous Year: Nii). A summary of the main risks is set out below:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Aging analysis	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and letters of credit
Market risk – Future commercial transactions foreign Recognised financial assets and exchange liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (Rs.)		Immaterial impact insignificant amount	Amount receivable/payable in foreign currency are not significant

#### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk mainly arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, security deposits with others as well as credit exposures to customers. The maximum exposure arising from these financial assets is their carrying value as disclosed in the balance sheet.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers and deposits with banking institutions. The carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 180 days when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. The Company categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 3 years past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. When recoveries are made, these are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

Where there has not been significant increase in credit risk in financial assets (other than trade receivables) expected credit loss is measured on 12 months ECL approach. In case of significant increase in credit risk lifetime expected credit loss approach is used. For trade receivables, expected credit loss is calculated using lifetime credit loss approach (simplified approach).

Year ended 31 March 2022:

Expected credit loss for loans and security deposits

F	Particulars	Asset group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit loss	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Loss allowance	Financial assets for which	Loans	-	0%	-	-
measured at 12 month expected credit losses	credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition	Security deposits	55	0%	-	55

Year ended 31 March 2021:

Expected credit loss for loans and security deposits

F	Particulars	Asset group	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected probability of default	Expected credit loss	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Loss allowance	Financial assets for which	Loans	422	0%	-	422
measured at 12 month expected credit losses	credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition	Security deposits	7,278	2.02%	147	7,131

#### (a) Credit risk management

#### Cash & cash equivalents and bank deposits

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only accepting highly rated banks and diversifying bank deposits account in different banks across the country. Also, no impairment loss has been recorded in respect of fixed deposits that are with recognised commercial banks and are not past due.

#### Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost include security deposits and other assets. Credit risk related to these other financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously.

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investment in mutual funds, other balances with banks, loans and other receivables.

The Company has developed guidelines for the management of credit risk from trade receivables. The Company's primary customers are with good credit ratings. Clients are subjected to credit assessments as a precautionary measure, and the adherence of all clients to payment due dates is monitored on an on-going basis, thereby practically eliminating the risk of default.

Credit risk arising from other balances with banks is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are banks and recognized financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by the international credit rating agencies.

The average credit period on sales of products is 30 - 90 days. Credit risk arising from trade receivables is managed in accordance with the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed and accordingly individual credit limits are defined/modified.

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Trade receivables

ricoonomation of 1000 anovarioe provision. Trade receivables	
Loss allowance on 31 March 2020	1,702
Changes in loss allowance	(4)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2021	1,698
Changes in loss allowance*	(1,698)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	-

<sup>\*</sup> Written off during the year

#### Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Security deposit

Loss allowance on 31 March 2020	103
Changes in loss allowance	44
Loss allowance on 31 March 2021	147
Changes in loss allowance*	(147)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	-

#### (B) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding to meet obligations when due. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for:

- all non-derivative financial liabilities and
- (i) Financing arrangements

The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

Pa	rticulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
1.	Working capital demand loan/Cash Credit	-	5,000
2.	Overdraft	-	5,000
3.	Import / Inland letters of credit	-	20,000
4.	Guarantees - performance / financial - maximum 2 years	-	20,000
5.	Guarantees - performance / financial - maximum 5 years	-	5,000
6.	Cash management services	-	5,000

- (ii) At no time shall the aggregate Drawings under the Facility 3 to 5 exceed Rs.Nil [2021 Rs. 20,000 ('000)].
- (iii) 'The facilities listed at 1 to 4 above shall be secured by first pari passu charge on stocks and book debts, with a margin of 25% for previous year.

Assets pledged as security

The carrying amount of assets pledged as security for financing arrangement are :

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current assets		
First charge		
Inventories	-	4,963
Financial assets		
First charge		
Trade receivables	-	-
Deposits with original maturity of more than	-	1,000
three months but less than twelve months		
Total Current assets pledged as security	-	5,963

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities:	0-30 days	31-180 days	181-365 days	1 to 2 year	2 to 5 year	Beyond 5 year	Total
31 March 2022							
Non-Derivatives							
Lease liabilities	-	10	-	10	30	750	800
Trade payables	3,515	5,271	-	-	-	-	8,786
Other financial liabilities	2,861	-	5	-	-	-	2,866
Total	6,376	5,281	5	10	30	750	12,452
Derivatives							
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities:	0-30 days	31-180 days	181-365 days	1 to 2 year	2 to 5 year	Beyond 5 year	Total
31 March 2021							
Non-Derivatives							
Obligation under finance lease	-	10	-	10	30	760	810
Trade payables	8,447	321	91	-	-	-	8,859
Other financial liabilities	23,771	2,333	95	-	-	-	26,199
Total	32,218	2,664	186	10	30	760	35,868
Derivatives	·	·	·		·		·
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### (C) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign currency risk

The Company does not have significant foreign currency exposure. Accordingly, the Company, generally does not take any financial instrument to hedge its foreign exchange currency risk exposure.

The Company's unhedged foreign currency exposure is as follows:

Particulars	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21	
	USD	EUR	USD	EUR
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
Exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)			-	
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
Trade payables				
- Export commission payable	-	-	-	-
- Support services charges payable	-	12	-	16
Exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	-	12	-	16

#### Note 31 : Segment Information:

#### Description of segments and principal activities

The Company has been engaged in the manufacture of a single product viz. Precipitated Silica.

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The Company has identified Board of Directors as CODM. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The Company has monthly review and forecasting procedure in place and CODM reviews the operations of the Company as a whole, hence there are no reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments". The Company's operations remian shut down from October 27, 2019 as described in Note 33.

- The Company did not have any revenue from operations during current and previous year.
- ii) All the non-current assets of the Company are located in India.

#### Note 32 : Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company when managing capital is to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximize shareholder value.

The Company has only one class of equity shares and has no debt. Consequent to such capital structure, there are no externally imposed capital requirements.

#### Note 33:

#### a) Preparation of financial statements not on a going concern

The Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board ("UPPCB") had, in October 2019 denied the Company's application for renewal of Consent to Operate its plant at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 ("Consent to Operate") inter alia on the following ground:

"The unit is using fresh water for dilution of effluent to achieve the norms of Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR) 26. The study carried out by /IT Roorkee has not recommended any feasible method for treatment of the effluent to achieve the prescribed norms. The process of dilution with fresh water cannot be allowed. Keeping the facts in view the Consent to operate water/air application is hereby rejected. Unit may submit final report of IIT, Roorkee to Central Pollution Control Board, (CPCB) and seek suitable direction."

The Company thus suspended the operations of its plant located at Gajraula in October 2019. The Company filed fresh applications on November 21, 2019, for Consent to Operate, however, the same were dismissed by the UPPCB vide order dated February 4, 2020. The Company challenged the aforesaid order by separate appeals under Section 28 of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and Section 31 of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 respectively before the Special Secretary, Department of Environment, Forest and Climate, Uttar Pradesh against the orders of UPPCB. However, the Special Secretary vide its order dated December 4, 2020, dismissed the appeals filed by the Company. The operations at the plant located at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh, which is the only plant of the Company, has remained suspended since October 2019.

The Board had reviewed the legal options available and was of the view that there were no merits in pursuing the matter any further. The Board of the Company reviewed various options of the way forward for the Company. The Board is of the opinion that there is no availability of business prospects nor any long-term financial resources that presents a financially viable alternative to carry on the business activities of the Company or to resume the operations of the Company in the foreseeable future. The Board of Directors were of the view that there are no realistic alternatives for resumption of the Company's operations and accordingly, use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is considered inappropriate and the financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2022, and March 31, 2021, have not been prepared on a going concern.

#### b) Voluntary liquidation process:

(i) The Board had decided to initiate the Voluntary Liquidation Process as envisaged under the provisions of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code"). In this regard, the Board granted its in-principle approval for initiating the voluntary liquidation process of the Company in its meeting dated March 30, 2021 and accordingly on May 31, 2021, the consent of the Board of Directors was accorded to initiate the voluntarily liquidation process of the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 59 of the Code and appoint an Insolvency Professional duly registered with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India as the Liquidator to conduct the liquidation process. The decision of the Board was also followed by similar resolutions being approved by the shareholders of the Company in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021 in accordance with Section 59(3)(c)(i) of the Code. Furthermore, the said resolutions have also been approved by the Creditors representing two-thirds in value of the debt of the Company as required under the Section 59(3) of the Code on June 29, 2021.

Accordingly, with effect from June 25, 2021, the Company is under Voluntary Liquidation Process and Mr. Chandra Prakash (having registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023) has been appointed as the Liquidator of the Company, who is discharging his functions and duties provided in the Code and the IBBI (Voluntary Liquidation Process) Regulations, 2017 ("VL Regulations").

(ii) Upon his appointment as the Liquidator, the Liquidator published a Public Announcement calling upon all the stakeholders of the Company to submit their claims. The Public Announcement was published in accordance with Regulation 14 of the VL Regulations on June 30, 2021 and the last date of submission of claims as per the public announcement was July 25, 2021 (i.e. 30 days of the Liquidation Commencement Date). As per the claims received by the Liquidator and consequent verification of the same, the status of claims as on 30 May 2022 is as under:

Particulars	Claims Received	Outstanding as on 30 May 2022*
Employees and workman	8,792	3,972
Operational creditors	5,574	Nil

- \* Claims aggregating Rs. 8,690 ('000) were admitted as per list of stakeholders which was published on the website of the Company as on 1 November 2021. Out of the admitted claims of Rs. 8,690 ('000), claims of Rs. 4,718 ('000) have been settled and balance claims of Rs. 3,972 ('000) are outstanding as on May 30, 2022.
- (iii) The Board of Directors had, in the Board Meeting dated May 31, 2021, authorised the Liquidator to sell the immovable and movable properties and actionable claims of the Company in the voluntary liquidation process, by public auction or private contract, with power to transfer the properties to any person or body corporate as a whole, or in parts as per Regulation 31 of the VL Regulations. Accordingly, the Liquidator in exercise of the powers under Section 35 of the Code, had published a Sale Notice on August 23, 2021, wherein Expression of Interests (EOI) were invited from prospective bidders to participate in the sale of the assets of the Company on a "100% cash, as is where is and without recourse basis". A Process Document containing details of assets, process for participation in the sale and terms and conditions of the sale was also uploaded on the website of the Company, for the benefit of the prospective bidders. The last date for submission of the EOIs was September 09, 2021 which was later extended to October 1, 2021 vide Addendum 1 to the Process Document dated September 09, 2021. The eligible bidders who had submitted a full and complete set of EOI and pre-bid documents in accordance with the Process Document, were allowed to access the virtual data room and also site-visits of the Plant of the Company. The Prospective Bidders were expected to carry out their own comprehensive due diligence in respect of the assets of Company and are deemed to have full knowledge of the title, conditions etc. of the assets of the Company.

In furtherance to the Sale Notice and the Process Document, an E-Auction Sale Notice was also issued by the Liquidator on November 16, 2021 for sale of assets pertaining to the plant situated at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh and Non-Agricultural Freehold land admeasuring approx. 2,083 sq. yds. situated at Mehsana, Gujarat. Pursuant to the E-Auction Sale Notice, the eligible bidders, who had duly submitted the applicable Earnest Money Deposits (EMDs) for the respective assets, were invited to participate in the E-Auction of the aforesaid assets of the Company. The said E-Auction was conducted on November 26, 2021 and the results are as under:

Only one bid for Rs. 420,000 ('000) (Reserve Price being Rs. 42,000 ('000) was received for composite sale of Rights to the leasehold land admeasuring approx. 67 acres located at Gajraula Industrial Area, Uttar Pradesh along with the buildings and structures standing on the lands and all other fixed assets of the Company including Plant & Machinery, Furniture & Fixtures, inventory etc ('Disposal Group of assets'). Accordingly, the bidder was declared a successful bidder and a Letter of Intent (LOI) was issued by the Liquidator. As per the terms of the LOI, the successful bidder was required to pay the entire amount as an advance towards the sale consideration (on or prior to April 30, 2022) of which amount of Rs. 210,000('000) received till March 31, 2022 has been disclosed as 'Advance towards sales consideration of assets' under Note 13 – Other Current Liabilities. Subsequent to the year end as on April 28, 2022 the entire balance amount has been received by the Company, and accordingly, the transfer processes with UPSIDA and execution of definitive documents for transfer of the assets are being initiated. The sale will be recognised in books at the time of transfer of assets and issuance of confirmation of sale by the Liquidator. The LOI states that the buyer is required to complete the transfer processes with UPSIDA and execute definitive documents on or before June 30, 2022. Further the Liquidator at his sole discretion may also grant additional time only after he is satisfied that genuine efforts have been made by the bidder to complete the sale.

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

2. A successful bidder for Non-Agricultural Freehold land admeasuring approx. 2,083 sq. yds., Mehsana, Gujarat was declared with a financial proposal of Rs. 3,850 ('000) (Reserve Price being Rs. 1,650('000)). Accordingly, as per the terms of the Process Document, a LOI was issued by the Liquidator to the successful bidder. The successful bidder was required to pay balance amount of Rs. 3,450('000) (Rs. 400 ('000) received by way of Earnest Money Deposit) by January 05, 2022 (i.e. within 30 days of LOI execution). The bidder failed to provide the purchase consideration on the due date. Due to failure on the part of the H1 Bidder in making payment of the purchase consideration despite various extensions granted by the Liquidator, the bid submitted by H1 Bidder was cancelled by the Liquidator. The H1 Bidder had responded with a legal notice through his lawyer requiring refund of EMD and payment of interest on the EMD amount and such Legal notice has been appropriately responded to. Subsequently, on May 18, 2022 both the parties have signed a settlement letter and Rs. 400 ('000) has been duly refunded back to the bidder.

Subsequent to the cancellation of the bid submitted by the H1 Bidder, on 17 March 2022 the Liquidator approached the second highest bidder ("H2 Bidder"), that had submitted a bid for Rs. 3,750 ('000), to seek its confirmation if it wants to continue with the bid submitted by it in the Auction. Since the Liquidator did not receive confirmation from the H2 Bidder within the prescribed timeline (as per the requirements of email dated 17 March 2022), it was deemed that H2 Bidder is not interested in purchase of Mehsana Land and has recused itself from the bid process for the purchase of Mehsana Land.

Subsequently, the Liquidator approached the third highest bidder ("H3 Bidder"), that had submitted a bid for Rs. 3,300 ('000), to seek its confirmation if it wants to continue with the bid submitted by it in the Auction for purchase of Mehsana Land. The H3 Bidder proposed a counteroffer of Rs. 2,300 ('000) ("Offer Price") for Mehsana Land, which was lower than the bid submitted by the H3 Bidder in the Auction (Rs. 3,300 ('000), however higher than the Reserve Price (of Rs. 1,650 ('000)) and higher than the bids submitted by other bidders ranking lower to the H3 Bidder (H4 Bidder's bid is for Rs. 1,950 ('000)).

The Liquidator accordingly initiated the sale process with the H3 Bidder for the Mehsana Land by way of private sale at the counteroffer of Rs. 2,300 ('000). On May 13, 2022, the Liquidator has received the entire sale consideration of Rs. 2,300 ('000), in advance, from the H3 bidder. Accordingly, the transfer processes and execution of definitive documents for transfer of the assets has been initiated. The sales will be recognised in books at the time of transfer of assets and issuance of confirmation of sale by the Liquidator.

Pursuant to Regulation 37 of VL Regulations, in the event of the liquidation process continues for a period of more than 12 (twelve) months, the liquidator shall-hold a meeting of the contributories of the Company within 15 (fifteen) days from the end of the 12 (twelve) months from the liquidation commencement date, and at the end of every succeeding twelve months till dissolution of the Company.

#### c) Adjustments to carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities

- (i) The Company's management has assessed carrying value of assets and liabilities and based on current estimates, following adjustments have been made in the books of account:
  - Impairment loss to the carrying values of Property, Plant and Equipment's (PPE) and Intangible assets aggregating to Rs. 142,436 ['000] has been recognized in the books of account based on valuation report of an external independent valuer during the year ended March 31, 2021. The valuation is considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to unobservable inputs used in the valuation. Valuation of PPE has been carried out on the basis of following key assumptions:
  - (i) Since the Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) is a mandatory requirement for setting up a new plant, the plant can no longer operate for manufacturing of silica. In view of the same the liquidation values of the assets have been considered by the independent valuer while making the estimate of recoverable amount. The basis for liquidation value approach considers the amount that would be realized when an asset or groups of assets are sold on a piecemeal basis that is without consideration of benefits (or detriments) associated with a going-concern business. A forced sale basis transaction with a shortened marketing period is considered for this valuation where the tangible assets are sold quickly, often for an extremely low percentage of their original cost.
  - (ii) For buildings, the method is based on estimation of the cost spent in reproducing the present day structure and thereafter applying liquidation discount in line with market norms and it is assumed that steel structure will fetch more value than the Reinforced Cement Concrete (RCC) on a piecemeal basis.

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

- (iii) For Plant and Machinery and Other Assets, market approach of valuation has been adopted for estimating the reinstatement value/GCRC (gross current replacement cost). Combination of replacement method and comparison method is used for carrying out the valuation. Liquidation value analysis is carried out in line with market experience and expertise. These assets were categorised between specialised for silica plant and general items. The assets specific to the silica plant are considered at scrap value as per the independent valuers' report, whereas for general items the balance useful life and type of asset has been considered for estimation of liquidation value by the independent valuer.
- 2) Right of use assets (ROU) relating to leasehold land have been carried at cost as no loss is expected based on valuation report of an external independent valuer and LOI to the successful bidder. Sales comparison method under market approach of valuation has been adopted by the valuer for estimating the fair value of land. In an active or open market, the identical type of land parcel with similar characteristics are used for valuation. In case of unavailability of direct comparable, relevant adjustments are carried out on available quotes or transaction details with consideration of different factors affecting values of land for estimating the fair value. In order to determine the value of land parcel actual sales instances in the area have been considered. The rate for the subject property has been arrived by adjusting the factor for elapsed lease, size of the property and applying liquidation discount in line with market norms. Liquidation value analysis is carried out in line with market experience and expertise. The valuation is considered to be level 3 in the fair value hierarchy due to unobservable inputs used in the valuation (also refer Notes 33(b) and 35).
- Write down adjustment to the carrying values of Stores and spares aggregating to Rs.12,988 ['000] has been recognized in the books of account during the year ended March 31, 2021 based on valuation report of an external independent valuer. Valuation of stores and spares has been carried out on the basis of following key assumptions:
  - For spares of general plant and machinery scrap value is considered as per the expert valuation report. For spares related to specialised plant and machinery NIL value has been considered.
- 4) Other assets have been recognised at current realizable value as per the Management's current estimate and loss allowance has been recognised during the year aggregating Rs.10,620 ('000) (Previous year: Rs.1,580 ('000)).
- Liabilities have been recognised to the extent there is a present obligation at the reporting date. Also refer note 12(d).
- 6) As at March 31, 2022, the Company is committed to dispose-off the assets and in view of LOIs to the successful bidders, as explained in note 33(b) above, the Company expects to recover the carrying value principally through a highly probable sale transaction within one year. Accordingly, in accordance with Ind AS 105, "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", certain non-current assets aggregating to Rs. 67,241('000) have been classified as 'Held for Sale' as at March 31, 2022. Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale amounts to Rs 99 ('000) which is in relation to lease liability for leasehold land. Refer Note 11.
  - Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Further, as per the LOI, completion of sale of Disposal Group of assets is subject to execution of definitive documents upon receipt of UPSIDA approval for transfer of the leasehold.
- (ii) Future course of action, during the voluntary liquidation process, being adopted for realisation of the Company's assets and settlement of its liabilities, might affect the classification and measurement of carrying values of assets and liabilities of the Company. Further adjustment, if any, will be made upon finalization of future course of action for realization of the Company's assets and settlement of its liabilities.

#### Note 34:

During the Financial Year 2018-19, responding to the Company's application to District Magistrate for issue of no objection certificate ("NOC") for its proposed LPG project at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh, the Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Authority ("UPSIDA", earlier UPSIDC) had asked the Company to submit its approved building maps and certain information relating to change in shareholding of the Company / its promoters since execution of the agreement with UPSIDA in the year 1989. Accordingly, on April 25, 2019 the Company had sent a letter to UPSIDA giving them necessary information regarding approved maps and the shareholding pattern of the Company as of March 31, 2019.

Consequently, a letter dated July 18, 2019 was received from UPSIDA asking the Company to submit certain information and documents to evaluate the quantum of transfer charges payable pursuant to change of the controlling interest in the Company by the promoters. The Company had submitted relevant documents and clarifications to UPSIDA in this regard. The Company had further submitted a request letter to UPSIDA to withdraw the letter dated July 18, 2019 and not to levy any transfer fee on the Company.

#### (All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

The Company had, however, received a letter dated July 1, 2020 from UPSIDA for approval of the change in Shareholding and Directors subject to payment of transfer levy of Rs. 80,900 ('000) and the approval shall be subject to certain terms and conditions such as 'restriction on transfer of controlling interest for 5 years, execution of fresh lease deed with the Company, revision of lease rent to Rs. 682 ('000) per annum during the next 30 years and thereafter, and a further revision of lease rent to Rs. 1,364 ('000) per annum during the next 30 years. UPSIDA had also sought an approved building plan regarding the Company's application for granting the NOC for the installation of proposed LPG project.

However, the Company feels that the above conditions levied are without any basis and are based on mistaken understanding of the facts submitted by the Company. The Company had, therefore, replied to UPSIDA vide letter dated July 8, 2020 with a request to provide rationale / reason for imposing transfer levy and terms and conditions thereof. The Company further stated that there is no change in controlling interest and accordingly transfer levy and other terms of this letter are not applicable to the Company. The Company had also requested UPSIDA to give an opportunity to present the case in person before the concerned UPSIDA officials once the pandemic situation has been brought under control.

In response to the Company's letter dated July 8, 2020, UPSIDA sent a letter dated July 24, 2020 to the Company and partially replied to the queries of the Company. In response to the UPSIDA letter, the Company had submitted a letter dated August 31, 2020 and mentioned that the Offer Letter is clearly incomplete as it does not provide any rationale/ reasoning for the additional levies imposed. The Company had further mentioned in its response that the conditions levied in UPSIDA offer letter are absolutely ill-founded, without any basis and not at all applicable under present circumstances. The Company had requested UPSIDA to cancel the imposition of Transfer Levy on the Company.

On December 24, 2020, the Company had deposited a sum of Rs. 86,610 ('000) (including interest of Rs. 5,710 ('000) to UPSIDA under protest which had been expensed off in the books of accounts during the year ended March 31, 2021 under the note 21 "Other Expenses" as "Transfer Levy" to the extent of Rs. 80,900 ('000) and under "Finance costs" as interest on Transfer Levy to the extent of Rs. 5,710 ('000) towards Transfer Levy and interest respectively. The Company vide letter dated December 24, 2020 intimated UPSIDA regarding payment of Transfer Levy under protest and again reiterated that while the Transfer Levy and any interest on the said amount are not payable, however, as a law-abiding organization, the Company had decided to remit the Transfer Levy and the interest amount 'Under Protest' and without prejudice to the Company's right under applicable laws and contract with UPSIDA. Further, the Company reserved its right to initiate appropriate steps for seeking and obtaining refund of all amounts from UPSIDA.

The Company in the said letter reiterated its position and mentioned that there is no alteration of legal and factual position of tenancy of the Company with UPSIDA and hence, the new lease deed is not required to be executed by the Company in terms of aforementioned UPSIDA's letter dated July 1, 2020 and that the conditions levied in UPSIDA offer letter are absolutely ill-founded, without any basis and not at all applicable under present circumstances.

During the year that ended March 31, 2021, the Company has preferred a Writ Petition against UPSIDA titled "Insilco Limited v. State of U.P and Anr." being Writ Petition No. 9669 of 2021, before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad ("Hon'ble High Court") for quashing/ setting aside the Impugned letters dated July 1, 2020, July 24, 2020 and December 22, 2020 issued by UPSIDA, ("Writ Petition") through which UPSIDA has imposed the various conditions on the Company with respect to Transfer Levy, Maintenance Charges, increase in lease rent, execution of a fresh lease deed which will entail additional liability towards stamp duty & registration charges on the Company, revision of lease rent and restriction on the Company from transferring controlling interest for a period of 5 (Five) years from July 1, 2020. The Writ Petition is pending disposal.

The Company's legal counsels have advised that the Company has a good case, however, they are not in a position to comment on the likely outcome of the proceedings currently pending before the Hon'ble High Court, since the matter is sub-judice. The matter last came up for hearing on November 15, 2021 before the Hon'ble High Court. UPSIDA is yet to file its response to the said writ petition. The matter was adjourned, and no next date of hearing has been notified by the Hon'ble High Court as on date.

Further adjustments, if any, will be made upon final resolution of the matter.

#### Note 35:

During the previous year, the Board approved two Voluntary Retirement Schemes, Voluntary Retirement Scheme 2020 ("VRS 2020") and Voluntary Retirement Schemes 2021 ("VRS 2021") for the Company's employees. Employee expenses for the year ended March 31, 2022 Rs Nil [March 31, 2021 Rs.167,338 ('000)] towards Voluntary Retirement Scheme compensation.

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### Note 36:

The Company is in receipt of a communication dated July 7, 2021 from the office of Deputy Labour Commissioner/ Assistant Labour Commissioner ("DLC/ALC") Moradabad signed by the ALC, on July 14, 2021 and July 16, 2021 issued under the provisions of the UP Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and UP Industrial Dispute Rules, 1957. We understand that 37 (Thirty-Seven) ex-employees of Company had filed applications before the office of the DLC / ALC seeking their reinstatement in the Company along with certain other reliefs from the Company. The ex-employees in their applications before the office of the DLC/ALC have alleged that their services were illegally terminated by paying the voluntary retirement scheme ("VRS") and that the VRS was not specifically asked for by the employees. The nature of the complaints made by, and the reliefs sought by, all employees are similar. On behalf of the official liquidator (representing the Company), the local counsel, Mr. Anil Sharma had appeared before the ALC. It may be noted that out of the 37 (thirty-seven) employees, one employee had withdrawn his complaint. It may be further noted that the Company sent its written submissions to the ALC via registered post on November 1, 2021. The local counsel has informed that these written submissions were officially taken on record in the hearing that took place on March 15, 2022. The submissions that the Company had filed, brought on record the facts of the case and the lack of merits in the complaints. The local counsel has informed us that the proceedings before the ALC have now concluded as failed. In this regard, the local counsel has provided the Company with a noting dated March 18, 2022, issued by the ALC ("Noting"), which is in Hindi language, and he has confirmed that the Noting records that the conciliation proceedings have concluded as failed.

Note: The matter is now pending for further adjudication before the DLC (as informed by the local counsel), who is authorized to decide whether a reference should be made to the Labour Court for further adjudication.

B. A suit numbered O.S. No. 449 of 2021 had been registered on September 13, 2021 ("Suit") before the Ld. Civil Judge (Senior Division) Amroha District Court ("Ld. Court"), instituted by 36 (thirty-six) former employees of the Company praying for a permanent injunction on the alienation of the machinery at the Insilco factory at Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh and revocation of the VRS offered to the employees. The suit has been registered by the Ld. Court and the Company had been directed to file its written statement in the suit vide order dated September 13, 2021.

Vide order of the same date, the Ld. Court refused to grant ex parte ad interim injunction in favour of the Plaintiffs on the ground that it is an employer-employee dispute and it would not be appropriate to grant such relief without hearing the Company. Accordingly, notice was issued to the Company in respect of the application.

Vide order of the same date, the Ld. Court appointed Court Commissioners to compile a report on and prepare a map of the factory of the Company to clarify the position relating to the machinery. The duly appointed Court Commissioners visited the premises of the factory of the Company on October 7, 2021. They are yet to file their report with the Ld. Court.

The Company has, through its Local Advocate, filed a Written Statement to the suit, reply to the Application for temporary injunction and other miscellaneous applications under Order VII Rule 11 read with Section 151 of the Code of Civil Procedure ("CPC") for rejection of the plaint owing to lack of cause of action against the Company and under Order I Rule 10 read with Section 151 of the CPC for substitution of the Defendant i.e. Manager, M/s Insilco Ltd with "The Liquidator, M/s Insilco Ltd" and also deletion of certain Defendants.

The Court Commissioners filed their report with the Ld. Court on April 11, 2022, which stated that the summons was duly served on the representatives of the Company present at the factory in Gajraula, but they were informed that the factory was not operational since October 26, 2019 due to the orders of the Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board. The report also notes that there is no evidence of any tampering with the machinery at the factory, while making a note of the general area of the factory and its surroundings.

In addition, the Plaintiffs in the Suit have filed a replication (response) to the Written Statement filed by the Company, as well as replies to the applications filed by the Company. The matter is presently sub-judice before the Ld. Civil Judge (Senior Division) Amroha District Court, and the next hearing is scheduled for July 11, 2022.

As these matters are sub-judice, the Company is not in a position to comment on the possible outcome of these matters.

#### Note 37:

During the quarter ended June 30, 2021, Mr. Vinod Paremal had been appointed as the Managing Director of the Company by the members in their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on June 25, 2021, which is subject to the approval by the Central Government. The Company has made an application to Central Government, for approval of his appointment as the Managing Director of the Company, which is pending disposal.

#### Note 38:

Due to COVID-19 pandemic there is no major impact on the business of the Company as the plant operations had already been suspended since October 26, 2019 due to refusal of Consent to Operate by UP Pollution Control Board (UPPCB). The Company does not have any outstanding debt or other financing agreements. The Company has adequate digitized systems which ensured smooth internal financial reporting and control in this situation.

S. No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	% Variance	Reason for variance
1	Current ratio (times)	Current asset	Current Liabilites	1.60	2.87	44.0%	Increase in current liabilities mainly due to Advance towards sale consideration of assets which partly offset by increase in current assets mainly on account of increase bank balances due to receipt of advance reduced by utilisation and classification of certain assets as held of sale.
2	Debt-Equity ratio (times)	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity(Equity share capital + Reserve and Surplus)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	The Company does not have any borrowings and hence, this ratio is not applicable.
3	Debt Service Coverage ratio(times)	Earnings available for debt service (Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets, impairment loss)	Debt Service (Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments)	(962.53)	(4,043.39)	76.2%	Refer Note 1 below
4	Return on Equity ratio (%)	Net Profits after taxes-Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity (Average of Opening and Closing Equity share capital + Reserve and Surplus)	-49.1%	-103.8%	52.7%	Refer Note 1 below
5	Inventory Turnover ratio (times)	COGS	Average Inventory (Average of Opening + Closing balance of inventory)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Refer Note 2 below
6	Receivables Turnover ratio (times)	Net credit sales	Average accounts receivable (Average of Opening + Closing balance of trade receivable)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Refer Note 2 below
7	Payables Turnover ratio (times)	Net credit purchases	Average Trade Payable (Average of Opening + Closing balance of trade payable)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Refer Note 2 below
8	Net Capital Turnover ratio (times)	Net Sales (Total sales minus sales returns)	Working capital (Current assets minus current liabilities)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Refer Note 2 below
9	Net Profit ratio (%)	Net profit after tax	Net Sales (Total sales minus sales returns)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Refer Note 2 below
10	Return on Capital Employed (%)	Earnings before interest and Tax (EBIT)	Capital employed (Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability)	-65.6%	-210.9%	68.9%	Refer Note 1 below
11	Return on Investment (%)	Earnings before interest and Tax (EBIT)	Average Total Assets(Average of Opening + Closing balance of	-26.7%	-90.4%	70.5%	Refer Note 1 below

Note 1 - Since the Company is under voluntary liquidation, there is reduction in various cost/charges in the current year as compared to previous year. This has resulted in lower loss during the current year, resulting in change in the ratios.

Note 2 - The Company has stopped its operations and hence, this ratio is not applicable.

total asset)

#### Note 40:

#### Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

#### Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company did not have any borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Further, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

#### (iii) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

#### (iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

#### (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

#### (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

#### (viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

#### (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

#### (x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year. Further, the Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets.

#### (xi) Corporate social responsibility expenditure

The Company is not required to spend corporate social responsibility expenditure during the year.

#### b) Other regulatory information

#### (i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in note 3(a), 4 and 11 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the company.

#### (ii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

#### (iii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The Company has not obtained any borrowings from banks and financial institutions during the year.

#### INSILCO LIMITED

Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

(All amounts "Rs. in '000" unless otherwise stated)

#### (iv) Cash loss

The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 106,333 ('000) in the financial year and of Rs 414,715 ('000) in the immediately preceding financial year. Cash loss is computed after adjusting Depreciation and amortisation expense and Impairment loss on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets from Loss after tax.

#### Note 41:

Pursuant to amendment in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its notification dated March 24, 2021, the comparative figures as disclosed in these financial statements have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to current period figures.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No.: 304026E/E-300009

Sd/-

Charan S. Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 093044

Place: Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Insilco Limited (Under Liquidation)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sonia Prashar
Director
DIN: 06477222
Place: New Delhi
Premal Narayanan Vinod
Managing Director
DIN: 08803466
Place: Mumbai

Sd/- Sd/-

Rajeev Agarwal Geetika Varshney
Chief Financial officer Company Secretary
Place: Noida Place: Palwal

Sd/-

Chandra Prakash

Liquidator of Insilco Limited[Registration no. IBBI/IPA-002/

IP-N00660/2018-2019/12023]

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 30, 2022

### INSILCO LIMITED (Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

## INSILCO LIMITED (Under Voluntary Liquidation w.e.f. 25.06.2021)

A-5, UPSIDC Industrial Area, Bhartiagram, Gajraula - 244223, Uttar Pradesh, India